The New-York Times.

VOL. VIII—NO. 2383.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, MAY 10, 1859.

PRICE TWO CENTS

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

The Anglo-Saxon at Quebec and the Adelaide at St. Johns.

COMMENCEMENT OF HOSTILITIES

Reported Passage of 120,000 Austrians Across the Ticino.

The French Troops Pouring into Piedmont.

Universal Movement of Troops Toward the Seat of War.

RUSSIA IN ALLIANCE WITH FRANCE.

Declaration of Tuscany Against Austria.

PRUSSIA DECLINES TO SUPPORT AUSTRIA.

Important Discussion in the French Chambers.

France Wants a Loan of Five Millions.

The Emperor Takes the Field in Person.

A BRITISH FLEET GOES TO THE ADRIATIC.

CONSOLS FALLEN TO 89.

Advance in the Bank of England's Rate of Discount.

Decline in Cotton—Rise in Breadstuffs and Provisions.

THE NEWS BY THE ANGLO-SAXON.

QUEBEC, Monday, May 9, 1859.

The Canadian screw steamship *Anglo-Saxon*, from Liverpool April 27, arrived at this port at an early hour this morning.

The steamships *Kangaroo* and *Alps*, from New-York, arrived at Liverpool April 23, and the *Persia*, from New-York, and the *Nova Scotian*, from Portland, on the 24th.

The steamship *Kangaroo* was appointed to sail about an hour later than the *Anglo-Saxon* for New-York.

The R. M. steamship *Persia*, from New-York, arrived at Liverpool at 1 P. M. of the 24th, and the *Nova Scotian*, from Portland, at 6 o'clock the same evening.

THE WAR CRISIS.

War Momentarily Expected—An Alliance Between Russia and France—French Troops in Piedmont—Ardor of Military Preparations—Interesting Debate in the French Legislative Body, &c., &c.

The crisis in Europe continues, but as yet there has been no declaration of war.

War was momentarily expected, although it was rumored that Austria had given Sardinia fourteen days longer in which to consider her demand.

The three days allowed by Austria to Sardinia expired on the 26th ult., but nothing definite is known as to the reply given by the latter Power. A rumor was current that Austria had extended the time for consideration to fourteen days, and that she had acceded to the final mediation of the English Government. Those reports caused a rally on the stock exchanges on the 26th, which were in a most excited state.

A special meeting of the French Corps Legislatif took place on the 26th, for the purpose of receiving a communication from the Government. Count WALEWSKI read to the Chambers an exposition of the negotiations which had taken place, and then went on to say, that if the Emperor made war it was because he had been constrained to do so by the aggressive conduct of Austria. Every possible consideration had been used by France.

Count DE MORNY, President of the Corps Legislatif, expressed the hope that the war would be limited to Italy.

M. BAROCHE presented a project for a loan of five hundred millions of francs, and for raising the contingent of 1858 to 140,000 men.

The London Paris correspondents telegraphed on the 26th, that the Austrians were to enter Piedmont that day in three divisions, one by Pavia, and one by Margenta. The Piedmontese were to defend themselves at Sesia, and there wait for the French.

A despatch from Turin says that the King and Chambers were to attend a ceremony at the cathedral on the 27th, and that immediately afterwards the King and staff would depart for Alessandria.

The *Opinione*, of Turin, announces that the ultimatum of Austria was presented to the Sardinian Government on the evening of the 23d of April.

The official Vienna *Gazette* publishes a communication which calls on Piedmont to reduce her army to a peace footing, to disband her volunteers, and within three days to give a positive answer to these requirements. In conclusion, it emphatically threatens a resort to arms in the unfortunate event of Piedmont not acceding to Austria's demands.

The French Legation at Vienna has received orders to quit the Austrian capital as soon as the Austrian army crosses the Ticino.

The Paris *Moniteur*, in announcing the action of the Austrian Government towards Sardinia, and the fact that England and Russia had promptly protested against it, gives the following official information as to the disposition of the various commands of the French army: Marshal MAGNAN remains commander of the army of Paris; the Duke DE MALAKOFF becomes Commander-in-Chief of the army of Observation, the head-quarters of which are to be at Nancy; General CASTELLANE is to be Commander-in-Chief of the army of Lyons; BARAGUAY D'HILLIERS is to be commander of the First Corps d'armee of the Alps, General MCMAHON of the Second; Marshal CANROBERT of the Third, and General NIEL of the Fourth. Prince NAPOLEON will command the Corp of Pioneers, and General RANDON is appointed Major-General of the army of the Alps.

M. DE PERSIGNY and LETHONVEND were each spoken of as likely to succeed the Duke DE MALAKOFF in London.

The Sardinian Chamber of Deputies, on the 23d, adopted, after discussion, a project of law, investing the Government with all executive and legislative powers, by a vote of 110 against 24. The vote was greeted with loud cheering. The Chambers subsequently, in special session, invested the King with the power of Dictator.

VICTOR EMANUEL, it is positively said, will command the Sardinian army, with General LA MARMORA immediately under him.

Austrian correspondence says that the Prussian cabinet had received previous information of the intention of Austria to deliver an ultimatum, and that therefore the continued and faithful union of Austria is still to be hoped for.

An article in the semi-official Prussian *Gazette*, however, says that the action of Austria was a complete surprise to the Prussian Government. It is now stated that the mission to Berlin of the Archduke [illegible], of Austria, was a failure, his object having been to secure the coöperation of Prussia in the ultimatum to Sardinia, which coöperation was positively refused.

General NIEL left Paris on the 26th, to take command of the corps d'armee allotted to him.

The *Patrie* says the Emperor and Prince NAPOLEON will leave on Wednesday evening, the 27th, to join the army. The aides-de-camp who will accompany them have already been appointed.

Troops, intended to commence the formation of a camp of 4000 men, had arrived at Toulon.

The Regiments which had quitted Paris, were most enthusiastically cheered by the people as they departed.

Marshal CANROBERT had gone to assume the command allotted him.

The Imperial Guard had been placed on a war footing.

The French Minister of Marine is said to have sent orders to all the seaports in France to prevent the departure of any more boats for deep sea fishing, and as a measure of urgency to enlist their crews for the service of the Imperial Navy.

Latest War News by Telegraph.

An alliance between France and Russia is announced. A treaty, offensive and defensive, was concluded by them on the 22d of April, and according to it, Russia is to make her first mobilization of four *corps d'armée*, two of which are to be advanced towards Austrian and two towards Prussian frontiers.

The London *Times*, of the 27th, remarks that the alliance is most startling. Although it has been so often hinted at, this event on this avowal has changed in a moment the whole aspect of affairs. We now understand the proposition of a Congress which opportunely interrupted Lord COWLEY's mediation.

The London *Post* asserts that the policy of the English Cabinet forced France into the arms of Russia, and compelled an alliance which cannot be regarded without sincere apprehension.

The London *Herald* of the 27th is enabled to state that the Government received, on the 26th, an official intimation of the acceptance, by Austria, of the mediation proposed by England.

A despatch from Vienna asserts on creditable authority that French troops had already violated neutral territory, and it was also announced that French forces had arrived at Genoa, and entered Sardinian territory. The passage of the Ticino by the Austrians was hourly expected.

The German Diet had decided to keep the principal Federal contingents ready to march, and to arm the federal foot soldiers.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Parliament was formally dissolved by proclamation on the 23d ult. The new Parliament was summoned for the 31st of May. The election would commence in a day or two.

The British channel fleet had sailed with sealed orders, and it was inferred that they were bound for the Adriatic.

The London Exchange and Paris Bourse were greatly excited, and violent fluctuations took place. The French Threes closed at 62f. 90c.

Lord JOHN RUSSELL, in addressing a meeting of electors in London, made special reference to the Italian question. He said he felt certain that England's only safe course was to keep honestly and strictly neutral. He protested against the predilection for Austria evinced by Lord DERBY and Mr. DISRAELI.

At the usual Easter banquet given by the Lord Mayor of London, the Earl of DERBY was a guest, and in his speech adverted to the War question. He said the Cabinet had not known for twelve hours the course which Austria had determined upon taking before they instructed their Ambassador, emphatically and formally, to protest in the name of England against a step which he characterized as precipitate and criminal. He then proceeded to state that on that very day (the 25th) the English Government had attempted yet another last measure in the interest of peace. They had just dispatched to Vienna and to Paris a joint representation offering to take up, on the part of England alone, mediation at the point at which it was left off by Lord COWLEY, and to endeavor to arrange the difficulties, subject to one of these two conditions, either on the immediate, absolute, and simultaneous disarmanent of the three Powers, or the consent on the part of all, pending the result of the mediation, to retain their armies precisely in their present condition, and to maintain a position, if not of peace, at all events of inaction. He concluded by repudiating the idea that he had any wish to side with either of the belligerents, and advocating a strict armed neutrality.

Sir JOHN PAKINGTON, in his speech, said if war should arise in Europe, it will be found that in the Mediterranean and in the English Channel there will be squadrons powerful enough to uphold the dignity and to protect the interests of England.

The London *Post*, of Wednesday, says that the whole militia of the United Kingdom would be embodied forthwith.

THE PANIC ON 'CHANGE.

The 23d was nominally a holiday on the London Exchange, but a good deal of business was unofficially transacted. Much depression prevailed, and consols exhibited a decline of 1 per cent.

On the 25th the war panic made further progress. Much excitement prevailed, and consols fell to 93@93¾, being a further decline of about ¾ ℔ cent.

On the 26th, sudden and extensive fluctuations occurred, and an extraordinary degree of excitement was manifested. The fall received a decided check, owing to the report of Austria having agreed to suspend her threatened attack for fourteen days, and there was a sudden rebound of 1¼ per cent., but about half of this was subsequently lost, and the closing quotations were 93¾ to 93⅞. There was afterwards another rally, and the final price was 94¼.

The demand for money was increasing. The Bank of England was expected soon to raise the rate of discount.

The Continental Bourses were all, of course, much excited. At Amsterdam on the 26th there was an extraordinary fall of about 6 per cent. in Austrian Metalliques.

In the Paris Bourse, on the 23d, there was considerable fluctuation, and the Three per Cents. closed at 64f. 90c. On the 25th there was great depression, and the closing rates showed a fall of 2 per cent. On the 26th the excitement continued, and early in the day there was an advance of more than ½ ℔ cent., but a relapse occurred, and the market closed at the figures of the previous day, 62f. 90c.

FRANCE.

The question of the Regency has been agitated, and the Prince JEROME and the Empress have been spoken of.

Flour in France had advanced f.2 per sack, and Wheat was firm, but without sensible rise.

The Provincial Corn Market generally exhibited an advance.

GERMANY.

In the Diet at Frankfort, on the 23d, the proposal of Prussia to keep the principal Federal contingents in readiness, and to take all necessary steps for arming the Federal fortresses, was agreed to.

NAPLES.

Disturbances had taken place at Palermo, followed by numerous arrests.

RUSSIA.

According to the new Russian *Gazette*, the Russian Government had taken a resolution to place the *corps d'armée* of General LUDERS on a war footing.

The Cabinet of St. Petersburgh had declared its intention not to advance so long as Germany also refrains from doing so. Otherwise a corps of observation would be placed on the Austrian frontier.

INDIA.

The Calcutta mail of the 22d March had reached London. The Begum and the Nana had gone down to the Nepaul frontier with 8,000 men.

Another attempt to produce a mutiny among the Sikh troops had been discovered at Lahore.

The Calcutta import market was active and higher, owing to the increase in duties. Money was easy. Exchange 2s. 1d. for Bank bills. Freights better.

CHINA.

The China mail with dates from Hong Kong, March 12, had arrived.

Lord ELGIN had sailed for England.

It was asserted that the Court of Pekin still opposed the admission of an English ambassador. At Hong Kong Exchange was quoted 4s. 8d. Imports were very active at advanced prices at Shanghae. Tea was firm and Silk was dearer. Exchange 6s. ½d.@6s. 3d.

THE NEWS BY THE ADELAIDE.

[By the Newfoundland and American Telegraph Company's Lines, Office No. 21 Wall-street.]

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Monday, May 9.

The steamship *Adelaide*, from Galway 30th ult., arrived at this port at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The news by this arrival is of the highest interest and importance. Hostilities had all but commenced in Italy.

The steamship *Hammonia*, from New-York, arrived at Southampton on the 29th ult., *en route* to Hamburg.

The Austrians, 120,000 strong, are said to have crossed the Ticino, but the report had not been officially confirmed.

There had been no actual conflicts as yet.

The French troops were pouring into Piedmont.

Tuscany had joined France and Piedmont.

The French-Russian alliance was denied, but the *Times* had published the provisions of the treaty, causing a great panic on the London Stock Exchange. Consols at once went down to 88. About forty failures had taken place among the stock operators.

THE WAR CRISIS.

It was telegraphed from various sources that during the night of the 26th, 100,000 men, under the Commander-intChief, General GYULAI, crossed the Ticino, in three corps d'armee, and took the road towards Novara, and that they afterwards blew up the Bridge of Buffiera. This news lacked official confirmation, and some doubts were thrown on it.

It was also reported that Austria had accepted the proffered mediation of England and postponed the declaration of war.

France had not accepted England's offer of mediation, but was said to be considering it.

The Paris *Constitutionel* and *Daily News* deny the reported alliance between France and Russia. The latter says that the document signed is a mere convention. The *Times* professes to give the provisions of the treaty, and draws the most threatening consequences from them regarding the alliance as a menace to England, inasmuch as Russia guarantees the services of her fleet in the Medstarranean and the Baltic in addition to the army observation on the Austrian frontiers.

The King of Sardinia had issued inspiriting proclamations to the army, saying he regarded Austria's *ultimatum* as an insult and rejected it with disdain.

The French troops were landing at Genoa in large numbers. They were most enthusiastically received.

The King of Sardinia had gone to join the army at Alessandria.

The Tuscan army had called on the Grand Duke to join France and Piedmont, and declare war against Austria. He declined and fled, and Tuscany had declared in favor of a military dictatorship.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Warlike preparations were going forward rapidly in England. At Woolwich there was great activity. The Government had chartered CUNARD's screw steamer *Etna* and a number of other vessels to convey troops and ammunition to the Mediterranean.

There were rumors of a proclamation, calling for 10,000 men for the navy.

War premiums were being generally demanded at Lloyds.

The Parliamentary elections had commenced, an were progressing quietly.

There was a great panic in London, and Consols fluctuated excessively.

FRANCE.

The most active military movements prevailed throughout France.

Eighty thousand French troops were expected to be in Italy by the day the *Adelaide* sailed.

It was reported that Denmark had concluded a treaty offensive and defensive with France.

The Paris Bourse was considerably excited, but less so than the London Stock Exchange. The three per centes declined 1 ℔ cent. on the 27th, but recovered a half on tho 28th, closing at 62f. 70c.

Very Latest by Telegraph from London to Galway.

LONDON, Saturday, April 30.

The report that the Austrians crossed the Ticino on the 26th is incorrect. They received orders to do so, but these being countermanded they remained on the east bank. It is asserted, however, that subsequently the advanced posts crossed, and that the main army would do so on the 29th.

The Austrian official journal contains an imperial manifesto explaining the necessity of a war with Sardinia, and authoritively denies that there is a secret treaty between France and Russia.

The ship *Pama*, (supposed to be the *Pomona*,) from New-York for Liverpool, was wrecked off Wexford on the 18th. The crew and three passengers, whose names are not known, were saved. There were over 400 persons on board. The number of lives lost is as yet unknown.

THE VERY LATEST.

LONDON, Saturday noon.

The Austrian manifesto is considered as tantamount to a declaration of war.

PARIS, Saturday.

The Austrians have crossed the Ticino and hostilities have commenced. This is official.

Sailing of tee Adelaide.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Monday, April 9.

The steamship *Adelaide* sails from here at 3 o'clock in the morning for New-York, where she will be due about Saturday afternoon.

The Kangaroo passed Cape Race.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Monday, May 9—A. M.

A three-masted steamer passed Cape Race, close in, on Saturday noon. She evidently wanted to leave her news, but the arrangements for obtaining news there not having been completed, it could not be landed. They will probably be in good working order in a week from this date.

The steamer was undoubtedly the *Kangaroo*, from Liverpool 27th ult., and she will be due at New-York by Wednesday morning.

Nothing has been seen of the *Persia*, which should have been in the neighborhood of the Cape on Saturday, and she has probably passed in the night.

The *Adelaide*, from Galway, 30th April, is fully due, but had not arrived up to this forenoon.

Commercial Intelligence per Anglo-Saxon.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

The sales of the two days, Monday and Tuesday, were 9,000 bales, of which 2,000 were on speculation and for export. The market closed dull and easier, and some authorities quote a partial decline of ⅛d. CLARE & SONS quote Orleans Middling, 7¼d.; Upland Middling, 6⅞d.

STATE OF TRADE.

The advices from Manchester are unfavorable. There was but little inquiry for goods, and prices were weak, with a slight decline in some cases.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

There had been a considerable advance in Breadstuffs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. report FLOUR buoyant at an advance of 6d.@9d., and quote American at 10s.@13s. WHEAT also buoyant at an advance of 6d.; Western Red, 7s.@9s. 9d.; do. White, 9s.@10s. 6d.; Southern White, 10s.@12s. CORN buoyant and advanced 2d.@3d.; Yellow, 6s. 3d.@6s. 5d.; White, 7s. 5d.@7s. 7d.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

BEEF was buoyant and in large speculative demand at an advance of 5s. PORK also buoyant at an advance of 2s. 6d.@5s.; good American was quoted at 80s. BACON firm. LARD quiet at 55s. for Prime, and 60s. for Extra. TALLOW advanced 1s.; Butchers' selling at 56s. 6d.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

ASHES firm; Pots, 31s.@31s. 6d.; Pearls, 31s. 6d. ROSIN dull, at 4s. for Common. SUGAR steady. COFFEE firm. RICE firm. SPIRITS TURPENTINE firm, at 43s.

LONDON MARKETS.

WHEAT had advanced 1s.@3s. SUGAR steady. COFFEE quiet. RICE firm. TALLOW 56s. 6d. Linseed Oil 28s. 6d.

LATEST.

LIVERPOOL, Wednesday—P. M.

COTTON irregular with a slight decline on all qualities.

RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. quote WHEAT buoyant, and holders demanding a further advance of 3d.@4d. PROVISIONS steady at the advance.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

The demand for money continued quite active, and the market was quite stringent. It was expected that the Bank would advance its rate of discount. CONSOLS closed on Tuesday at 94¼ for money and account. They had touched as low as 92½.

LATEST.

LONDON, Wednesday.—A panic had been created in the money market by the announcement of the Russo French alliance, and CONSOLS suddenly fell to 91¾@92, both money and account.

Commercial Intelligence per Adelaide.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

The *Brokers' Circular* reports the sales of the week in the Liverpool Cotton market at 30,000 bales, of which 600 were on speculation and 2,500 for export. All qualities had declined ⅛d.@⅜d., and quotations were irregular, owing entirely to the continental dis quiet. The sales of Friday were 4.000 bales, the market closing quietly. The following are the authorized quotations:

Fair Orleans	7⅞d.	Middling Orleans	6⅞d.
Fair Mobiles	7⅝d.	Middling Mobiles	6¾d.
Fair Uplands	7¼d.	Middling Uplands	6⅝d.

The stock in port was estimated at 421,000 bales, of which 351,000 were American.

STATE OF TRADE.

The advices from Manchester continue unfavorable. All kinds of goods had slightly declined in price, and business was almost suspended.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

The Bank of England has raised its rate of discount to 3½ ℔ cent.

Consols had largely declined under the warlike news from the Continent, and were quoted at the close on Friday at 89@89¼, for both money and account.

HAVRE MARKET.

The Havre COTTON market was dull, and prices nominal. New-Orleans *tres ordinaire* was quoted 106f., and ditto *bas* 101f. The sales of the week were 5,000 bales. The stock in port was 131,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

In the Liverpool market Breadstuffs of all kinds had considerably advanced, and the tendency was still upward.

Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. quote FLOUR buoyant and 1s. higher since Tuesday, and 1s. 6d. higher on the week; the quotations are 11s.@14s. WHEAT buoyant, with a large speculative inquiry, and 9d.@1s. higher than on Tuesday, and 1s. 6d. higher on the week; Western red, 7s. 10d.@10s. 9d.; do. White, 10s.@12s; Southern White, 10s. 9d.@13s. 6d. CORN buoyant and advanced 6d. since Tuesday: Mixed, 6s. 8d.@6s. 9d.; Yellow; 6s. 9d.@7s.; White, 7s. 7d.@8s. The market generally was quieter at the close.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

In the Liverpool market PROVISIONS were slightly higher, with a still advancing tendency. BEEF buoyant, with a large speculative inquiry and a considerable advance on all qualities. PORK also buoyant, and in large speculative inquiry, at considerably higher prices. BACON quiet, but holders ask an advance of 1s @2s. LARD quiet, at 58s.@60s. for prime, and 60s. @62s. for extra. TALLOW had been in active demand for speculative purpose, and advanced to 60s., but closed quiet.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

The Brokers' Circular reports ASHES firm; Pots slightly higher; sales at 30s. 6d.@31s. 6d.; Pearls 32s. SUGAR heavy, and all grades slightly lower. COFFEE steady. RICE firm, and in large speculative inquiry, at an advance of 6d.@1s. TEA in but little inquiry, and prices weak. QUERCITRON BARK had slightly advanced. SALTPETRE was 2s.@3s. higher. PALM OIL was considerably higher. FISH OILS unchanged; Sperm, £95. RESIN firm, and slightly advanced; Common, 4s.@4s. 2d. SPIRITS TURPENTINE firm; sales at 42s. 6d.@43s. 6d., and 44s. demanded at the close.

LONDON MARKETS.

There had been great activity in the London market for Tallow, Rice, Saltpetre, &c., at a considerable advance in rates. The Colonial Produce market was depressed.

BARING's Circular quotes WHEAT advanced 5s.@8s.; FLOUR also considerably higher. IRON dull. SUGAR heavy.

LONDON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, April 30—P. M.

The sales of Cotton to-day have been 4,000 bales. Quotations of Friday are barely maintained.

Flour is buoyant.

Wheat also buoyant, at extreme rates.

Corn buoyant, and advanced 1s. 6d. since yesterday for all qualities.

Provisions have also an advancing tendency.

LONDON, Saturday, April 30—Noon.

Consuls are quoted at 89.

Amusements.

NIBLO'S THEATRE.—A capital revival of the once famous drama of "Rob Roy" was effected here last night under the direction of Mr. EDDY. The jargon of the Scottish lower classes has become almost obsolete since the days of Sir WALTER SCOTT, and it is not easy to re-familiarize the ear with it—nor is it desirable. We regard it as a decided advantage, therefore, that the actors last night did not give us a strong realization of the snorting accents of Scotia. They were, to be sure, frequently unintelligible, but not so cruelly and elaborately so, as they would have been had they consulted the local and lingual breadth of the land o' cakes. Except for the effort that broken English necessarily involved, the acting was good, and quite up to the conventional standard of melodrama. An attractive feature was the vocalization of Miss LUCY ESCOTT and Mr. D. MIRANDA. The scenery is fine, and the whole affair creditable to an active and painstaking management.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—One of the best plays that Mr. PLANCHE ever wrote, or procured, is "Charles XII." It is filled with pleasant situations—some of them strong enough to be exciting—and replete with neat dramatic dialogue. This piece was produced last night at Mr. WALLACK's cosy little establishment, and introduced the manager in his famous character of *Adam Brock*. The part suits the actor so completely that the fictitious individuality is more apparent than the personal one—a compliment which we cannot always pay Mr. WALLACK or any other distinguished actor. Mr. BROUGHAM, as the *King*, was well fitted, and played splendidly. The same may be said of Mr. DYOTT, who once or twice last evening lost some of the hardness which usually characterizes his performance. Miss GANNON was of course good as *Eudiga*—that sprightly actress was never known to be bad in anything. The drama was quite successful, and will undoubtedly bear repetition.

CONCERT.—Mr. VAN BREUNING's Musical *soirée* takes place to-night, at CHICKERING's rooms, No. 694 Broadway. The programme contains some excellent *morceaux* for the piano, (Mr. VAN BREUNING's specialty,) a duo, and a quartette. Mr. COOKE, the tenor, also contributes his valuable services.

No Verdict in the Case of James Glass.

The Jury in the case of James Glass, which has now been out eighty-nine hours, came into Court yesterday morning, and stated that they had not agreed upon a verdict, whereupon Judge DAVIES delivered to them the rebuke of the Court in the following terms:

The Court has grave doubts as to its power to discharge a Jury in a capital case, especially one of the character now confided to them. It is their solemn and imperative duty to agree upon a verdict. This duty they owe as well alike to the people as to the accused. For the attainment of this result, they should weigh and discuss together, calmly and candidly, the testimony in the case, and make a conscientious and persistent effort to agree; the law as applicable to the points arising in the case, they should receive from the Court; if they have any doubt as to any principle of law laid down, or omitted, it is their duty to ask instructions from the Court, and it will be cheerfully given to them. As to the testimony, it should be carefully discussed and considered, and if the Jury disagree as to the testimony of any of the witnesses, the Court will refresh their recollection by reference to its minutes. Considering the length of time the Jury have had this case under consideration the Court would be disposed to relieve them if it could, from further considering it, did the Court think it was a case, from the testimony, that the Jury had any reasonable ground for their disagreement. But believing the case of that character where it is clearly the duty of the Jury to agree, the direction of the Court is, that the Jury retire to their room for further deliberation.

The Jury again retired, but it was understood that the one dissenting Juror, who is said to be a friend of the prisoner, would prevent their agreement for whatever length of time they are locked up, and so far this statement is confirmed, as at midnight, yesterday, there was no likelihood of the obstinate individual juror coinciding with the other obstinate eleven.

ATTEMPTED INCENDIARISM.—About 9 o'clock last evening smoke was found issuing from the back basement steps of the premises No. 117 Eleventh-street, occupied by WILLIAM CAIRNS. It was found that an attempt had been made to fire the premises, by placing a quantity of combustibles under the steps. The flames were extinguished, and but trifling damage was done. The Fire Marshal is investigating the affair.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH

From Washington.

PROBABLE SETTLEMENT OF COSTA RICAN AFFAIRS—THE GULF SQUADRON—INSTRUCTIONS TO GENERAL JOHNSTON, &C.

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 9.

There is such information in Washington as to warrant the belief that the time of settlement of our affairs with Costa Rica is not far distant.

So far the *Water Witch* and the *Fulton* are the only vessels to be sent to the Gulf of Mexico, and these cannot be immediately dispatched, as they are previously to be overhauled and repaired at Norfolk.

The State and War Departments to-day made up their instructions for Utah. General JOHNSTON will hereafter await the orders of the Governor before calling out the troops to act as a *posse comitatus* to assist the civil authorities in the enforcement of the laws.

The Postmaster-General has made a decision on the bids for the California mail service, but declines to furnish information concerning them for the distant Press.

Adoption of the Naturalization Amendment in Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Monday, May 9.

The question of accepting the amendment to the Constitution, requiring two years' residence of foreigners after naturalization, was voted on to-day throughout the State. A very light vote was thrown, but the amendment is undoubtedly accepted by a large majority.

Some of the principal places voted as follows, the question being decided by "yea" and "nay:"

	Yeas.	Nays.
Boston	3516	2895
Lowell	935	482
Lawrence	353	242
New-Bedford	254	163
Gloucester	216	40
Salem	532	132
Fall River	376	309
Charlestown	700	378

Fifty-one towns give 5,047 yeas, against 2,706 nays.

BOSTON, Monday—10:30 P. M.

Eighty cities and towns foot up on the Constitutional amendment as follows: Yeas, 12,837; nays 8,132; majority for the amendment, 4,605.

Twenty-five towns in the western part of the State, including Springfield and Pittsfield, give a majority of over 700 against the amendment.

Worcester County, so far as heard from, also shows a small majority against it.

Telegraph Convention at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, May 9.

The Telegraph Convention is now in session. The delegates present from the Magnetic Line are Hon. Amos Kendall, Wm. M. Swain, B. B. French, Merrit Canby, Col. R. M. Hoe, Samuel Bishop, John Thomley, and A. S. Abell. From the American Line—Peter Cooper, Cyrus W. Field, D. Dudley Field, Edward Cooper, and Abraham S. Hewitt. From the House Company—Francis Morris, R. W. Russell, and J. H. Purdy. From the New-York and New-England Line—F. O. J. Smith, and from the Western Union Line—Mr. Hiram Sibley. Everything is progressing harmoniously.

The Case of Swan & Co.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Monday, May 9.

The case against SWAN and others, charged with the illegal vending of lottery tickets, was commenced to-day. The defendants' counsel moved to dismiss the indictment; first, because of the offence charged not being technically a crime, subject to indictment; and second, because there was no prosecutor. Messrs. TOOMBS, STEPHENS and JACKSON are counsel for the defendants. The Court will determine the points to-morrow.

From Mexico.

NEW-ORLEANS, Monday, May 8.

Advices from Minatitlan of the 4th inst., say that the sloop-of-war *Brooklyn* was at that place with Mr. MCLANE, who was making an official visit to Consul ALLEN. Mr. MCLANE had addressed Mr. OCAMPO an important letter, defending the United States against the protest and charges of the MIRAMON Government.

From Rio de Janeiro.

BALTIMORE, Monday, May 9.

The ship *Banshee*, from Rio de Janeiro, March 22, has arrived here. She reports the ship *Young America*, from New-York for San Francisco, undergoing repairs there. The ships *Therese Wallace*, *Russell*, and *Northern Star*, were also undergoing repairs.

Sale of Real Estate in Boston, &c.

BOSTON, Monday, May 9.

Five lots of real estate on Summer-street and vicinity, with valuable buildings thereon, belonging to EMERY B. FAY, sold at auction to-day, bringing a total of nearly $389,000. The most valuable lot, that embracing the Mercantile building, brought $9 30 per foot.

Orders have been received for the frigate *St. Lawrence* to proceed to Philadelphia, and she will leave with the first fair wind.

Movements of Wm. Smith O'Brien.

MONTREAL, Monday, May 9.

Mr. WM. SMITH O'BRIEN arrived here on Saturday last, was met on his arrival by ten thousand of his countymen and escorted to the Donegana Hotel where he is now staying.

A Murderer Respited.

ALBANY, Monday, May 9.

The Governor has respited DAVID CURRY, of Batavia, until the 16th of July. CURRY was convicted of the murder of one FANCHETT, who was suspected of criminal intercourse with CURRY's wife.

Organization of the Philadelphia City Government.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, May 9.

The new City Councils were organized this morning. All the offices were filled by members elected by the People's Party.

Providence Mayoralty Nominations.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Monday, May 9.

The American-Republicans have nominated JOHN C. KNIGHT for Mayor; the Straight Republicans, SAML. JAMES, and the Democrats, JOHN N. FRANCIS.

Recantation.

NORFOLK, Monday, May 9.

Miss BUNKLEY, the authoress of the "Escaped Nun," has publicly recanted.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

THE TURF—BLOOD HORSES BURNED.—There was a trotting match yesterday over Union Course for a purse and stake of $450, mile heats, best three in five, in harness—for which D. TALLMAN named b. stal. *G. M. Patchen*; D. MACE named blk. g. *Pilot*; W. B. FISH named b. m. *Kate Miller*, and Mr. SPRINGSTEEL named s. g. *George Dawson*. Before the trot *Patchen* was the favorite, but after *Pilot* had won the first two heats, he was the favorite at long odds. The other three heats, however, were won by *Patchen*, who won the race. The other horses were drawn. Time, 2:32¼, 2:29½, 2:32¾, 2:39½, 2:40. The attendance was large, and the trot was one of the best of the season. On Saturday last a fire occurred in the stables of Mr. SHAW, Long Island, by which b. m. *Kate Miller*, ch. s. *George Washington*, and a promising young bay mare, were burned. There were seven horses in the stables; the other four, however, were saved.

FUNERAL OF MATT PEEL.—The funeral of Matt Peel,—or MATTHEW FLANNAHER, which was his right name,—the popular Ethiopian Melodist, took place on Sunday, from the Broadway House, in Broome-street. There was a large attendance of his professional brethren, the leaders among whom officiated as pall-bearers. Being a member of the Masonic fraternity, and the Sons of Malta, a large delegation from each of these Societies was present. A band of music and some twenty carriages headed the procession, which was very lengthy. The remains were taken to Greenwood Cemetery, and interred with Masonic honors. The deceased was a widower. He leaves a mother and several sisters, who live in Brooklyn.

ELEVATING THE GRADE OF DUANE-STREET.—The Committee on Streets of the Board of Aldermen met at 2 P. M. yesterday, and considered the propriety of the proposed change in the grade of Duane-street by elevating it five feet at its intersection with Elm-street. The property-owners in Elm-street oppose the elevation of the grade. County Clerk CLANCY argued against it and Lieut. [illegible] spoke in its behalf. The Committee adjourned to Tuesday of next week at 2 P. M., when the propriety of changing the grade o Reade street, and widening Nassau-street, will be considered.

THE ALLEGED WIFE-MURDER.—An inquest was held yesterday in the case of Mrs. SUSAN MURRAY who, it is alleged, came to her death by being thrown by her husband, JAMES MURRAY, out of the window of their residence, No. 67 Greenwich-street. Several witnesses were examined, but no evidence was adduced confirming the charge against the husband. A cut upon the head of the deceased led the Jury to believe that some person assaulted the deceased, and then threw her out of the window, and a verdict to that effect was rendered. Following the verdict MURRAY was discharged.

POLICE MATTERS.—A testimonial, in the shape of a complimentary dinner, is about being tendered to General NYE and L. B. WARD, Esq., the late Commissioners of Police. Several meetings of the Captains and Sergeants of the force have been held. The friends of DANIEL CARPENTER are urging his claims very strongly for the General Superintendency. The new Police Commissioners, it is said, intend to lessen, if possible, the expenditures of the Department, and as a preliminary move towards it, will transfer a number of men to Ward duty who are now detailed at the Police Head-quarters as clerks and messengers, and do nothing. This movement will no doubt lessen the Broome-st. expenses about $8,000.

COMMISSIONERS OF HEALTH.—The Commissioners of Health met in the Mayor's office, at 12 M. yesterday. The meeting was a private one. The propriety of providing a steamer to ply between Quarantine and the Lower Bay was discussed, but not acted on. No business of importance was transacted. Mr. GEORGE W. MORTON, who claims to be, and who, the Mayor claims, is not, City Inspector, and as such one of the Commissioners of Health, did not attend the meeting. The Mayor says that if he should attend the meeting of the Commissioners he would not be recognized. The Commissioners adjourned to 12 M., Wednesday. They will meet hereafter every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at noon, until otherwise ordered.

ACCIDENT IN THE BOWERY.—Yesterday afternoon, while a number of laborers were engaged in tearing down the walls of the building No. 84 Bowery, where the new Bowery Theatre is to be built, a portion of the north wall fell on a number of the men, and buried them in the *débris*. Assistance was rendered, and the unfortunate men were rescued within a half an hour, but several were found to have been seriously injured. THOMAS MEAGHER had his scull fractured and back broken. JOHN CAVANAGH had one leg broken, and received several bad wounds on the head. These two men were removed to the Hospital. Several more were injured, and removed to their homes.

FIRE IN WHITEHALL-STREET—A YOUNG GIRL BURNED.—At 1 o'clock yesterday morning a fire broke out in No. 50 Whitehall-street, occupied by Capt. SILVEY, of the First Ward Police. A daughter of Capt. SILVEY was awakened by the smoke, and raised an alarm. She was prevented by the fire coming out of her bedroom, and before she could be rescued was severely burned about the hands and face. The fire was soon extinguished, the damage being principally by water. The origin of the fire is unknown.

HOSE CARRIAGE NO. 1.—The carriage of this company which was destroyed at the destruction of the Crystal Palace, was replaced on Saturday by a magnificent machine, which cost nearly $1,000. It was on public exhibition yesterday at the house of the company in Madison near Pike-street. In the evening an election was had for officers for the ensuing year, which resulted in the choice of LEWIS HOPPS for Foreman, and GEO. B. BROWN as Assistant Foreman.

CITY MORTALITY.—The report of the City Inspector for the past week sets forth that there were 367 deaths in the City during that period,—one more than occurred during the preceding week. Consumption carried off 57, and Inflammation of the Lungs 27 persons. These two diseases occasioned the greatest number of deaths, and Inflammation of the Bowels the least of any on the catalogue. There were 14 deaths from violent causes.

FATAL FALLS.—JOHN NACKER, a German cane maker, nearly seventy years old, on Saturday, while hanging up some canes in his shop, fell from a step-ladder upon which he was standing, and was fatally injured. He died in the evening. JAMES GUTHRIE died from falling through the hatchway of No. 20 Pell-street. He was a married man and lived in Brooklyn. Inquests were held on Sunday in each case, and verdicts of accidental deaths were rendered.

UNKNOWN MAN FOUND DROWNED.—The body of an unknown man, apparently about 45 years old, was found on Sunday, at the foot of Pier No. 4 East River. He was of medium height, had brown hair and was very well dressed. The body had been in the water about two months. Coroner O'KEEFE held an inquest, which resulted in a verdict of supposed accidental drowning.

FIRE IN DUTCH-STREET.—About 11½ o'clock on Saturday, a fire occurred at No. 3 Dutch-street, occupied by J. and R. SHEPHERD, ornamental japanners. The damage to the stock, fixtures, and building, was $300, which is covered by insurance in the Merchants' Insurance Company.

RECOLLECTIONS OF ROME.—A lecture on "Personal Recollections of Rome and Pope Pius the IXth," was delivered in Spring-street Hall last evening by Mr. CHARLES E. BUTLER. The audience was large and appeared highly gratified.

THE CHERRY-STREET STABBING AFFRAY.—Miss BRIDGET FREEMAN, who was stabbed with a pair of tailor's shears, by JOHN JOYCE, on Thursday night, is in a fair way of recovery.

FIRE IN FIFTEENTH-STREET.—The alarm of fire at noon yesterday arose from the shed enveloping a lime kiln in Fifteenth-street, near Avenue A, taking fire. The damage was $75, and uninsured.

Police Reports.

AN ALDERMAN'S BROTHER DEFENDING HIS BROTHER'S REPUTATION WITH A PISTOL.—William McSpedon, a brother of Alderman McSpedon, on Saturday evening, at the Westchester House in the Bowery, fired a pistol at Dennis McCabe, ex-Inspector of Weights and Measures. Fortunately the ball passed harmlessly through a window into the street. It appears that McCabe was seated on one of the sofas in the bar-room, conversing with some friends, when McSpedon entered and attacked him, for having, as he alleged, used expressions against his brother, Ald. McSpedon, derogatory to his character. For some time McCabe paid but little attention to what Mr. McSpedon said of him, but finally he told him that if he did not stop he would thrash him. McSpedon, it is said, still kept up his abuse, and McCabe seized him with one hand, and with the other struck him in the face; whereupon the former drew a seven-barrelled Colt's revolver, and deliberately fired at McCabe. Mr. Mathews, proprietor of the House, interfered, and arresting McSpedon, handed him over to an officer, who took him to the Fourteenth Ward Station-house. Half an hour afterwards Mr. Mathews withdrew the complaint, and McSpedon was released from custody. Capt. Williamson made no minutes of the affair on his return sent in on Sunday morning to the Police Head-Quarters.

ATTEMPTED MURDER AND ARSON ON SHIPBOARD.—Two sailors attached to the Prussian park *Amanda*, on Sunday morning, made a most daring attempt to murder the Captain and mate, and then fire the vessel. The bark was lying off the Battery, having just arrived from a Prussian port, and Captain Rurge and the first mate were sleeping in the cabin. About 3 o'clock they were awakened by loud raps at the cabin door, and soon discovered that Frederick Goetsch and Adolph Klunter, two sailors belonging to the ship, were trying to get in. Upon the Captain refusing to open the door, the sailors hurled a grindstone against it, which burst it open, when they rushed in with knives in their hands, and threatened to take the captain and mate's lives. Fortunately the captain and mate succeeded in getting out of the windows and reaching the pier unharmed, when they instantly raised an alarm. Some First Ward policemen, hearing the cries, hurried to the vessel, and on their arrival found the cabin on fire, the sailors having fired the ship following the escape of the captain and mate. After some difficulty the guilty parties were arrested, and on Sunday Justice CONNOLLY committed them temporarily to the Tombs, to await an examination before a United States Commissioner. The prisoners are both Prussians, and the Captain says was very disobedient and troublesome during the late voyage. The captain had a large sum of money in his possession, and it was doubtless to obtain possession of this that led to this daring attempt at murder.

PASSING COUNTERFEIT MONEY.—Mary Ann Gerratty, a little girl nine years old, on Saturday evening passed a counterfeit $3 bill, on the Hudson County Bank of New-Jersey, at the grocery store No. 484 Greenwich-street. In about half an hour she offered a similar counterfeit, when she was arrested, it having been ascertained that the bill was worthless. She said that her mother gave her the bills to pass. Her mother was also arrested. The mother claimed to have received the bills from a man having a stand at the Spring street Market. Justice KELLY sent the child to the House of Refuge, and the mother was committed for trial.

IMPORTANT ARREST.—The United States Marshal arrested in this City on Saturday afternoon, Maroney, the agent of the Adams Express Company, who is accused or suspected of robbing the Company of $50,000 at Montgomery, Ala., a few months ago. Mr. Maroney was just stepping ashore from the steamer *John Potter*, in company with a lady companion, when he was arrested, and it is supposed he intended leaving in one of the Atlantic steamers for Europe. The proceedings were conducted by Clarence Seward, Esq., the counsel of the Company.

ROBBED BY FEMALES.—WM. BENNETT, of No. 191 Bowery, was enticed into a disreputable house by a girl calling herself Ada Bushnell, and lost his gold watch, valued at $200. Justice BRENNAN committed the accused for examination. Mr. Buffet, of Rensselaer County, complained before Justice CONNOLLY of having had his pocket-book and its contents stolen by Miss Sabina Carroll, a lady of doubtful reputation, living in Duane-street. She was locked up for trial.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

Growth of Political Parties—Position and Principles of the Different Factions.

From Our Special Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ, Wednesday, April 20, 1859.

Political animosity remained in abeyance pending the affair with Spain, only to break out with renewed violence as soon as it was over. GUERRERO, with SANTA ANNA, and several other prominent Yorkinas, determined PEDRAZA should not occupy the Presidential chair. They immediately organized a rebellion, which produced a wretched state of anarchy and bloodshed. Gachupins and Escoceses were attacked in the Capital many of them killed and their houses pillaged. PEDRAZA fled, and, by force of arms, Congress was made to revise its former act, and declare GUERRERO President, Jan. 1, 1829. The newly-elected President assumed the authority of dictator; and it should be mentioned that he signalized his accession to power by unequivocally and completely abolishing Slavery throughout Mexico. GUERRERO retained power but for a brief period. SANTA ANNA, at the head of the army, caused BUSTAMENTE, the Vice-President, to pronounce against the patriot warrior, who was obliged to flee. He was pursued to the west coast, taken prisoner, and shot in February, 1831. The baneful influence and corrupt machinations of SANTA ANNA now formed the staple of Mexican politics. A history of this "artful dodger" is the history of the country from this time forward until his final departure in 1855. Appearing on the stage early in life as an active leader in the Liberal party, he speedily developed qualities diametrically opposed to everything honest and patriotic. He brought discredit and ruin on the cause he at first espoused, and better would it have been for the Liberal cause in all future time had this debased gamester and cock-fighter been, from the outset, its uncompromising enemy. GUERRERO was undoubtedly a pure patriot, but in the hands of SANTA ANNA he was the first to violate the organic law of the country, which brought him to an untimely end. BUSTAMENTE had no sooner assumed power than a new attempt was made, on the part of Spain, to recover her lost colonies. A body of Spanish troops landed at Tampico in 1830. Weakened by sickness, they were easily overcome by the Mexican forces under SANTA ANNA and Colonel WOLL, a French officer. Claiming an immense amount of glory for this act, SANTA ANNA returned to the Capital, and, by means of intrigue, deposed BUSTAMENTE and restored PEDRAZA, the Escoce, who had three months of his old term to serve. At the expiration of this period, SANTA ANNA, by the aid of the Centralists, gained the Presidency. His ambition was now gratified, and with the determination to consolidate his power, he went deliberately to work to abolish the federal Constitution of 1824. This was effectually accomplished in 1835, by blotting it from the statute-book and substituting the "Plan of Toluca," by which a consolidated Central Government was established.

But a new element of disaffection and opposition, which, for fifteen years, had been gaining strength, now manifested itself. Under the grant made by the Mexican Government to MOSES WILLIAMS, a citizen of the United States, in 1821, an emigration to Texas of hardy pioneers from the north had taken place, and here SANTA ANNA found the nucleus of a free nation prepared to resist the overthrow of the Constitution of 1824, under which they held their rights. Texas rebelled. Arms were taken up on both sides, which resulted in the final discomfiture of SANTA ANNA, at the battle of San Jacinto, April 21, 1836, by the Texans under General SAM. HOUSTON. The independence of the State was achieved, and that fair province wrenched from the Mexican confederacy for ever.

SANTA ANNA was taken prisoner by General HOUSTON, his life spared and liberty granted him to return to Mexico, *via* the United States. Arriving in Mexico, a disgraced man in the eyes of the nation, he remained in obscurity at his hacienda of Magna de Clavo, until the patriot MEXIA took the field at the head of the Liberals, in opposition to the Central Government. SANTA ANNA now came forth from his retreat, demanding to lead the army against MEXIA. His request was granted, and meeting the Liberal forces near Puebla, gained the day, took the gallant MEXIA prisoner, and executed him on the spot.

During SANTA ANNA's absence in Texas, Vice President BARRAGAN filled the office of President, and continued in that office until the return of BUSTAMENTE from France, he having been elected President under the Central Constitution of 1836. We find, therefore, soon after the fall of MEXIA in 1838, BUSTAMENTE in power, but amid *gritos* in favor of a Liberal Constitution. Internal dissensions were, however, quieted for a time, by the appearance of the French fleet under Admiral BAUDIN before Vera Cruz, demanding satisfaction for injuries and insults inflicted on French citizens residing in Mexico, all of which was obtained after some fighting and the surrender of the Castle of San Juan de Ulua to the French Admiral. It was here that SANTA ANNA lost that leg by a parting shot from the Frenchman.

SANTA ANNA'S Texas disgrace having been partially removed by his victory over MEXIA, now came forth boldly and renewed his intrigues for power. Matters appeared ripe for the overthrow of BUSTAMENTE in 1841. Pronunciamentos by PAREDES in Guadalajara, VALENCIA and LOMBARDINI in Mexico, and SANTA ANNA in Vera Cruz, appeared. It is worthy of note that most of the revolutions in Mexico have been induced by leaders of factions in the Central party. The first result of the aforesaid pronunciamentos was a sanguinary conflict in the City of Mexico, which deluged her streets with blood. The next result was the "Plan of Tacubaya," the seventh article of which invested SANTA ANNA with dictatorial power until a new Constitution in substitution of that of 1836 should be framed, for which purpose a Congress was appointed to convene in 1842. On assuming power under the "Plan of Tacubaya," SANTA ANNA opened the then existing Congress with a speech, in which he declared himself in favor of a strong Central Government, but avowed his entire willingness to yield to the desires of the Congress about to be convened.

Notwithstanding these liberal professions, the dictator, relying on the army, suddenly, and by his own act solely, dissolved Congress, and commenced framing the organic law of the country, which appeared June 13, 1843, under the title of "Bases of the Political Organization of the Mexican Republic." These *bases* were substituted for the Constitution of 1836. They were *central* in all their fundamental principles, tolerating only the Catholic religion, and in their provisions generally less popular than those of the two preceding Constitutions. The country remained quiet but for a brief period. Insurrections and rebellions broke out in various quarters, and January 4, 1845, SANTA ANNA, being unable to maintain himself longer against the fierce opposition, fled from the Capital. He was captured, however, at the village of Jico, near the Eastern coast, and imprisoned in the Castle of Perote, until an amnesty between the factionists permitted him to depart with his family for Havana in May, 1845.

Under the laws of the country, the President of the Council of Government, JOSE JOAQUIN DE HERRERA became President of the Republic, and it was during his administration that the controversy between Mexico and the United States, which resulted in war, commenced. Prior to actual hostilities between the two countries in the Spring of 1846, HERRERA was overthrown and General PAREDES, the Centralist leader elevated to power. The violent phillipics of this monarchist, against the United States, kindled the spirit of war throughout the Mexican nation, and the Administration at Washington, believing SANTA ANNA would prove an advocate of peace, issued orders to Commodore CONNOR, commanding the blockading fleet at Vera Cruz to allow this *intrigante* to pass the lines and enter the country. This political mountebank had not been idle during his sojourn in Cuba. Still thirsting for power in Mexico, he caused it to be promulgated that he had made a great mistake in advocating the "Central system." In the height of his mealy-mouthed hypocrisy, he says, in one of his epistles from Havana:

> "The love of provincial liberty being firmly rooted in the minds of all, and the Democratic principle predominating everywhere, nothing can be established in a solid manner in the country which does not conform to these tendencies, nor can we without them attain either order, peace, prosperity or respectability among foreign nations." "To draw everything to a *centre*, and thus to give unity of action to the Republic, as I at one time deemed best, is no longer possible; nay, more, *I say it is dangerous.*"

This would be exceedingly valuable, coming from one of whom it has been said that he understood his countrymen better than any man living, were it not for the fact that this same individual is naturally incapacitated from harboring and acting upon a single principle of honesty.

SANTA ANNA arrived in the City of Mexico on the 15th of September, 1846, amid the most enthusiastic rejoicings. He was hailed as the head of the army and the savior of the country. In obedience to the popular will, he speedily set about making demonstrations against the United States, much to the chagrin of those in Washington who had favored his return to the country. PAREDES was then a prisoner in Perote, and General SALAS at the head of Executive power, and party lines between two factions of the Federalists were more decidedly drawn than ever. One party was called the *Puros* or Democrats, and the other *Moderados* or Conservatives. This breach, in the old Federal or Liberal party, gave SANTA ANNA great advantage. Violent dissensions continued to rage in the capital, notwithstanding all appeared united in the war with the United States. While SANTA ANNA was occupied raising forces to cope with the invaders, a general election throughout the States was held, which brought forth the singular and unnatural result of giving the Presidency to SANTA ANNA, and the Vice-Presidency to GOMEZ FARIAS, the uncompromising leader of the Democrats or Liberals, and between whom and SANTA ANNA the greatest animosity existed. The Liberals had no confidence in SANTA ANNA, and the Church dignitaries especially became alarmed at the appearance of GOMEZ FARIAS on the surface of the political cauldron. The mortmain question, referring to the immense possessions of the Church was now started, and here the warfare between Church and Liberal, which now agitates the country, began to assume that distinct character and importance it has since maintained.

It is almost impossible to follow the thread of Mexican politics, during the period of her contest with the United States. In May, 1847, the central system was abandoned and the constitution of 1824 re-adopted without altering its phraseology or principles. Some slight changes were made by adding an act of reforms, containing thirty articles. SANTA ANNA made a bogus resignation, and again, under the pressure of earnest solicitation, reinstated himself. But he was doomed to defeat and disgrace on all sides. The American arms were everywhere victorious, and the great Mexican Harlequim again fell from position and power. There is something really luscious in the unmitigated impudence and humbug of this man. On returning to Mexico from Havana, by connivance of the United States Government, he received a communication from ALMONTE, Secretary of War, inviting him to supreme executive power. The following are extracts from SANTA ANNA'S reply, dated Ayotla, Sept. 14, 1846:

> "My satisfaction is extreme to observe the enthusiasm with which preparations are made to celebrate the two great blessings which have fallen upon this nation—her independence and her liberty—and I am penetrated with the deepest gratitude to find that my arrival at the capital will be made to contribute to the solemnities of so great an occasion." * * * * *

After declining in the most humble manner to assume executive power, he continues:

> "I go, then, to head the Mexican army—an army the offspring of a free people—and joined with it, I will fulfil the utmost duty in opposing the enemies of my country. I will die fighting, or lead the valiant Mexicans to the enjoyment of a triumph to which they are alike entitled by justice, by their warlike character, and by the dignity and enthusiasm which they have preserved of a free nation." * * * * *
>
> "Will your excellency have the goodness to tender to the General Government my sincere thanks for their kindness? I will personally repeat them, for which purpose I propose to call at the palace to-morrow. I shall then embrace my friends, and hastily pressing them to my heart, bid them a tender farewell, and set out to the scene of war, to lend my aid to serve my country, or to perish among its ruins."

At the end of hostilities, one of the first acts of both nations was to permit this hero, skulking alike from Mexican and American, to leave what he called an "ungrateful country," with family, bag and baggage, fighting cocks and all, to seek, as he wrote the American Commander-in-Chief, "an asylum on a foreign soil where he might pass his last days in that tranquility which he could never find in the land of his birth."

At the close of the war, the United States found PEÑA Y-PEÑA at the head of the responsible government of Mexico, and with him the treaty of Guadulupe Hidalgo was concluded February 2d, 1848, by which, and for the sum of fifteen millions of dollars, New Mexico and California became the property of the United States. Soon after the peace, General HERRERA was elected President by Congress, and PEÑA Y-PEÑA, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. The country was now so thoroughly enfeebled by the war and its own intestine commotions, that HERRERA was suffered to serve out his term under the constitution of 1824. ARISTA was duly elected his successor in 1851, and retained his office in comparative quiet until the evil genius of Mexico, SANTA ANNA, emerged from his retreat, entered the country in 1853, created anarchy and revolution, overthrew the Constitution, established himself as Dictator, centralized the Government most completely in himself, and ruled with absolute sway until 1855, when the universal upheaving of political disaffection once more forced SANTA ANNA to flee the country. The old soldier, Gen. ALVAREZ, at the head of the Liberal forces, maintained order and power under the "Plan of Ayutla" until the adoption of the present Constitution, in 1857, when COMONFORT was elected President, and BENITO JUAREZ Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the Republic. The last time SANTA ANNA was in power, he took occasion to diddle the United States out of ten millions for the Apache nation, and that portion of Apacharia, now known as Arizona. This treaty, known as the "Gadsden Treaty," was executed June 30, 1854.

On the adoption of the present Constitution and the elevation of COMONFORT as President, the masses of Mexico, from Vera Cruz to Acapulco, from Yucatan to the remotest confines of Sonora, exclaimed, "*now we are free; now we have an honest, able, firm and patriotic President; now we will have peace and prosperity.*" But, alas! the Liberal Party was doomed to experience a bitter and severe, perhaps the severest disappointment in its whole history, from the defection of COMONFORT. This high executive officer was scarcely in power before he began to temporize with all parties. From temporizing came intrigues, and from intrigues arose the hydra-headed monster, anarchy; and taking advantage of this state of affairs, COMONFORT deserted his country to enjoy, it is said, ill-gotten gold in other lands. Whatever may be the facts in the case, one thing is certain, COMONFORT is now denounced by the Liberal Party as the greatest traitor with which it ever was cursed, and probably, no ex-President or political chief of Mexico, is more thoroughly despised in his own country than the first President under the present Constitution. Although plunged into the depths of despair, JUAREZ, LERDO DE TEJADU, OCAMPO, and other chiefs of the Liberal Party, resolved to cling to the Constitution as the last hope of Mexico. There is where we now find them, and at this point in the history of Mexico, it is, that Mr. McLANE, Minister from the United States, has recognized JUAREZ and his Government.

The following synopsis of the present Constitution of Mexico, cannot be without interest to the people of the United States.

First.—The establishment of a Constitutional Federal Government in the place of a military dictatorship.

Second.—Freedom of Religion.

Third.—Freedom of the Press.

Fourth.—The nationalization of the $200,000,000 of property held by the Clergy, and from which, and other sources, the Church derives an annual income of not less than $20,000,000.

Fifth.—The subordination of the army to the civil power, and the abolition of military and ecclesiastical *fueros* or special tribunals.

Sixth.—A reduction of the Tariff, the stoppage of the system of exceptional permits, and the entire abolition of alcavala or interior duties; also, the abolition of passports.

Seventh.—The negotiation of commercial treaties of the fullest scope and liberal character, particularly with the United States, and including reciprocity of trade on our frontiers.

Eighth.—The Americanization of Mexico by the full opening of every part of the country, including the foreign States, to foreign immigration, and the encouragement of foreign enterprise in every branch of industry, and particularly in mining and in works of internal improvement.

This is the constitution of 1857—the constitution of the liberal party, and the constitution by which Mexico is destined to stand or fall.

In contradistinction of this, we find in the following synopsis, the principles of the "Plan of Zuloaga," as proclaimed by a regiment of soldiers on the 11th of January, 1858, and which includes among its supporters, the Church, the Army (of which MIRAMON is the head,) the Monarquistas, the Moderadors, Santa-Anistas, and most of those demoralizing and corrupt factions, who, from the outset, have rioted in anarchy and drawn upon the life-blood of the country for subsistence.

First.—The inviolability of all Church property and Church revenues, and the rëestablishment of former exactions.

Second.—The rëestablishment of the *fueros*, or special rights of the Church and of the Army. Under these *fueros*, the military and the clergy are responsible only to their own tribunals.

Third.—The restoration of the Roman Catholic religion, as the sole and exclusive religion of Mexico.

Fourth.—The censorship of the Press.

Fifth.—The maintenance of a high tariff, the restoration of the oppressive system of alcavala, or interior duties, and the continuance of special monopolies.

Sixth.—The exclusive system with regard to foreign immigration, confining it solely to immigrants from Catholic countries.

Seventh.—The overthrow of the Constitution of 1857, and the establishment of an irresponsible central Dictatorship, subservient solely to the Church, and as a means of protecting the Army.

Eighth.—If possible, the restoration of a monarchy in Mexico, and establishment of an European Protectorate.

By the foregoing exposition of the principles of the constitutions of the contending parties, they are made to stand forth before the world, face to face, and it is pertinent to inquire of the people of the United States, "How do they appear?" "Which is the party of your choice?" "Which party would naturally look to the United States for countenance, protection and support?"

MITLA.

MR. BUCHANAN AND HIS APPOINTEES.

Letter from the Hon. John Forsyth, late Minister to Mexico, concerning the Administration.

To the Editor of the Mobile Register:

Whatever doubts may have existed as to the title of the late Washington *Union* to speak as the organ of Mr. BUCHANAN'S administration, there is none whatever as to the *status* of its *alias*, the Washington *Constitution*. I know positively, myself, that the plan to set this paper on its legs under the name of Mr. BOWMAN, was arranged at the White House by the President and his Cabinet. I know much, too, of the details of that arrangement, and by what nice adjustment of Government patronage the organ was to be sustained, and other parties, who had a lien on that patronage, were to be reconciled. I do not mention this for the purpose of going into the question of the Presidential propriety of this arrangement, but only to show that I have a right to assume that what the *Constitution* says about me is said by the authority of its principals, the President and his Cabinet.

My friends well know that I have not been fairly dealt with by the Democratic Administration, and I have frequently been urged by them to state the facts to the public for the purpose of defending my reputation against the injury which it has undoubtedly suffered from the duplicity of my Government and the misrepresentations of my enemies, founded upon its equivocal course. I should have held my peace and refrained from what I am now about to publish, had not Mr. BUCHANAN, through his organ, aggravated the wrong he has done and permitted to be done to me, by an article which appeared in that paper on the 21st ultimo.

This journal says I have "declared war against the Administration." It would have spoken more accurately if it had said that, in withdrawing my confidence from the Administration, I had only imitated the example of the great body of the Democratic Party—an example which was set for me while I was yet in a distant land. When I came home, in November last, I discovered that "gulf of cold distrust" between the President and his party, of which I wrote to the *Register* from New-York. I have since met hundreds of Democrats—from New-Orleans to New-York—and I have yet to meet the first one who does not regard the Administration as a lamentable failure, and as having fallen away from the lofty policy settled for it at Cincinnati.

Aside from any personal grievances, therefore, I found that I had to take sides between the chief and the body of the Democratic Party, and I became satisfied that the Party had consulted its safety and its honor in not holding itself responsible for the weakness or the treachery which had lured its head from the standard pledges and principles which I helped, as one of the Committee, to bear to him from Cincinnati to Wheatland. I had no occasion to resort to my personal complaints for the purpose of "declaring war against the Administration."

There existed political reasons in abundance to justify me and every Democrat in the public declaration that the Democratic Party did not approve and could not be held responsible for the foreign and domestic policy of the Administration. This course was essential to the salvation of the party, because no party could survive a popular election that bore upon its back such an accumulated weight of inanity and violated pledges. But Mr. BUCHANAN has chosen to force me to speak of my personal causes of discontent with him, and has, through his organ, invented an afterthought, without a shadow of foundation in fact, to account for an act of injustice that is not capable of defence—an afterthought in perfect harmony with the duplicity that preceded it.

I pass over all the twaddle of the organ about the "kind and friendly feelings" of the President and Cabinet towards me, and that the correspondence with my mission will show that the Government has done me "ample justice." I am unable to appreciate the species of kindness I have received, and as to the records of the Department doing me justice, it is the knowledge of that fact that constitutes the very groundwork of my complaint. If the Government had not fully indorsed my every official act in Mexico, and said to me "Well done, good and faithful servant"—if it had recalled me and said, "We disapprove of your course," I might have been mortified, but my lips would have been sealed. But to be indorsed and approved, and even flattered—to be adorned with the garlands of high commendation, and then to be sacrificed on the altar of duty, admitted to be well and faithfully performed—is certainly not doing "ample justice," and is a very odd way of showing friendship and "open and frank kindness."

But if this pretence of friendliness towards me is hollow and ill-timed, much worse has to be said of the reasons given by the organ for not sending me back to a post from which I was surreptitiously called for the purpose of getting rid of me. Here are the reasons:

> "It was obviously out of the question to send him back as minister to the Liberal Government, simply because, whether rightfully or wrongfully, he is understood to have been *the first foreign minister to recognize the anti-constitutional revolution and the usurped Government of Zuloaga*. This, for manifest reasons, must have rendered him obnoxious to the constitutional party and to the Liberal Government of Juarez. The public interest, therefore, required that a new man should be selected for this position, against whom no prejudices existed; and hence the dissatisfaction of Mr. FORSYTH."

I am sorry to be obliged to say it, but this brief paragraph contains absolute and naked falsehood from beginning to end. I solemnly declare that this article gives me the very first intimation that I have ever heard from the Administration of its disapproval of my acknowledgment of the Zuloaga Administration as the *de facto* Government of Mexico. Neither in the public despatches of the Department, in the private correspondence of Gen. CASS, nor in very frequent conversations with the President and Secretary of State, or any officer of the Government, has the thought ever been breathed to me that it disapproved of that act. If it were true, surely I should have been told of it, else the Government was derelict of its duty. I gave my reasons in full to the Government for that step, which was forced upon me by a sense of duty, but contrary to all my sympathies and inclinations. Not one word of dissent to my views was ever expressed or to be implied, while its subsequent instructions virtually recognized the propriety of my course and the soundness of my reasons for it.

The records of the department will show that it is unequivocally false that I was "the first foreign Minister to recognize the Zuloaga Government." Just the reverse is the truth, for *I was the last to do it*, and I waited until the last moment in the hope that something would occur to prevent the unwelcome duty. When called upon to decide the question, there was no other Government known to be in existence. It was afterwards that the Juarez Administration was formed at Queretara. It is the very reverse of true, also, that I was obnoxious to the Liberal party. I enjoyed the confidence and sympathy of that party in a high degree. I was personally intimate with its leaders in the capital, and in correspondence with many of them out of it; my house was always their ready asylum and refuge whenever in danger of liberty or life from the tyranny of Zuloaga. Don Miguel Lerdo de Tejada, the first man of the party, and the most enlightened and liberal of all the Mexican public men, was a safe guest in my house for over four months, during the whole of which time my residence was watched by Government police spies, to bear him to prison or to execution if he ventured beyond my door. When General BLANCO reached Mexico with 3,000 men to attack the city, it was to me in Tacubaya that he committed his military chest while the battle was going on, as the known, tried and trusted friend of the Liberal cause. It was to my notorious sympathy for the Liberal Party that I was indebted for the hostility and hatred of the Zuloaga Government, resulting at last in forcing me to break off my relations with it. So far from being "obnoxious to the Constitutional Party," that party has reason to feel and does feel under the greatest obligations to me for the services it was happily in my power to render it. But this is not the worst of this affair. The President who authorizes this charge against me has been resisting my earnest entreaties and arguments for more than a year past to recognize this very Liberal Government to which he declares that I am "obnoxious." The Liberal leaders all over Mexico knew of my persistent efforts to induce Mr. BUCHANAN to recognize and aid them, and it is *he* who stands in Mexico "obnoxious" to the charge he makes against me.

This manifesto of the organ is all gammon. The reasons given are false *per se*, and not the genuine ones for Mr. BUCHANAN'S course. What the true reasons are I have never been able to define. I have tried to find out from the President himself, and to that end I addressed him the following letter, which when penned I never dreamed would be put in print. I make no apology for publishing it now. While no impartial man can read this history and believe that I have been treated with "kindness and consideration," if he can discover the clue to Mr. BUCHANAN'S extraordinary conduct he will do what I have not been able to do to this hour.

NEW-YORK, March 14, 1859.

SIR: Your course towards me with reference to the Mexican Mission has been so strange and equivocal, that I feel it due to you and necessary to my own future guidance, at least to give you an opportunity of elucidating what is to me a profound mystery. I do not know how far a President of the United States may feel it to be *infra dignitatem* to reply to such a letter as I am about to address to you, nor do I claim any *right* to an *eclaircissement*, Presidentially speaking, of the mystery which perplexes me. While for your executive actions you are most certainly *not* amenable to me, I may write to you as one gentleman of the Democratic party to another, and your silence will be an answer sufficiently eloquent to be taken as an acquiescence in the correctness of the light in which your course presents itself to my mind. As you have two more years of Presidential service, and my profession as a journalist will bring me in constant communication with the public, it is desirable that my relations with you should be distinctly defined: for while I would do you no injustice through a misapprehension of the truth, yet if the truth be as I now believe, I cannot dissemble. Whether or not you see fit to relieve or to confirm my impressions by an answer to this letter, my object will have been gained in making my course and my conscience clear. I shall be frank and as brief as possible.

Ever since your inauguration, my friends in the United States have constantly warned me that you were anxious to remove me from the Mexican Mission, and to be on my guard and prepare for such a step whenever the slightest opening for it should offer. At the same time justice obliges me to say that whenever I heard from friends who had had direct communication with you on the subject, they always reported, with one exception, that you expressed your satisfaction at my course, and that you had no thought of recalling me. That exception was at the moment of Senator BENJAMIN'S charges against me, and when you were not yet in possession of my defence. In that case you were reported to have said that you "were not prepared to say that I had done right." With Mr. BENJAMIN'S *ex parte* statement before you, I had no right to be surprised at this. In the meantime, too, the Department of State had, in its public dispatches, fully committed your Administration to an approval of all my steps as Minister, while General CASS, in his private communications, was warm and emphatic, even flattering, in his commendation of my course. And, finally, you did me the honor to depart somewhat from usage, and to commend my official conduct, as marked by "zeal and ability," in your annual Message to Congress.

If you will give yourself the trouble to read a dispatch I addressed to the Department after receiving your instructions to "withdraw the Legation from Mexico," you will find an account of the impressions made by those instructions on the statesmen of the Zuloaga Government. These gentlemen, fully possessed of the idea of my friends in the States, that you were anxious to get rid of me, assumed at once, that your approval of my course in the matter of the forced loan, your "withdrawal of the legation" and your dispatch of a ship of war to take me home, were but so many parts of a solemn farce, meaning nothing of the least consequence to the American interests of the Zuloaga Government, but having for their sole object to dispose of the person of the then American Minister—and they said, the unanswerable proof that President BUCHANAN intends nothing more than this, and only affects to be offended with us, is, that while he has called home the American Minister he has retained the Mexican Minister at Washington. And in triumph they published in their official journals that most extraordinary correspondence between General CASS and General ROBLES on the occasion of the temporary leave-taking of the latter. I complained of the last act to General CASS and I received from him a long but far from satisfactory explanation. There was no explanation to be made. The effect was simply to make me ridiculous, and to aggravate the difficulty of the most trying position I then occupied before the Mexican public; while the fact convicted you in the minds of Mexican statesmen of trifling and bad faith towards me. And now, I beg to ask, if I have not *now* a right to believe—what I rejected then—that the people in the Mexican palace were most astute in their conjectures, sound in their reasoning, and right in their conclusions? With the lights before me I am unable to doubt it. If I am wrong, you alone can put me right.

I knew perfectly well, Mr. President, when I took my position of non-intercourse with the Zuloaga Government, that I was putting my official head on the block; but you must pardon me for *not* believing that, *under the circumstances*, you were capable of chopping it off. I had had the fullest warning of the risk, and was perfectly aware that the time to test the premonitions of my friends had come. I was not obliged to lay my head there; I might have shirked the responsibility and written home for instructions. But I thought it my duty, and I took the step boldly and without hesitation. You did not leave me long in suspense. In an instant you decided my fate. In hot haste you sent a courier to me—so much so that the Secretary of State had to apologize for lack of time to read and to answer in full my dispatches. Without a throb of compunction or a generous misgiving you ordered the axe to fall, and thus immolated me upon the very altar of my public duty and of my personal trust in your justice and magnanimity. I read all this clearly in the dispatches brought to me by Capt. HENRY and in the accompanying circumstances. The Mexicans were right; my American friends were right; the American newspapers were all right. Smarting under a consciousness of the wrong you had done my reputation before Mexico and my own country, in a private letter to Gen. CASS, I frankly stated the case and claimed it as my due that, whenever the relations with Mexico, which had been broken off upon an issue made by me and approved by you, were renewed, I should be sent back. And to make this act of justice (and policy too) as easy to you as possible—not to be in your way—if, as I believed, you wished to bestow the mission elsewhere, I said, if you will give me this necessary indorsement to falsify the accusations of my enemies that I have not possessed your confidence, I will after a brief period resign the post into your hands. Arrived at Mobile, with no intention to go to Washington, you called me there by telegraph. In Washington I renewed the subject to you—you engaged to take it into "just and calm consideration." As often as respect for your position would allow, I pressed you for an answer. You always politely evaded it, and kept me dangling in the Capital for two months in an awkward and false position before the country, until finally in despair of getting from you a definite "yes" or "no," I was forced to relieve myself from an intolerable embarrassment by a resignation. For the purpose of giving you the opportunity which I supposed you desired of nominating my successor to the then Senate, I fixed my resignation for the 2d of March. I was right here too.

I now come to the strangest part of this story, and the means adopted in it are so immensely out of proportion to the apparent magnitude of the end they seem designed to secure, that I am filled with wonder and curiosity to comprehend it.

In July were dated your instructions to withdraw the legation. In the latter part of September came the ship-of-war to take me home. In October I sailed, and in November reached Mobile. In December I arrived in Washington by your orders. In February I resigned. All these events occupied a space of nearly *eight* months. *At the end of these eight months, you did not possess one important fact in relation to the Mexican situation, which you did not have in the beginning.* There had occurred no material change in the condition of affairs as I described them to you. The return of the Minister under such grave circumstances naturally led the world to believe that you meant to follow up the "withdrawal" by some striking action. Well, sir, during these whole eight months—critical ones for American influence in Mexico—our relations there have been left in a state of complete abeyance. Nothing has been done beyond your recommendations to Congress, and this, although the whole country was crying aloud for action, and our countrymen and the Liberals in Mexico were earnestly imploring it. Strange to say, the moment of awakening from this long fit of diplomatic inactivity is the very moment when my resignation took effect. Was that accidental? Was there any new light cast upon the Mexican question, after my resignation, which did not stream fully upon it before? It cannot be averred. The conclusion upon my mind is therefore irresistible, that your policy of inaction was adopted for and designed to be limited by my official connection with the mission. The spell was broken with my resignation. Your Mexican policy was kept in a state of suspended animation, and all our great interests were neglected for three-fourths of a year, for no better purpose than to get rid of a minister, who, according to your public and official declarations, had faithfully done his duty, and who, trustingly, gave you the opportunity of getting rid of him by bravely doing that duty.

If you in your Message, and the Secretary of State in his dispatches, were sincere and truthful in your declarations that I had performed my "duty with zeal and ability," you were in justice and honor bound to restore me to a position I had lost by zealously doing that duty. You have resolutely refused to do this, and thus, as I conceive, deliberately used your power and position as the President to do me a great wrong as a man and a public officer. What powerful motives have operated upon you I am at a loss to conceive. It cannot be on account of my attitude with reference to your nomination in the Cincinnati Convention, because my position there was precisely that of the highly respectable and able gentleman you have named to succeed me. Have I powerful enemies, whose demands for my sacrifice you were unable to withstand? Have I inherited your dislike for my father? Or is it my school of Southern Right politics that is distasteful to you? I repeat, you alone are competent to solve the problem. If you can do it satisfactorily, I shall be sincerely glad; for, while I will not patiently brook deliberate wrong or affect friendship for a Democratic President who has committed it, I am far from being exigent with my friends.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOHN FORSYTH.

To His Excellency, JAMES BUCHANAN, Washington.

After a few days, Mr. BUCHANAN returned this letter to me under cover of his own superscription and frank, with these words indorsed on it, "*Disrespectful, ungrateful, and absurdly unfounded.*" Not choosing to accept such a reply, I rejoined in the following:

NEW-YORK, March 20, 1859.

SIR: You indorse my returned letter of the 14th inst.—"Disrespectful, ungrateful, and absurdly unfounded." You must pardon me for declining to accept this as a just judgment upon its merits. But being so in your opinion, I marvel that you did not think it worth your while to give some reason in support of it, against the strong array of facts and circumstances upon which the contrary conclusions of that letter were based.

I meant not to be "disrespectful," because I knew too well what is due to your position. I only stated what I verily believed to be the honest truth, and in language as mild and courteous as was consistent with its distinct enunciation.

I do not know what your charge of "ingratitude" rests upon; I did my duty as the Minister of my country in Mexico, and you have acknowledged it. This is the extent of my obligation to you. You hardly expect me to be "grateful" for being removed from a mission which you did not bestow upon me, and under circumstances which you *knew* were wounding to my feelings, and, in my belief, prejudicial to my reputation.

I think an account might be stated between us that would throw the balance of obligation against you. Twenty years of my life have been devoted to active labor in behalf of the unity and success of the Democratic cause—to the sacrifice of private fortune, the material interests of my family, and more than once at the peril of my life. I know of no living gentleman who has reaped so abundantly of the fruits of Democratic unity in the South as the present President of the United States. Your predecessor thought my services, supported by a good character, were worthy of acknowledgment, and *unsolicited*, sent me to Mexico. You requite them by displacing me in the middle of a term of service.

Nor is my letter "absurdly unfounded." If it contained *my* opinions alone, it might lay me open to the suspicion of a chafed and angry view of the case. But I was the *last* of all the world to adopt them. My friends believed and predicted to me all that my letter contains *long before* it became clear to my own vision. I really thought they were doing you injustice, and defended you. I did not heed the newspaper writers, who all the while insisted upon the same thing. Indeed, it is not possible to predicate a rational solution of your course upon any other hypothesis than that of a strong desire and predetermined purpose to get rid of me. All my friends in Washington and at the South believe it—in fact the entire public believes it. How, then, can my statements be "absurdly unfounded?"

I regret you have not thought it worth your while to disabuse my mind of its impressions, if they are erroneous. So placed that I have nothing to expect from your Administration, and could not accept anything from it if I had, I may express this regret in a disinterested spirit. I should much prefer to be able to give the Democratic President a cordial and confident support, than to go on my way under existing impressions; and if it had been your pleasure to show me I had done you wrong, nothing would have given me more satisfaction than to have asked your pardon for my misconceptions of your conduct and character. You have not chosen to do this, and I have not chosen to suffer you to rest under the belief that I do not comprehend the true nature of your conduct towards me.

I have the honor to be the President's obedient servant,

JOHN FORSYTH.

To his Excellency JAMES BUCHANAN.

This letter was neither returned nor answered. I must say that I never thought either letter was answerable. It is not possible for him to give any *friendly* reason to me why he did not give me the indorsement of my official conduct, which was all I asked of him, upon my promise to resign my office as soon as I received it. It is absurd to allege, at this late day, mistakes on my part as a reason for not sending me back—first, because I did not ask to be sent back, and second because this excuse is a palpable afterthought. I put it to the sense of the public, whether such a pretence is not preposterous on the part of the Administration, when its Secretary of State wrote to me in the strain of the following extracts, in July, 1857. In a private letter Gen. CASS wrote:

> "I told the President some days since that I would write to you and assure you that you are in his full confidence and that of his Cabinet, and he desired me to convey to you the strongest assurance to that effect."

Again, upon sending me a *projét* for a treaty of cession of territory, General CASS, also in a private note wrote:

> "The dispatch of this date from the Department will confide to you a great trust. * * * I know how difficult is the task before you; we all know it well, and are not over sanguine of success. If you succeed it will be a source of great satisfaction to us, and if you do not we shall not impute the smallest blame to you *well satisfied that what you could not effect could not be effected under any circumstances.*"

I remark that this "difficult task" was nothing less than to buy a large slice of Mexico, at a price about *one-fourth* of what the Mexicans valued it at. I worked hard to carry out the hard bargain, but the Mexicans were too cunning to take the contemptible offer, and Mr. BUCHANAN would not allow me to increase the bid. After it was all over, the Department wrote me:

> "Your dispatches relating to the negotiations which you proposed to the Government of Mexico, having been laid before the President, and I have to express to you his satisfaction with the manner in which you performed that delicate duty."

And, finally, when I was about to leave the country, and the Administration had my whole course before it, Gen. CASS wrote me:

> "It was deemed proper to send a vessel of war to bring you, as a *public manifestation of the regard of the Government for your firm and truly American conduct*, under the critical circumstances in which you were placed."

I submit, after all this, if it is not a little late for the Administration to aver that it found fault with any part of my conduct as its Minister to Mexico? I cannot, in justice, close this communication without thus publicly offering the tribute of my thanks and admiration for the frank, kind and generous deportment of the venerable Secretary of State, in all his public and private correspondence and personal intercourse with me. I feel a perfect assurance that, had his voice been potential in the White House, I should not now have to write of those idiosyncrasies of character, which are discoverable sooner or later to all who have dealings with JAMES BUCHANAN.

If, as the organ declares, I had other friends in the Cabinet besides Gen. CASS, I am very sure I have never seen the first evidence of it. In the absence of such proof, and in the presence of their conduct towards me, I do not believe a word of it. I do not think that Cabinet is friendly to any man of my political complexion. If I had chosen to rally the influence of my Southern political friends in Washington, and protested through them against superseding me for doing my duty, I knew that the Government would not have dared to do it. My friends offered me their services, and warned me that that was the only way to deal with the "Sage of Wheatland." I declined their offers peremptorily, averring that as I was appointed to Mexico, without as much as a hint in the way of asking for it, and without the importunity of my friends, I would not be indebted to such means for going back. I left my case to the unbiased justice and judgment of the President and Cabinet. I have found out the value of the reliance.

And now, to avoid misconstructions, let it not be imagined that I hold Mr. BUCHANAN to be the Democratic party, and that, in losing my confidence in him I have lost my fealty to my party, or my abiding attachment to its principles. I may be a good Democrat, and not think very well of him. I should be no Democrat at all were I to indorse all the measures and shortcomings of his administration.

MOBILE, May 1, 1859. JOHN FORSYTH.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDAR—TUESDAY, MAY 10.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Nos. 45, 63, 67, 89.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.—Nos. 1½, 1, 28, 39, 67, 72, 73, 59, 74, 75, 76, 77½, 79, 80, 82, 83, 84, 36, 26, 51, 25, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93.

CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Same as on Monday. *Part II.*—Nos. 1,694, 840, 1,210, 1,654, 1,712, 1,714, 1,716, 1,718, 1,720, 1,724, 1,726, 1,728, 1,730, 1,732, 1,736, 1,738, 1,742, 1,744, 1,746, 1,748, 1,752, 1,754, 1,758, 1,760.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Part I.*—Nos. 129, 390, 942, 785, 422, 5, 405, 212, 467, 536, 538, 548, 553, 555, 557, 558, 561, 567. *Part II.*—Nos. 184, 233, 504, 423, 413, 522, 523, 524, 529, 531, 534, 537, 546, 549, 554.

COMMON PLEAS—*Part I.*—Nos. 248, 627, 736, 907, 914, 714, 873, 83, 987, 1,096, 866, 969, 849, 295, 1,002, 1,003. *Part II.*—Nos. 996, 997, 882, 885, 1,001, 1,002, 191, 876, 892, 900, 245, 608, 823, 879, 914.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Samuel W. Tallmadge vs. Henry C. Bowers, &c.—Judgment affirmed.

H. O. Brewer vs. Marine Bank of Georgia, et al.—Judgment appealed from modified.

ADMISSION OF NEW MEMBERS TO THE BAR.

The Examiners appointed by the Court, reported this morning in favor of the admission of the following gentlemen:

Messrs. G. S. Bedford, Jr., T. W. E. Belden, H. A. Bigler, G. W. Blackwell, Jas. H. Briggs, Sam. Carlile, Alf. Comstock, John S. Cutler, Robert L. Cutting, Jr., A. M. Davis, Jas. Decker, M. M. Dickenson, Peter Dempsey, J. C. Fenton, Lemuel Fillmore, Chauncey Field, Jr., Wm. F. Howel, Herrick Hayner, Jos. Laurens, Chas. W. Kline, A. S. Lathrop, Chas. Langdon, A. G. Lawrence, Adolf Leringer, G. D. F. Lord, C. A. Mann, Jr., S. G. Marcair, Jos. Meeks, G. L. McKenzie, S. M. Morehouse, G. B. Nash, Richard Catis, Thos. Pember, Chas. C. Prentis, Sam. C. Reed, H. M. Seely, Wm. F. Shepard, Jas. P. Sinnott, J. Lawrence Slosson, L. H. Strycker, Wm. H. Tracy, Jos. B. Tully, Frederic Wood.

The Court accepted the report, and as the Examiners had not finished their labors, they were directed to continue the examinations on Friday. It will be seen that forty three out of sixty-four applicants presenting themselves have been examined and admitted. The examination this term has been very searching and rigid.

James Buchanan Henry, Esq., nephew of President Buchanan, and until lately his private secretary, was to-day admitted to practice, on motion of the Hon. John Van Buren.

CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Sutherland.

Petition of Marian Walker.—The facts in this case are somewhat familiar to the readers of the TIMES, the case having been reported in our issues of April 6th, 8th and 18th. The story is briefly this: That in 1850 the petitioner went to California, leaving an infant child, also named Marian Walker, in the care of the respondents, John McGinny and Margaret, his wife. Margaret had been wet nurse to the child. They have kept it ever since. The mother now sends on to claim it. The respondents put in charges against the character of the mother, claiming to show that she is not a fit person to be awarded the custody of the child.

To-day the cause came before the Court again, and was referred to E. A. Parker to report the facts.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Justice Moncrief.

Joshua H. Bates vs. R. A. & Eli D. Mitchell.—The application to continue the injunction is denied, and the order heretofore made is vacated, with $10 costs.

Before Justice Hoffman.

Larna et al. vs. Jose M. Pie.—Motion to vacate order of arrest denied with $7 costs.

The Rahway (N. J.) *Register* says the Coachmakers' Association of that city have raised $7 000 for the purpose of starting a manufactory of their own. This Association was formed by journeymen coachmakers who, several weeks ago, turned out for wages, and not being able to come to terms with their employers, they have determined to go into business for themselves.

A French editor gives the following amusing description of the effect of an advertisement: The first time a man sees an advertisement he takes no notice of it; the second time he looks at the name; the third time he looks at the price; the fourth time he reads it; the sixth time he speaks of it to his wife; the seventh time he buys.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—A PRIVATE FAMILY WOULD like to make arrangements with four gentlemen for rooms, with full or partial board; the house is pleasant and every way desirable for those wishing a pleasant home; no objection to a gentleman and wife. Apply at No. 80 East 15th-st. References exchanged.

BOARDING.—A PARLOR AND BEDROOM MAY be obtained at Mrs. AUSTIN'S, No. 74 East 14th-st., near Union-square; also, a single room. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

BOARDING.—A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED suite of rooms for a gentleman and his wife, or for single gentlemen; also a room on the 4th floor, for one or two single gentlemen, at No. 97 Clinton-place.

BOARDING.—FINE AIRY ROOMS, NEWLY furnished, accommodating either single gentlemen, or gentlemen and their wives, at the private boarding-house No. 31 Rivington-st.

BOARDING—AT NOS. 45, 47 AND 49 EAST Broadway, for families or single gentlemen. Also day boarders. E. BOSTON.

BOARD.—THREE ROOMS, SECOND FLOOR, TO let with board at No. 12 Lamartine-place, 29th st., between 8th and 9th avs. Terms moderate. Inquire above.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A LARGE, HANDsome room, in one of the most delightful locations in Brooklyn, and suitable for a gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen. Possession can be had immediately. Also, one single room. House is large, airy, and convenient, containing all modern improvements. References required. Apply on the premises, No. 79 Sands-st.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A PRIVATE FAMily would like to dispose of two or three rooms on the second floor, with or without board, at No. 79 Jeralemon-st., between Clinton and Henry sts., very near the Wall-st. and South ferries. References exchanged.

BOARDING ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—A gentleman and wife can be accommodated with a front room on the second floor; also, two gentlemen with single rooms at No. 18 Willow-st., Brooklyn Heights, near Fulton and Wall sts. Ferries.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—BEtween Fulton and Wall-st. ferries. Pleasant accommodations for gentlemen and their wives, or for single gentlemen, may be obtained at No. 38 Willow st. References exchanged.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—WITHIN TEN MINutes' walk of Fulton and Wall-st. Ferries. Rooms furnished and unfurnished. House first-class, and finely located. No. 49 Concord-st.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN IN A private family, where the comforts of a home may be had. Room with gas and Croton. Location between 12th and 30th sts., West of 6th-av. Address Box No. 210 Times Office.

BOARD WANTED IN A RESPECTABLE family for a lad of 17, engaged in the City during the day, not lower than 8th-st. Address, stating where and terms, R., Box No. 168 Times Office.

NO. 19 UNION-SQUARE.—A FRONT PARLOR and bedroom to let; also a single front room, with board; location very desirable facing the park; house has all the modern improvements, and has been newly furnished. Breakfast from 7 until 9; dinner at 6.

A PARLOR, FURNISHED OR NOT, ALSO three second or third story rooms, with all modern improvements, nicely furnished, to let, with or without board, to families or gentlemen; two young ladies, with undoubted reference, may find an agreeable home with a small private family. Apply at No 339 4th-st., second block west of Broadway, near Washington-square.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—WITH OR without board, to a small family. The rooms consist of a front and back room on the second floor, with pantries and bath room between; also a room on the fourth floor, if desired. Inquire at No 150 West 24th-st., between 7th and 8th avs. References required.

A PRIVATE FAMILY HAVING A FEW rooms unoccupied, would like to take two or three gentlemen with full or partial board. The house is within a few minutes' walk of the ferries. References exchanged. Terms moderate. Address W. G. HATMUND, Brooklyn Post-office.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR TWO single gentlemen can be accommodated with a large second-story room; also a hall room for a single gentleman; gas and bath in house. 248 Hicks st., Brooklyn.

SUMMER RESORTS.

COZZENS' HOTEL,
WEST POINT,
Will open on the 25th of May.
Mr. COZZENS has four cottages to rent, with or without board. WM. B. COZZENS, West Point.

SUMMER RETREAT—THE LAKE MOHEGAN HOUSE is now open, and having undergone extensive improvements, being enlarged and refurnished, the proprietor is now ready to enter into arrangements for the season with families and others who desire a pleasant location near the City during the heat and dust of summer. The house is situated four miles east of Peekskill, forty miles from New York by the Hudson River Railroad, in two hours; six trains a day each way. Carriages from every train to the house.

Being at the head of the Lake, 1,100 feet above tide water, in full view of the Highlands of the Hudson, with fine drives and pleasant walks in every direction, it is one of the most desirable and accessible summer retreats that can be found so near New York.

Address A. W. PALMER, Peekskill Post-office.

Refers to Messrs Tiffany & Co., Broadway; J. Winter, Banker, No. 44 Exchange-place; H. B. Cowles, No. 14 Beekman-st.

SUMMER BOARDING.—THE ASHLAND HALL Summer Boarding House, West Bloomfield, N. J., will be open for the reception of boarders on Monday, 16th of May. These fine premises are now in process of being fitted up, and furnished with all the appliances of a first-class Summer boarding-house. Its picturesque buildings, with their dry, elevated position, beautiful shady lawn in front, numerous fruit trees and the near proximity of the whole to the West Bloomfield Railroad Dépôt (within two minutes' walk,) render this one of the finest retreats anywhere to be found within 12 miles New-York City, with which it has communication by railroad six times daily. For board, &c., apply to WARREN MINGUS, Proprietor, on the premises.

SUMMIT HOUSE, LAKE MAHOPAC.—THIS new and delightfully situated house is now completed and ready for visitors, and the subscriber pledges himself to spare no efforts or expense in making it one of the places where home comforts can be realized in the fullest sense of the term; good fare, airy, neat and well furnished rooms, efficient and attentive servants are some of the considerations which are pledged to render the house worthy the attention of visitors. There will be a stage connected with the house, in readiness at Croton Falls, on arrival of trains (Harlem railroad), to convey passengers direct to the house. For rooms and full particulars, call or address the proprietor.
GEORGE P. KLINE, Lake Mahopac, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD.—DENVILLE FEMALE College, near Morristown, N. J., two hours' distance from New-York, (mansion 15 feet front,) stands on a well-wooded park. This is a branch of DON BERNARD'S Institute, New York, No. 1 West 24th-st., junction of Broadway and 5th-av. Pupils wishing to pass only the Summer months in the country will also be received. Mme. DON BERNARD, during July and August, will take charge of the French department. Apply at Denville, or at DON BERNARD'S Institute, New York.

COUNTRY BOARD ON THE BANKS OF THE HUDSON.—A commodious Summer boarding-house just opened at Cedar Hill, Piermont, three miles below Nyack. Persons wishing to engage rooms are directed to take the *J. P. Smith*, foot of Harrison-st., at 3½ P. M.; they can return the next morning; or address C. M. P., Box No. 168 *Times* Office.

RICHFIELD SPRINGS.—THE SPRING HOtel at Richfield Springs, will be open for the reception of boarders on the 1st day of June; additional accommodations have been added to it. Two Sulphur Water Bathing Houses, one for ladies and the other for gentlemen, belong to the house. JOSHUA WHITNEY.

BOARDING AT A FARM HOUSE.—FAMIlies wishing the comforts of a farm mansion, can find desirable accommodations immediately, in the large house of the subscriber, near Glen Cove, L. I. All communications addressed to CHARLES UNDERHILL, Glen Cove, will have prompt attention.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR A FAMIly of 12 persons, within 1½ hours' ride from the City, where there will be no other boarders taken. A private table and parlor required. Answer immediately. Address COUNTRY BOARD, Box No. 1,729 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND HIS FAMily, board for the Summer in some healthy and pleasant locality not more than an hour from the City, and easy of access; would prefer that there should be no other boarders. Apply to Box No. 144 *Times* Office.

COUNTRY BOARD.—ONE LARGE OR TWO small families can be accommodated with board in a private family. The rooms are large and airy, and the situation very pleasant. 1¼ hour's ride from the City by New-Haven Railroad. Address A. B., Box No. 150, *Times* Office.

BOARD AT ORANGE, N. J.—A LIMITED number of persons can be accommodated with board in a private family, at Orange. Location 5 minutes' walk from dépôt. Terms moderate. Address C. O. K., Box No. 92, Post-Office, New-York.

COUNTRY BOARD—ON THE HUDSON RIVER, very near steamboat and railroad. Desirable accommodations for one or two small families, at moderate prices. Inquire at No. 163 Lexington-av., between 31st and 32d sts.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR FIVE persons, in a private family in some pleasant locality within one hour's ride of New-York. Address particulars to B., No. 1,075 Post-office, New-York.

SUMMER BOARD.—TWO OR THREE GENTLEmen of respectability can find agreeable Summer board in a small private family, on Bergen Heights, 15 minutes' ride from Jersey City. Address Box No. 2,518 Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD CAN BE HAD AT A plain farm house, 24 miles from the City, for three or four persons, in a retired place near the North River. The proprietor can be seen at Chatham-square Post-office, from 4 till 5 o'clock, this day.

DRY GOODS.

SPRING TRADE NOTICE.

IMPORTANT
TO
EVERY DRY-GOODS MERCHANT
IN THE UNION.

DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO. Are now receiving their Spring Importations, and are exhibiting at their
SALESROOMS,
NOS. 80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-ST., N. Y.,
the most extensive, elegant, varied and complete stock of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC GOODS
ever before offered for sale by them, and presenting attractions and advantages to the trade generally, and from all parts, such as are to be met with in very few places. Their extensive stores on Chambers-st., which they occupy entire, enable them to appropriate to each class of goods a separate department, and to have, in fact, so many distinct stocks in their Warerooms, each of which will be complete. Without specifying the articles embraced, they would name the departments, viz:

DRESS GOODS,
SILKS,
WHITE GOODS AND LINENS,
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
FLANNELS,
SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
PARASOLS,
DOMESTICS AND PRINTS.

To their Domestic and Print Department they call particular attention, embracing all the leading makes and styles, which will be sold at the very lowest rates. They have the entire production of the
WARREN PRINTS,
A print which has done more good to the retailer through the country, last season, than perhaps any other low-price print. Their Merrimack, Cocheco, Sprague, Garner, Dunnell, and PACIFIC AMARANTH PRINTS, are of the very best selections.

CLINTON, GLASGOW, LANCASTER, and SCOTCH GINGHAMS, in every variety.

Their
DOMESTICS
embrace the following brands:

Wamsutta,	Bill Manufacturing Company,	
Bate's Mills,	New-York Mills,	Merrimack,
Lonsdale,	Arkwright,	Pocasset,
Naumkeag,	Paterson,	Pepperill,
White Rock,	Hebron,	Cabott,
Matamora,	Lawrence,	Atlantic,

All the well-known makes of TICKS, STRIPES, and DENIMS, such as York, Hamilton, Pemberton, &c.

Soliciting trade on liberal terms, they invite notice to their House—street and number as above.

AS THE TIME IS APPROACHING FOR LAYING DOWN CARPETS,

We would respectfully call attention to HARRINGTON'S PATENT CARPET LINING, a substitute for paper, straw, or any other article used under carpets, oil-cloth or matting. It is warranted to add fifty per cent. to the durability of carpets, &c., and its cheapness puts it within the reach of every householder. To be had of any of the principal carpet stores in the cities.

We would also direct attention to HARRINGTON'S NEW MILLINET WADDING. Patent applied for—a substitute for glazed Wadding. Please call and examine at the salesroom of the NEW-YORK CARPET-LINING COMPANY,
NO. 62 WARREN-ST., CORNER COLLEGE-PLACE.
HARRINGTON'S PREMIUM BATTS constantly manufacturing. J. R. HARRINGTON, Agent.

NEW AND ELEGANT PRINTS, THE WAMSUTTAS,

To which we beg to call the attention of the TRADE. The best designers and printers are engaged in producing these CALICOES and the great success which has attended the sale of our WARREN PRINTS, will be followed up by giving the WAMSUTTA PRINTS to the public.

The COLORS are WARRANTED FAST—the STYLES BEAUTIFUL, and the PRICE JUST RIGHT.

We shall sell these Prints by the PACKAGE or PIECE FOR CASH OR ON TIME.
DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.,
80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-ST., NEW-YORK.

SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS

For Spring and Summer,
FASHIONABLE AND CHEAP,
Full Assortment of New Styles, Now Ready.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 GRAND-ST.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

LACE CURTAINS, DRAPERIES,

Curtain Materials, Tassels, Bands, Loops,
CORNICES, WINDOW SHADES,
and Upholstery Goods of every description,
BELOW REGULAR PRICES,
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 GRAND-ST.

BLEACHED AND BROWN SHEETINGS

and Shirtings, Canton Flannels, Drillings, Bed Tickings, Fancy Stripes, Ginghams and Domestic Goods of every kind,
AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 GRAND-ST.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

FAMILY AND HOTEL LINENS,

Damask, Table Cloths, Napkins, Toweling, Sheetings, Pillow-case Linens, Shirtings, Bath Towels, Huckabuck, Crash, &c., &c.,
WARRANTED PURE LINEN,
and manufactured expressly for service. Also, a full assortment of Union Goods.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 GRAND-ST.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

SILK ROBES, RICH SILKS,

and Fashionable Dress Goods of every description,
FOR
SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR,
BELOW USUAL PRICES.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 GRAND-ST.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

CARPETINGS AT LORD & TAYLOR'S.

Newest Spring Styles—Prices same as before the advance.
J. CROSSLEY & SONS' TAPESTRIES, VELVETS, Medallions and Brussels, Three-Plys, Ingrain and Stair Carpetings, Rugs, Mats, Druggets, Matting, Oil-Cloths, &c., &c., &c.
LARGE ASSORTMENT.
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 GRAND-ST.

REAL LACES IN COLLARS, SETS, VEILS, BARBES AND BY THE YARD.

A large and magnificent assortment, received by steamer *Fulton*, and for sale at retail,
ON MONDAY, May 9, 1859.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
Canal, corner Mercer-st.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.

WILL OFFER
ON MONDAY, May 9, 1859,
An additional lot of
DRESS SILKS,
At $1 per yard,
in
PLAID, STRIPED, CROSSOVER AND CHINE DESIGNS,
These goods have been reduced from
$1 15 and $1 25.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
Canal, corner of Mercer.

ORGANDIES AND JACONETS

IN DOUBLE JUPE ROBES
AND
BY THE YARD,
IN ENTIRELY NEW DESIGNS,
Received by the *Africa*, for sale by
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
Canal-st., corner Mercer.

AT RETAIL.

JUST RECEIVED FROM AUCTION.
Black Lace Flouncings.
Black Thread and French Laces all widths.
Black Lace Shawls.
Black Lace Veils, (new styles.)
French Embroidered Collars and Sets.
Together
With a splendid assortment of Rich Laces of every Description.
Which will be offered at extraordinarily low prices.
In all of which
WE DEFY COMPETITION.
E. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Late Peter Roberts, No. 429 Broadway.

BLACK LACE POINTS AND MANTILLAS

Just received, in large assortment:
Points at $5; Mantillas trimmed
Mantillas at $5; and untrimmed;
With a great variety of Flounces, of all widths and of the most celebrated manufacture.
MILLER & GRANT, No. 703 Broadway.

S. CHAMBERS HAS OPENED A LARGE assortment of Ladies' and Children's Clothing, of the newest style and best make. Also, Ladies' and Children's under-linen, all of the best quality, and sold at reduced prices, by S. CHAMBERS, No. 503 Broadway, near St. Nicholas.

SKIRTS! SKIRTS!!—DEALERS, CALL AND examine our 17-spring skirts for $17 per dozen; 14-springs for $14; 12-springs for $11, and 9-springs for $8 per dozen, at C. L. HARDING'S woven skirt factory, No. 281 Spring-st., near Hudson.

SEASONABLE GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES.—Linens, table cloths, table covers, muslins, prints, delaines, ginghams, crash, toweling, diaper, black silks, cloths, cassimeres, &c., for sale by
WM. MATHEWS, No. 54 Catharine-st.

DRY GOODS.

MACY'S GRAND SALE

of
RIBBONS,
RIBBONS,
RIBBONS.

P. S.
GRAND SALE OF LACES.
THREAD EDGINGS,
MANTILLAS, MANTILLAS,
MANTILLAS, LACES.

PPSS.
GRAND SALE—Lace Sleeves, 5c. to $2.
Lace Sleeves, 5c. to $2.
Muslin Sleeves, cheap, to close.
Cambric Sleeves, cheap, to close.

PPPSSS.
GRAND SALE—Linen Handkerchiefs,
Linen Handkerchiefs, cheap.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES, the best.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES, for the Boston Post!
HOSIERY AND GLOVES, for Rye Beach!
HOSIERY AND GLOVES, for Newport!!
HOSIERY AND GLOVES, for Lake Superior!!
HOSIERY AND GLOVES, for better places!!!
KID GLOVES, (BEST,) 63 cents!!!!

PPPP.SSSS.
GRAND SALE
EMBROIDERIES in all good designs.

PPPPP.S.
GRAND SALE
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, RUCHES, &c.,
the finest designs to be found in this City.

PPPPPP.S.
GRAND SALE Cambric and Swiss Muslins,
Colored and White Dotted Muslins.
Linen Napkins, Towels, &c.
Irish Linens cheap!
Curtain Muslins cheap!!

PPPPPPP.S.
GRAND SALE Dress Trimmings.
Silk Buttons, Fringes, &c.
Dress and Mantilla Braids.

PPPPPPPP.S.
13,000
PARASOLS $1 each, worth $2.
PPPPPPPPP.S.
R. H. MACY.
PPPPPPPPPP.S.
R. H. MACY.
PPPPPPPPPPP.S.
R. H. MACY.
Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., one door below 14th-st.
N. B.—Ladies, we have a store full of goods.
NBB.—Ladies, we have a store full of the (best) of goods.
NBBB.—Ladies, we want your money.
NBBBB.—Ladies, our goods are so nice you must buy.
NBBBBB.—Ladies, we have (marked) them So you cannot (well) help buying.
NBBBBBB.—Ladies, We can and will always always always sell you good goods cheap as we can. Yours, in haste, MACY.

FANCY STOCKINGS.

GENTLEMEN'S,
LADIES'
and CHILDREN'S
LISLE THREAD,
and COTTON HOSE,
In beautiful varieties,
Suitable for the coming season.
Also,
LADIES' LISLE and SILK GAUNTLETS,
and GLOVES for TRAVELING.
New and very beautiful styles.
Just received and for sale by
EDWARD LAMBERT & COMPANY,
No. 335 Broadway,
Corner Worth-st.

SPRING STYLES IN
STELLA SHAWLS,
POINTS,
MANTILLAS,
BERNOUS,
RAGLANS,
CHESTERFIELDS, &c.
On MONDAY, May 9,
At No. 335 Broadway,
Corner Worth-st.
EDWARD LAMBERT & COMPANY.

500 PIECES OF
FRENCH PRINTED DELAINES,
At 25 cents per yard,
Will be offered on
MONDAY, May 9,
At No. 335 Broadway,
Corner Worth-st.
EDWARD LAMBERT & COMPANY.

481 BROADWAY.
G. M. BODINE.
Will open, on MONDAY, May 9,
10 Cases of HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
Purchased at the late Auction Sales, and will be sold
AT A SMALL SCALE OF PROFIT.

481 BROADWAY.
G. M. BODINE
Will offer, on MONDAY, May 9,
A NEW LOT OF PARIS EMBROIDERIES,
LACE SETS, COLLARS, &c., &c.

481 BROADWAY.
G. M. BODINE
Will offer, on MONDAY.
10,000 yards ENGLISH PRINTED LAWNS,
At 12½ cents per yard.

481 BROADWAY.
G. M. BODINE
Just received,
100 pieces of NEW DRESS SILKS,
At $1 25 and $1 50 per yard.

481 BROADWAY.
G. M. BODINE.
Just received,
250 pieces FINE ENGLISH BAREGES,
From 25 cts. to 50 cts. per yard.

481 BROADWAY.
G. M. BODINE.
Just received,
500 Pieces of New DRESS GOODS.

481 BROADWAY.
G. M. BODINE.
Just received,
100 Pieces of GRASS CLOTH,
Suitable for Traveling Dresses.

NOTHING BUT AUCTION GOODS.

JOB LOTS KEPT IN THE STORE.
Strangers visiting New-York for Dry Goods are particularly invited to call before they buy their goods. Extraordinary Reduction from Time Prices.
DRY GOODS CHEAP FOR THE MILLION.
IN EARNEST FOR A SEASON.
LEWIS HAVILAND & CO.,
No. 101 Chambers-st., New-York,
Announce to the trade that they have reduced the prices upon Shawls, Bareges, Lawns, Silks, Robe Dresses, Mantillas, &c., so as to defy competition, making baits of fine goods instead of domestics.

10,000 Broché and Printed Bordered Stella Shawls, bought at auction at less prices than was ever before known. Deep All-Wool Printed Borders, $1 25 to $2 25 each. The best All-Wool Broche Borders, $2 to $3 50, old price double. The cheapest stock of Black Silks in New-York. The big profit exposed on the best Steel Hoop Skirts—the best 11-hoop Steel, $12 per dozen, old price, $22. Sprague's, Gaines, B's, American and all the best Prints, 7½c. to 8½c. Hamilton and all the best De Laines, 11c. to 12½c. Brown and Bleached Sheetings, Ticks, Summer Stuffs, &c.

Linens, Drapery, Muslins, Tarletans, Alpacas, Satinetts, Jeans, &c., &c.

PARIS DRESS GOODS.

JAMES GRAY & CO.
Have now open a beautiful assortment of
DRESS GOODS, SILKS, GRENADINES, BAREGES,
ORGANDIES, DELAINES, FOULARDS,
BAREGE ANGLAIS,
ROBES of every description,
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.
No. 729 Broadway, corner Waverly-place.

LACE CURTAINS.

LE BOUTILLIER BROTHERS having had an opportunity of purchasing
300 PAIRS OF LACE CURTAINS
and CURTAIN MATERIALS by the yard,
At much less than the usual cost, will offer them on Tuesday at very low prices.
No. 305 Canal-st., near Broadway.

REAL LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.

JAMES GRAY & CO.
Have now open and are receiving by every steamer, a fine selection of
LACE POINTS, MANTILLAS AND FLOUNCINGS.
LACES of every description and all widths.
No 729 Broadway, corner Waverly-place.

WINDOW SHADES.

HARRISON BARNET,
No. 126 William-st.,
between Fulton and John sts.,
Offers for sale, at reduced prices,
a large assortment of
GOLD AND PAINTED SHADES,
Cornices, Bands, Cords, Tassels, &c., &c.,
At wholesale and retail.

CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS!
COLUMBIAN HALL,
No. 281 Grand-st.

Tapestry Brussels Carpets	75c.	to	$1 10
Imperial 3-ply Carpets	95c.	to	1 10
Superfine Ingrain Carpets	70c.	to	90
Fine Ingrain Carpets	45c.	to	55
Cotton and Wool, and Hemp Carpets	25c.	to	45

All goods warranted as represented. Call and see.
ADAMS & SPENCER.

STRAW BONNETS. RIBBONS BY THE PIECE.
For Bonnets and Dress Trimmings of every variety style and quality. FRENCH FLOWERS. BLACK AND COLORED ENGLISH AND FRENCH CRAPES,
with a general assortment of Millinery Goods.
L. & A. UNDERHILL, No. 297 Broadway.

90 CENTS A PAIR FOR FRENCH WOOL corsets, together with all the latest French patterns, plain and embroidered, wholesale and retail; every style ladies' skirts, crinoline, crochet, hair-cloth, skeleton from four to thirty springs, laces, embroideries, gloves, mits, bands, edgings, &c. FORMAN, No. 765 Broadway.

DRY GOODS.

GREAT CLEARING OUT SALE OF FINE MILLINERY AND MILLINERY GOODS.

CHARLES STREET & CO.,
NO. 475 BROADWAY.

In consequence of the great increase, both
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
OF OUR EXTENSIVE
MANTILLA AND SHAWL
BUSINESS,
And our inability to obtain more room in our present premises, we have determined to relinquish our Millinery and Millinery Goods Departments, and devote our entire store in future to
SHAWLS, MANTILLAS AND CLOAKS.

In order to effect early and rapid sales, we have marked down our entire stock of
BONNETS,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS
AND
PLUMES,
BLONDES, LACES, RIBBONS, &c., &c.
TO LESS THAN ONE-HALF THE ORIGINAL COST.

Our stock consists of newly-imported goods, and is the largest and most complete in the United States.

We would direct attention to our MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT of SHAWLS and MANTILLAS, all of which, for this special occasion, we have
REDUCED 25 PER CENT.
CHARLES STREET & CO.,
NO. 475 BROADWAY.

A CARD TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

Economy in furnishing and replenishing articles in HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS.
Extensive stock from recent Auction sales,
Comprising a full assortment of
LINEN SHEETINGS AND PILLOW CASINGS of all widths.
LINEN DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS, NAPKINS AND DOYLIES.
DAMASK AND DIAPERS, by the yard and piece.
TOWELINGS, SHIRTINGS, &c., &c.
QUILTS, COUNTERPANES AND BLANKETS,
COTTON SHEETINGS, PILLOW CASINGS AND SHIRTINGS,
LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS AND EMBROIDERIES.
PRINTED AND EMBOSSED TABLE COVERS.
CANTON MATTING, of all widths and styles,
AT THE OLD ESTABLISHED FAMILY DRY GOODS STORE,
Nos. 108 and 110 6th-av., between 8th and 9th sts.
CHARLES G. HOOK.
(Late W. S. Bond.)

THE ATTENTION OF THE LADIES

is particularly called to our
LARGE AND VARIED STOCK OF
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
embracing all the best makes of
SHEETING AND SHIRTING MUSLINS, TOGETHER WITH A FULL STOCK OF LINENS, DIAPERS, TOWELINGS, NAPKINS, DOYLIES, COUNTERPANES, QUILTS, &c., &c., &c.

N. B.—Our usually large stock of Lace Sets and Lace and Muslin Draperies has been largely increased the present season by late auction purchases.
BEEKMAN & COMPANY, No. 473 Broadway.

JOB LOT OF EMBROIDERED BANDS VERY LOW.

BEEKMAN & COMPANY, No. 473 Broadway.
JOB LOT OF EMBROIDERED COLLARS HALF PRICE.
BEEKMAN & COMPANY, No. 473 Broadway.
BLACK LACE FALLS. A FINE ASSORTMENT.
BEEKMAN & COMPANY, No. 473 Broadway.
EMBROIDERED, PLAIN AND HEMMED STITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS,
Below regular prices.
BEEKMAN & COMPANY, No. 473 Broadway.

MANTILLA AND CLOAK PURCHASERS

Will find a good assortment of Cloth and Silk Mantillas and Sacks at BEEKMAN & COMPANY,
No. 473 Broadway.

GENIN'S BAZAAR, NO. 513 BROADWAY.

IMMENSE SALE OF PARASOLS!!
TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE!!!
10,000 FINE FRENCH PARASOLS
50 PER CENT. BELOW MANUFACTURER'S COST.
ALL COLORS, ALL QUALITIES, ALL LINED, ALL IVORY HANDLES.
3,000 at $1 25, worth $2 50!
2,000 at $1 50, worth $3!!
1,000 at $2 50 worth $5!!!
2,000 at $3, worth $6!!!!
2,000 at $4, usual price $8 and $10!!!!!
No. 513 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES.

All seasonable and elegant fashions in
WALKING SHOES, TIES, GAITERS, SLIPPERS, SANDALS, TOILET SLIPPERS.
For ladies, misses, boys and infants, at
GENIN'S BAZAAR,
No. 513 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.

BOYS' CLOTHING—GENIN'S BAZAAR

Maintains its high reputation for the styles and make of
BOYS' CLOTHING,
by the beauty and elegance of its stock for the present season.
THE DRESS AND SCHOOL SUITS
deserve the attention of parents.
No. 513 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.

GENIN'S BAZAAR.

A large lot of Ladies' Colored Straw Bonnets—drab and brown, untrimmed, suitable for traveling—for 75 cents; worth $2 50. No. 513 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.

GENIN'S BAZAAR.

A large lot of Misses' Trimmed Straw Flats, suitable for country wear, for 75 cents; worth $3 50.
No. 513 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.

GENIN'S BAZAAR.

A large lot of Ladies' Leghorn Bonnets at $1 50; worth $5. No. 513 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.

CARPETS, CARPETS, CARPETS.
NOTICE TO CARPET BUYERS.
T. H. & J. E. CONCKLING,
No. 33 Cortlandt-st.,
Importers,
Manufacturers
and Wholesale Dealers in
CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS, WINDOW-SHADES, &c.,
Being frequently solicited to retail from their stock, and having greatly
Enlarged their premises,
They have opened a
RETAIL DEPARTMENT.
Until July 1,
Goods will be retailed at the same prices as sold at wholesale, from the finest velvet to the cheapest ingrains and Venetians.

Experienced upholsterers have been engaged, and goods will be made and laid down in this City or vicinity.

JOHN B. MURRAY & CO., BANKERS, No. 40 Wall-st., New-York, offer for sale:
Troy Six per Cent Bonds.
Camden and Amboy Railroad Guaranteed 6 per Ct. Bonds.
Virginia and Tennessee R.R. 1st mort. 6 per Cent Bonds.
Manassas Gap (Va.) Railroad 1st mort. 7 per Ct. Bonds.
Various City Gas Light Stocks, paying 10 per cent. div.
Oswego & Syracuse R.R. St'k. Morris & Essex R.R. St'k.
Various City Bank Stocks and other desirable Securities.
Collections made throughout this City and Cuba.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.—THOSE WISHING superb fits in dresses, should call upon Miss. F. A. SMITH, whose promptness and superior artistic skill in dressmaking is universally acknowledged by all her patrons. The best of City reference as guarantee. No. 113 4th-av., two doors above 12th-st.

STRAW GOODS OF THE LATEST PATTERNS.—A large and elegant assortment for misses and children, beautifully trimmed. First premium awarded. RE[illegible]E, Manufacturer, No. 381 Canal-

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—IN A LARGE IMPORTING AND JOBBING dry goods house, a person who has had experience in collecting information in relation to the standing and responsibility of City and country buyers. One thoroughly posted will be liberally remunerated. Address, with name and references, Box No. 1,752 Post-office.

WANTED—A GIRL OF NEAT AND INDUSTRIOUS habits and an amiable disposition to take the entire charge of two small children. No Irish need apply. Address, with real name and residence, H. M. D., Box No. 170 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A NEAT AND TIDY GERMAN GIRL, who can speak English, to do general housework. She must be a good washer and ironer and a good plain cook. A Protestant preferred. Apply at No. 29 East Broadway.

WANTED—IN A SMALL ENGLISH FAMILY A Scotch or English girl as laundress and to do chamberwork. Apply from 10 to 11 o'clock at No. 50 West 25th-st.

WANTED—A BOY, IN AN OFFICE, WHO writes a good hand; one who lives with his parents preferred; salary first year $50. Apply at No. 64 Pearl-st., up stairs, between 3 and 4 o'clock.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, WITH GOOD RECOMMENDATIONS (Irish or German), also to wash and iron. Apply at No. 34 9th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A WOMAN AS COOK AND TO DO general housework; must have good recommendations. Call at No. 115 Henry-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—IN A BOOKSTORE, A BOY 15 OR 18 years of age. Address L. E. X., Box No. 162 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY, A YOUNG woman who understands cooking and general housework. Apply at No. 70 East 22d-st.

WANTED—TWENTY-FIVE CHAIN STITCHERS to work on Linen Horse Covers, at No. 42 Fifth-st., corner of Fillmore-place, Williamsburgh, L. I.

COLLECTOR WANTED—AN AMERICAN 30 years of age, of active business habits, and with the most direct City references as to character and capacity. Address (giving last place of business and present residence) E. E. E., Box No. 174 *Times* Office.

FARMER WANTED—ON A FARM ABOUT 40 miles from the City; a single man, and a Scotchman preferred. Apply at No. 180 Greenwich-st., corner of Dey-st. None but a practical farmer need apply.

TIMOLAT'S OLD-ESTABLISHED SULPHUR AND VAPOR BATHS—No. 1 Carroll-place, Bleecker-st., for the cure of rheumatism and all mercurial diseases. The only genuine baths in the United States.

SHOW CASES.—HOFFMAN & FERSCH'S Show-case warerooms, No. 44 Chatham-st., near the City Hall. A general assortment of Show Cases kept constantly on hand. Old cases taken in exchange.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A NUMBER OF first-class servants, German, English, Irish and others, with first-class references, to be seen daily at the Broadway Institute, No. 414 Broadway, up stairs. This Institution, seven years established, is conducted by an English lady and gentleman, on strictly honorable principles, and affords peculiar facilities for supplying a class of servants unequalled in the City.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as good cook (in a private family) and baker, who is willing to take entire charge of a kitchen; willing to assist in the washing and ironing. No objection to go a short distance in the country. Understands the duty of a dairy, if required. The best of City references. Can be seen for 2 days at No. 184 7th-av., between 22d and 23d sts., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A MIDDLE AGED Protestant woman, as nurse in a private family; is accustomed to the care of children; can take the entire charge of a baby from its birth; has no objections to go to the country for the Summer; has lived twelve years in one place; has the best of City references. Can be seen for two days, at No. 1,097 Broadway, confectionery store.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO SMART AND tidy young women: one as down-stairs servant, and the other as chambermaid and waitress, or as nurse and seamstress. The cook is a good baker, and a first rate washer and ironer. Both are willing to make themselves generally useful. No objection to go in the country. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman, as first-rate cook, excellent baker, and has the best of City reference from her last situation, which she held for two years; wishes to go with a family into the country for the Summer, and be with them in the Winter. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 40 Spring-st., corner Mott-st., 2d floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, WASHER and ironer, by a respectable woman, in a private family. Has lived three years in her last place; can give good City references; would prefer the country for the summer; can be seen at No. 89 West 25th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as waitress; one that thoroughly understands her business from experience. Has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Best of City reference. Apply No. 210 3d-av., between 19th and 20th sts.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED RESPECTABLE woman, a situation as first-class cook; is accustomed to do the very best of cooking in first-class families in this City; best of City reference, and highly recommended as to capability and sobriety. Apply at No. 131 East 22d-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, AND TO assist in the washing and ironing; understands baking thoroughly; has five years' reference; also, a girl to do chamberwork and assist in the washing; wish to live together. Call at No. 139 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WIDOW, A situation as cook in all its branches; understands meats and poultry, baking, pastry, soups and jellies; no objection to assist with the washing and ironing. The best of City reference given. Call at No. 181 3d-av., between 17th and 18th sts. Can be seen for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as chambermaid and waitress, and assist in washing and ironing or to take care of children and do plain sewing; the best of City reference given. Can be seen for two days, at No. 18 Hubert-st., corner of Greenwich, front room, second floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION in a first-class family. Understands cutting and fitting ladies' dresses; also, children's clothing and family sewing of all kinds. No objection to travel in the capacity of lady's-maid. Has City references. Address No. 64 Barrow-st., near Bedford.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as seamstress or to take care of a growing child, or would do light chamberwork; has no objection to go to the country for the Summer. Has the best of City reference. Apply at No. 73 West 20th-st., near 6th-av., top floor back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as chambermaid and seamstress, or waiting and sewing; can cut and fit children's dresses; will be found competent and trustworthy. Call for two days, from 10 to 4, at No. 99 31st-st., between Lexington and 3d avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman, a situation as professional cook; understands all kinds of soups and game, all kinds of baking and pastries, and makes all kinds of desserts, and ice cream. Call for two days at No. 135 West 19th-st., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A COMPETENT woman, as first-class cook. Understands her business in all its branches. Has the best of City reference. No objection to the country. Apply at No. 77 West 17th-st. Can be seen till suited.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCED cook who understands pastry, and baking, and all kinds of desserts; no objection to assist in the coarse washing; good City reference. Call at No. 98 West 19th-st., first floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A NEAT, RESPECTABLE, PROTESTANT girl, a situation as nurse and plain sewer; is of obliging disposition; would assist with chamberwork if required. Can give the best of City reference. Apply at 119 9th-av., 2d floor, or address a note to E. H.

WANTED—BY A GOOD LAUNDRESS, A SITUATION in a private family; understands all kinds of fine muslins and French fluting; has lived with some of the best families in the City for the last ten years. Call for two days at No. 75 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GOOD COOK washer and ironer; has no objection to go in the country with a family, provided they come back again in the Fall; has good City references. Apply at No. 66 4th-av., between 9th and 10th sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE-AGED colored woman, a situation as first-class cook. Understands her business perfectly in all its branches. Has the best of recommendations. Can be seen at No. 28 4th-av., for 2 days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as nurse; fully capable of taking charge of a baby from its birth; can do plain sewing. Best of city reference can be given. No objection to go to the country. Apply at No. 54 University-place, near 12th st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waiter, or chambermaid and to assist in the washing and ironing. Has good reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 91 West 26th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, to cook and assist with the washing and ironing, or as laundress. Can give the best of City reference. Has lived eight years in her last place. Call at No. 112 West 19th-st., for two days—second floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress, or nurse and seamstress. Has no objections to go in the country for the Summer. Call at No. 242 6th-av., for two days. The best of City reference given.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress, or to do chamberwork and fine washing and ironing. The best of City reference can be obtained from her last place, where she has lived 2 years and 3 months. Call for 2 days at No. 167 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE; THOROUGHLY capable of taking care of children; can take charge of an infant and nursery; she is very well experienced in children and has the best City reference. Call at No. 472 4th st., between 1st and 2d avs., in the store.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS PROTESTANT Scotch cook, a situation, understands all kinds of meats, soups, game, poultry, jellies, &c.; is a splendid bread and pastry baker; is well recommended. Prefers the country. Apply at No. 275 Bowery.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as first-class cook; understands bread and cake making, in a first-class private family. No objections to the country. Best of City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 70 East 13th-st., one door east of 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN, to do chamberwork and waiting, or fine washing and ironing. Has the best of City reference from her last place. Apply at No. 192 East 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and waiter and to help as laundress, by a very competent girl, with good City reference. Call at No. 4 Cornelia-st., near 4th.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GERMAN GIRL, a situation in a private family, to cook, wash and iron, or do general housework. Apply at No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—A PLACE BY A RESPECTABLE girl, in a confectionary or children's clothing-store. Is a good plain sewer. Good references given as to honesty. Call at No. 152 West 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl, as chambermaid and plain seamstress, or as nurse and seamstress. Call at No. 365 6th-av., between 22d and 23d sts., for two days. Good City reference.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL A SITUATION as chambermaid and to assist with washing and ironing; may be seen at the house of her employers, No. 15 West 18th-st., for two or three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOMAN, as chambermaid; understands fine washing and ironing; or as waitress. Can give City reference. Apply at No. 89 25th st., between 6th and 7th avs., front room.

WANTED—BY AN INDUSTRIOUS GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and assistant in washing and ironing; has no objection to going to the country. Call at No. 106 Lexington-av., where she has lived five years.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl, to do general housework; is willing and obliging; has good City reference from her last employer. Can be seen at No. 148 Sullivan-st., back basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl as chambermaid or seamstress, or would take care of children; best of reference. Call at No. 231 West 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID or seamstress, by a girl that has good recommendations. Inquire at No. 130 Clinton-place, rear house, room No 21.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman to cook, wash and iron; is a good baker. Has best of City reference. Apply at No. 212 West 26th-st., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE girl, as chambermaid or waitress, or as nurse with a lady going into the country; best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 6 31st-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress; has been in one situation five years; will be well recommended by her present employer at No. 297 West 22d st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITUATION in a private family as chambermaid and sewing or take care of children. Has City reference. Apply at No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—A YOUNG WOMAN WANTS A SITUATION as waitress, or to do chamberwork and fine washing; has lived three years in her last place; has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 66 East 32d-st.

GOOD FRENCH AND GERMAN AND EVERY kind of servants may continually be had at the rooms of the Employment Society, Nos. 13 and 14 Bible House, 8th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. French nurses and German nurses, cooks, etc., on hand. French and German spoken.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and fine washer and ironer, or chambermaid and plain seamstress; does up all kinds of fine washing in superior style; is a neat fine sewer; truthful to her employers; neat in her habits and about her work; honest and industrious for the above capacities. She can furnish the best of City references. Can be seen at No. 122 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., 1st floor front room, for 2 days. No objection to the country.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant Englishman and wife; no incumbrance; the man, as coachman, understands the care and management of horses well, and is a careful driver; his wife, as chambermaid and seamstress or general up-stairs work; they will make themselves generally useful; no objection to the country. Apply for 3 days at No. 292 4th-av., near 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as first-class waitress or as chambermaid and waitress in a small private family; can fill either situations to give entire satisfaction; has got the best reference from families where she has lived for three years. Call or send a note to No. 173 West 32d-st., between 7th and 8th avs. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LADY'S MAID AND seamstress, by a respectable young English woman; can cut and fit ladies and children's dresses; also wait on a lady if required, and understands hair-dressing; can give the highest City reference. Can be seen this day and to-morrow, if not engaged, at No. 77 West 19th-st., near 6th av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family, by a respectable, sober and competent man, who has five years' good reference from last employer. Can be seen, until engaged, at the Janitor's, New-York Society Library, No. 67 University-place, basement door. None but first-class families need apply.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as seamstress; can cut and make children's clothes and ladies' dresses, and do all kinds of family sewing; has no objections to do light chamberwork, if required. Can give the best of City reference. Call at No. 99 East 31st st.

WANTED.—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation in a private family as cook; one who understands her business perfectly, and has no objections to go with a family to the country; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 73 West 20th st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION to do chamberwork or waiting, or to assist in washing and ironing, or to do general housework in a small private family; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 226 25th st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—A PLACE IN A SMALL FAMILY, TO do cooking, washing and ironing, by a smart, active girl. Can give good reference as to ability, &c. Apply at No. 67 18th-st., 2d floor, near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE English Protestant woman, as first-rate cook; she understands cooking in all its branches—meats, soups, pastry, jellies—and is a good bread baker; has no objection to go to the country. Apply at No. 124 4th-av., near 12th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY TWO COMPETENT, GENTEEL girls, with City references, situations in one family; one as nurse and chambermaid, does fine sewing, and will take charge of a baby from its birth, wages $7; the other as laundress, does up linen in good style, wages $7. Call at No. 216 East 23d-st.

WANTED—BY A GERMAN, A SITUATION AS lady's maid, nursery governess, &c.; is an excellent seamstress, and embroiders; speaks her language most correctly, and is a very desirable inmate of a family. Has most excellent testimonials. Apply to Mr. BOOKHAM, No. 59 East 13th-st., 3d door west of Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as nurse and plain sewer; can take charge of an infant from its birth; or chamberwork and fine washing; the best of City reference from her last place. Apply at No. 103 East 13th-st., between 1st and 2d avs. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman as chambermaid and waitress, or chamberwork and assist in washing and ironing. Can be seen by leaving a note at Union-square Post-office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as nurse and seamstress, or lady's maid; has no objection to the country; has lived ten years in the City; has the best of City references. Can be seen at No. 7 West 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITUATION in a private family, as chambermaid and waitress, or to cook, wash and iron. Has good City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 178 East 12th-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl, to do the general housework. Has good City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days, at No. 78 West 24th-st., 2d floor, front room, between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, WASHER and ironer; understands baking of all kinds. Also, a Protestant girl as chambermaid and waitress; have good City references. Call at No. 80 West 17th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS and to do light chamberwork; good City reference; no objection to going with a family to the country for the Summer. Apply at No. 226 West 25th-st., first floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman to go as good cook or excellent laundress; understands her business perfectly. Can be well recommended from her last place. Call at No. 85 East 22d-st., near Lexington av. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCED woman as good cook, and would be willing to assist in the washing and ironing of a small private family. Has good City reference. Inquire at No. 83 West 25th-st., for two days, in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as cook and to assist in the washing. The best City reference can be given. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 133 7th av., 3d floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as chambermaid and laundress, or to do plain sewing; has excellent recommendation from she place where she has lived 2½ years. Can be seen at No. 107 9th-st., until suited.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as laundress in a private family; can give good City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 74 Charles-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITUATION in a private family as chambermaid and waitress, or fine washing; has City reference. Call at No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-RATE DRESSMAKER— one who understands cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses—work by the day or week. Call, for one week, at No. 361 2d-av., between 22d and 23d sts., in the fancy store.

WANTED—BY A WELSH PROTESTANT WOMAN, a situation as chambermaid; best of City references. Apply at No. 84 West 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman, to nurse and to do sewing; good City reference can be given. Inquire at No 137 East 15th-st.

SITUATIONS PROCURED FOR SERVANTS in all capacities, such as cooks, waitresses, chambermaids, laundresses, nurses, seamstresses, and girls for general housework, both for City and country. Well recommended servants can be provided with first-class situations immediately. Apply at the Servant's Institute, No. 149 Grand st.

FAMILIES, HOTELS AND BOARDING-houses supplied with select German, English, Irish and Scotch servants of every capacity, at MORRIS COHNERT'S establishment, No. 424 Broadway, next door to Broadway Post-office. Also, gardeners, farmers, waiters, &c., constantly on hand.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a young man who lived three years in his last place; he understands the care of horses and carriages, and is a careful driver; is sober, honest and obliging; is willing to make himself useful about a gentleman's place; has no objection to the country; has good City reference. Can be seen, or addressed, at No. 932 Broadway, at Mr. Lowry's harness store.

WANTED—A WAITER'S SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT man in a private family who fully understands his business and has the best of references from most respectable families in the City and country. No objection to the country or to travel. Can be seen or heard of for three days by addressing R. C. W., No. 261 6th-av., corner of 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM OR COACHMAN by a man of good experience; understands the care of horses, harness and carriages; is a good waiter; has no objection to the country, and if required can make himself generally useful in a garden; wages no object, only a steady place in a respectable family; has got good City reference. Address M. H., for one week, if not engaged, Box No. 167 *Times* Office, or at No. 131 4th-av., corner of 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN IN A private family by a competent man; he perfectly understands his business in all its branches, to the care and management of horses, and is a steady, careful driver. Has five years' recommendation, and is of a most obliging disposition. Will get the best City reference from his last place. Address T. H., Box No. 204 *Times* Office, or Mr. Charles Coxhead, Saddler, No. 704 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young man as coachman and groom, who truly understands the care and management of horses, and is a careful driver, and is willing to devote his time to his employer's interest. No objection to City or country. Can produce the best of City reference from his last employer. Call on or address J. K., at S. Lowery's saddlery store, No. 932 Broadway, or Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN, as coachman; he understands the care and management of horses, and is a good and careful driver; can produce the best of reference from his last employer; would assist in garden, or make himself otherwise useful; can milk a cow; no objection to the country. Address J. H., Box No. 194 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY A married man; he fully understands the out-door management of vegetables, fruits and flowers; can give the most unexceptionable references from families of the highest standing in this City, in which he has been engaged for the last twenty years. Address J. W., at Bridgeman's seed-store, No. 876 Broadway, or Box 197 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER BY A RESPECTABLE French Protestant man; has good City references for capability, sobriety, honesty and neatness; will make himself generally useful; no objection to the country. A note addressed to E. M., at Mr. H. Kerr's, No. 746 Broadway, corner of Astor-place, will have immediate attention, for two days.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUATION as coachman; he thoroughly understands his business, and has the highest recommendations, as to capability and character, from gentlemen whom he lived with in this City. Has no objection to any part of the country. Address a line to O. P., Box No. 181 *Times* Office. To be heard of for three days.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG MAN A situation in a private family as coachman; he thoroughly understands his business in all its branches, and perfectly understands the care and management of horses; can produce the very best of references; seven years in his last place; prefers the country. Address J. M., Box No. 182 *Times* Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF GOOD CHARACTER, a situation to do light work in a warehouse, or as porter in a bank. He can be well recommended, and has permission to refer to the following gentlemen: Chas. H Russell, Esq.; Robert S. Hone, Esq.; and Henry H. Elliot, Esq. Application can be made to the latter name, at No. 31 Pine st., room No. 9, 2d story.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE man as coachman and gardener; he thoroughly understands the care and treatment of fast horses, also carriage horses; is a good careful driver; he understands green-house plants and flower gardens; has the best of City reference from his last employers. Can be seen for two days at No. 148 Sullivan-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN, as cook, who understands her business in all its branches, and would have no objection to assist in doing part of the washing. Has the best of testimonials from her last employers. Can be seen, until suited, at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a young man who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; understands the care of fast horses thoroughly; also the training of young horses; no objection to go to the country; can produce first-class references. Address J. D., at Mr. Trainor's harness store, No. 654 Broadway, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young man, as coachman and groom, who perfectly understands his business. Is sober, honest and obliging. Would prefer the country. Any gentleman in want of such person may apply at the Episcopal Brotherhood, No. 124 4th av., and inquire for JAMES McELROY. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Scotchman as porter in a store; is not afraid to work; has the best of City reference from his last employer as to honesty and sobriety; terms moderate. Call or address, at the store, No. 71 West 20th-st., near 6th-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a Protestant man who thoroughly understands the care and treatment of horses, coaches and harness; no objection to the country for the Summer. First-class City reference given. Ladies or gentlemen in want of such a man will address R. E., No. 12 Union-court, University-place, or Box No. 205 *Times* Office, for 3 days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom by a young man. He understands the management and the care both of young and old horses; is a careful driver; the country preferred; would take charge of a vegetable garden if required; has good City reference. Can be seen at, or address P. M., No. 125 4th-av., at Mr. Disney's harness-store.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN IS DESIROUS OF procuring a good situation for his coachman; he is a first-rate groom and driver; he is honest, sober, and can be trusted implicitly; he is also a first rate waiter. Any gentleman in want of a trustworthy man will address J. B., Box 991, N. Y. Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a respectable Protestant Scotchman, of long experience in the care and management of horses is a good and careful driver; has no objection to any part of the country; has the best City reference; can be seen for three days. Address T. C., 124 4th-av., near 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG MAN, German, a situation as waiter in a private family, hotel or saloon; would take a place as porter, and any other in which he could make himself useful; in a steady place, he would work for $10 per month. Apply at No. 414 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—A YOUNG OR MIDDLE AGED MAN of good address and unexceptionable references, in a publishing house. The applicant must write a good plain hand and be accurate in figures. Address Mr. JONES, Office of the *Evening Post*, New-York.

WANTED—BY A WILLING AND STEADY PROTESTANT German young man, a situation; is a good coachman and groom and a first-rate vegetable gardener; is willing to make himself useful; has no objections to any part of the country; has the best of reference. Call at No. 275 Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT married man, without incumbrance, as coachman; is an excellent groom and careful driver; would make himself generally useful on a gentleman's place. Satisfactory reference given. Address, for three days, J. B., Box No. 197 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, groom or assistant gardener, by one who truly understands his business, and is willing to make himself generally useful. No objection to the country. The best of City reference given. Apply for four days at the *Times* Office, Box No. 167.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG MAN, A situation as coachman; no objection to the country for the Summer; refers for honesty and knowledge of horses to his last employer. Call or address MARTIN, at Mr. Disney's store, No. 125 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom by a young man who thoroughly understands the care and management of carriages and horses, and will be found very obliging. Can be highly recommended. Address P. H., Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE man as coachman and groom, who perfectly understands his business; is sober, honest and obliging. Can produce the best of City reference. Address M. F., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM AND coachman by a Protestant young man; thoroughly understands his business; has good City reference, and would make himself generally useful if required. Address, for three days, B. C., Box No. 196 *Times* Office.

WANTED—TO THE DRY GOODS OR HARDWARE trade—A situation by a young man in the wholesale or retail trade; has a knowledge of bookkeeping; no objection to city or country. Address J. B, Box 193 *Times* office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER BY A Protestant young man in a small private family; no objection to go in the country; can give the best of City reference from his last employer. Address Mr. RANDOLPH, No. 683 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT man and wife; the man as gardener, the wife as chambermaid and waitress, or laundress or as cook; best of City reference. Apply at No. 91 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., up stairs, top floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MAN AND wife, to take charge of a house during the family's absence; has first rate City reference. Direct, by note, to No. 222 West 18th-st., in the rear, to P. B.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN, as coachman and gardener; understands his business in all its branches. Address B. W., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single, middle-aged Englishman. Best of reference given from his present employer; three years in last place. Inquire at No. 361 Bowery, corner 4th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CLERK BY A young man fully competent. Address, for three days, JOSEPH, Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

PARTIES GOING ABROAD DESIROUS of leaving their household establishments under the careful supervision of a gentleman and wife, may hear of a favorable opportunity of doing so by addressing H. L. S., Box No. 177 *Times* Office, stating when and where an interview may be had. Most unexceptionable references given.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OFFICE FOR PROCURING AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

J. P. PIRSSON, No. 5 Wall-st., New-York.
A pamphlet of information sent free.

PASSPORTS.—HAVING BEEN FREQUENTLY requested by friends to obtain Government Passports, the subscriber has decided to make this a portion of the business of his office.

$5 will be the charge for procuring a passport, and $1 the charge for obtaining the *visé* of a Foreign Minister upon a Passport. On the receipt of the requisite fee, the necessary papers, accompanied by full directions, will be promptly forwarded by mail. Attention is called to the subjoined extract from an official circular.
Z. C. ROBBINS,
OFFICE FOR PATENTS, WASHINGTON, D. C., May, 1859.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, August, 1857.

Citizens of the United States visiting foreign countries are liable to serious inconvenience, if unprovided with authentic proof of their national character. Their best safeguard is a passport from this Department, certifying the bearer to be a citizen of the United States.

GAS CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, HALL AND OTHER PENDANTS, &c, &c—The subscribers, returning thanks to their friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on them, respectfully beg leave to say they are now fully prepared to furnish the above articles in every variety on the shortest notice and most liberal terms. Being manufacturers, they are enabled to offer such inducements to purchasers as will well repay them for a call at their manufactory previous to purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—Churches and public buildings fitted with gas-pipe and fixtures throughout, on the most moderate terms and with all possible dispatch. J. & T. DONALDSON, No. 85 Leonard-st., near Broadway.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between JEREMIAH WARDELL and ROB'T B. WARDEN is this day dissolved by mutual consent. ROB'T B. WARDEN is authorized to settle up all business relating to the late firm, and will continue to carry on the business at No. 340 Washington-st., N. Y., where he will be happy to meet his old friends and customers.
NEW-YORK, May 7, 1859. JEREMIAH WARDELL.
ROBERT B. WARDEN.

DON'T SCOLD YOUR SERVANTS FOR punching holes in the refrigerator; it cannot be avoided if you use the common ice pick or mallet, but buy one of Giffin's or Rowe's patent ice breakers; you will soon save double its cost in ice. For sale by all hardware dealers; manufactured by F. STEVENS, No. 229 Pearl-st., up stairs.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

GOLD WATCHES,	DIAMONDS,
SILVER WATCHES,	FINE GOLD JEWELRY,

Sterling silver ware tea sets, cake baskets, and double-plated ware, very low and warranted.
SQUIRE & LANDER, No. 97 Fulton-st.

SILVER-PLATING ESTABLISHMENT with batteries complete, and small stock of goods; has been doing good business four years; good reasons for selling. First rate chance for a small capital. Price $400. Apply at JERVIS' INFORMATION EXCHANGE, No. 229 Broadway.

OTIS' PATENT LIGHTNING ROD, WITH SOLID GLASS INSULATORS.

The Lyon Manufacturing Company REMOVED to No. 203 Broadway. Glass Ring and other Rods at cost.
GAY & WEST, Agents, No. 203 Broadway.

A MOTHER WISHES TO MEET WITH some lady who will adopt a healthy male child, four years old, and give him a mother's care. Address R. C., Box No. 182 *Times* Office, stating where an interview can be had.

PAINTINGS.—A SMALL COLLECTION OF VALUABLE oil-paintings will be sold for less than half their value; a rare chance for dealers. Apply to GRIFFIN & CO., No. 77 Nassau-st., Room No. 4.

NIGHT SCAVENGER.—JOHN DENNER night scavenger. Orders left at No. 48 Chatham-st., or No. 294 East 12th-st., will be punctually attended to.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, MAY 10, 1859.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Daily) is published every morning:—Price Two Cents served at 12½ cents a week mailed Six Dollars a year.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Semi-weekly)—Three Dollars a year; two copies to one address, for Five Dollars.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Weekly)—Two Dollars a year; ten copies, to one address, for Twelve Dollars; twenty copies to one address for Twenty Dollars. *Any person sending us a Club of twenty or more will be entitled to an extra copy.*

Terms—Cash invariably in advance.

All letters to be addressed to the "New-York Times," New-York City.

Amusements this Evening.

METROPOLITAN THEATRE—Adrienne—A Pretty Piece of Business.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—A Midsummer Night's Dream.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—Rob Roy.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—A Morning Call—Charles XII.—Box and Cox.

BOWERY THEATRE—Flowers of the Forest—Swiss Swains—Jumbo Jum.

NATIONAL THEATRE—Amalderic—The Hidden Hand.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM—Jessie Vere.

WOOD'S BUILDINGS—Select Negro Minstrelsy—The Genii of the Lake.

PALACE GARDEN—Grand Horticultural Festival.

Mails Close at the Post-Office.

North—Albany, Buffalo and Canadas..........8½ P. M.
North and West Way Mail..........5½ A. M.
Western Mail *via* Erie Railroad...5½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.
South and Southwestern Mail.....7 A. M. and 4½ P. M.
East for Boston, by Railroad......5½ A. M. and 2 P. M.
East for Boston, by Steamboat..................4 P. M.

The Overland Mail for California leaves St. Louis every Monday and Thursday, at 8 A. M. Letters designed for it should be marked "Overland, *via* St. Louis."

The Overland Mails from St. Joseph, (Mo.,) to Placerville, *via* Salt Lake City, leaves St. Joseph every Saturday, at 8 A. M. Letters should be marked "Overland *via* St. Joseph."

Ocean Mails.

The European Mails by the steamship *Africa*, hence for Liverpool, will close at the New-York Post-office to-morrow, May 11, at 11½ o'clock.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

We this morning chronicle the arrival of two steamers from Europe, bringing advices one week later.

The screw-steamer *Anglo-Saxon*, at Quebec, brings advices to the 27th ult., four days later. They are of the utmost interest. There is no announcement of a declaration of war, the three days prescribed by Austria to Sardinia only having expired on the evening preceding the departure of the steamer. The French troops, however, had begun to enter Piedmont; and the Austrians were preparing to pass the Ticino on the 26th. The King of Sardinia, who is to command his army, was to leave Turin for Alessandria on the 27th; and the same day had been fixed for the departure of the French Emperor and Prince Napoleon to take the command of the French army. The Sardinians propose to throw themselves in the way of the Austrians at Sesia, and to endeavor to hold their own until sustained by their French auxiliaries. In the meantime, two events of entirely unexpected character had occurred to change the face of affairs. Russia, on the 22d ult., had celebrated an alliance, offensive and defensive, with France, engaging to menace the frontiers of Prussia and Austria, in the event of a conflict. The knowledge of this fact had, perhaps, induced Austria to regret her warlike precipitancy; for the London *Herald*, of the 27th, states that dispatches had been received at the British Foreign Office announcing the willingness of the Cabinet of Vienna to accept further mediation on the part of England. After, however, the strong expressions of partiality for Austria uttered by the British Ministers in the recent Parliamentary debate, it is not to be expected that British mediation will longer be acceptable to France, Russia, or Sardinia. Prussia, it is now stated, declines to take any part in the conflict, while the German Federal army is mobilized only as a body of observation. The general news by this arrival is devoid of interest.

In addition to the above news by the *Anglo-Saxon*, we have advices to the 30th ult. by the *Adelaide*, at St. Johns, from Galway, which are of the first importance. Hostilities had not actually commenced, but a large body of Austrians had crossed the Ticino, which may be considered equivalent to a declaration of war. In consequence of this movement of Austria, Cotton had declined, while Breadstuffs were all considerably advanced, and Provisions were also somewhat higher. Consols had declined to 89@89½, and the Bank of England had advanced its rate of discount to 3½ per cent. The French troops were also pouring into Piedmont. Tuscany had declared against Austria, and Denmark was reported to have done the same. The news from all parts of the Continent is of the most important and exciting character, and points most unmistakably to a speedy and desperate conflict.

It is understood that the Postmaster-General has rendered a decision on the bids for the California Mail service, but it has not yet been made public.

Instructions for Utah were yesterday made up at the State and War Departments, and they are understood to be of such a nature as to render the resignation of Gen. Johnston probable. He is hereafter to await the orders of Gov. Cumming before calling out the troops for the assistance of the civil authorities.

Massachusetts, yesterday, voted on the proposition to amend the State Constitution so as to require foreigners to reside two years in the State after naturalization before being entitled to vote. The vote was rather light, but the returns received from eighty cities and towns indicate that the amendment is adopted by a very large majority. The vote, as far as heard from, stands—for the amendment, 12,837; against it, 8,132.

The dams at the Holley Embankment in the Erie Canal have been so far completed as to permit a resumption of navigation. The great breach at Holley probably cannot be repaired for some time to come, but loaded boats can pass without difficulty through the old Canal.

The Mayor, last evening, nominated to the Board of Aldermen, for City Inspector in place of George W. Morton, Mr. S. Benson McGown, a Democrat of the Twelfth Ward. The nomination was returned to the Mayor like those which preceded it. A resolution directing the Committee on the Croton Aqueduct Department, to report a plan for drinking fountains for the City was adopted; so was a resolution directing the Counsel to the Corporation to report to the Board his opinion as to the legality of the Acts of the Legislature organizing the Board of Supervisors. The report of the Committee on Salaries and Offices in favor of giving the Comptroller 13 additional clerks was adopted. The Board concurred with the Councilmen in calling on the Mayor to convene the Board of Health.

In the Board of Councilmen last evening, Mr. Ottarson offered a resolution directing the Croton Aqueduct Department to report plans and estimates for placing four hundred drinking fountains or hydrants in the streets and squares of the City. The resolution was adopted. A description of the assessment lists awaiting confirmation was transmitted by the Mayor. His communication was referred to the Committee on Assessments. Five thousand dollars were appropriated to defray the expenses of celebrating Fourth of July.

The Floral Festival in aid of Mrs. Phelps' proposed Horticultural School was brilliantly inaugurated last night, at the Palace Garden, Sixth-avenue and Fourteenth-street. There was a large display of pictures, a tolerable show of flowers, a splendid exhibition of fireworks, and a speech to match from Wm. H. Fry.

The New-York Benevolent Association of Bookbinders celebrated their thirty-fourth anniversary last evening, by a dinner at the Apollo Rooms, in Broadway. The entertainment passed off pleasantly, and did honor to the Association, which is one of the oldest in the City, and is in a flourishing condition.

The American Seamen's Friend Society held its Thirty-first anniversary last evening in the Fourteenth-street Presbyterian Church. Following the reading of an abstract of the annual report were addresses by several gentlemen connected with the Society, by Rev. R. Given, Chaplain in the Navy; Rev. H. D. Ganse, and Rev. R. W. Clark, of Brooklyn. The Society is prosperous.

The Jury in the case of James Glass, tried for the murder of Richard Owens, are still out. They left the Court-room, for the consideration of their verdict, on Friday, at 3 P. M. Judge Davies summoned them into his presence yesterday morning and administered a rebuke, which, however, did not take effect, as they remain at present precisely as they did on Friday—eleven for conviction, and one for acquittal. It is well understood that the dissenting juror is a personal friend of the prisoner.

Flour was quite active and was dearer yesterday. The principal kinds of Grain were in fair demand at firmer prices. Provisions attracted more attention. Beef advanced. Groceries were less active. A fair business was reported in Resin and Spirits Turpentine. Freights were quiet.

The Russo-French Alliance.

One fact of the first importance defines itself sharply and clearly upon the mist of rumors and reports which envelopes the European news yesterday received. This is the public avowal of that alliance, offensive and defensive, between Russia and France, which has been steadily hinted at for the last six months by the best-informed writers on European affairs, and into which, as the London *Post* very justly remarks, the Emperor Napoleon has been forced at last, by the vacillating and unworthy policy to which Lord Derby has thought fit to commit the English Government. The full importance of this new combination in the world of European politics cannot be accurately estimated until the terms of the alliance, and the ground which it covers, in regard to the present difficulties in Europe shall be made known to us. There are many reasons, however, besides the extraordinary impression produced by the news upon the public funds in London, (although that impression recalls, in suddenness and severity, the effects of Lord Malmesbury's rejection by the French Directory, and of Bonaparte's great victories in the campaign of 1797,) for regarding this union of France with Russia as a final and paralyzing blow to the Western Alliance. The London *Times* affects to be "startled" by the intelligence, and may perhaps have been really taken by surprise, since the Viennese correspondent of that journal has for some time been devoting himself to an advocacy of the Austrian interest so headlong and so obstinate that he has not hesitated to represent Russia as drifting rapidly into the embrace of the House of Hapsburg. But impartial Englishmen can scarcely be surprised that France should have preferred the active coöperation of a Power prepared to enforce respect for treaties, and for international law upon the domineering foe of Italy, to the lukewarm and uncertain sympathy of a State whose rulers have positively committed themselves to an open indorsement of three fifths of those acts of Austria upon which the decision of Europe had been invited by Napoleon. While England responded to the appeal of her Imperial ally by despatching an Envoy to Vienna with instructions from a Government whose leaders—Lord Derby, Lord Malmesbury, and Mr. Disraeli—have since declared their perfect conviction that Austria had a right to make those very treaties with the lesser Italian States which France and Europe had challenged her to justify, Russia, on the contrary, echoed the voice of France, by suggesting a Congress of the great Powers, in which the whole matter might be openly debated. In this contrast it was natural and reasonable that the French Emperor should find ample ground for accepting the hearty concurrence of Russia. England, by whose side he had fought in defence of nationality and independence on the shores of the Black Sea, refused to confide in his sincerity when he asked her aid in behalf of the same cause on the shores of the Mediterranean. Russia, more than anxious to avenge upon the House of Hapsburg the treacherous ill-will manifested towards herself during the Crimean war, and willing to strengthen the neutral force of Italy in the south of Europe, came cordially forward at the summons of France. The French sovereign has closed with the propositions of Alexander, whatever they may have been, and the mad menace offered by Austria to Europe, in her rejection of all the friendly offers that have in succession been made to her, has now been met by the gathering of the most tremendous storm that has ever threatened her existence. Upon the ulterior aims and objects involved in this apparent reconstruction of the arrangements of Tilsit, it would be premature to speculate. We do not, however, anticipate the evolution of anything at all analogous to the Franco-Russian system of the First Napoleon from this new alliance. Times have changed, and the world has changed with them. The Czar, Alexander II., is understood to be much more earnestly bent than any of his predecessors upon the commercial development of Russia towards the East. Under the impulses of his policy, Russia is steadily gravitating towards China and the North Pacific, thence to put forth the fibres of her empire southward over Asia. The monopoly of the East, long maintained by England with force of arms, is evidently destined to disappear, is already disappearing, under the combined advance of American enterprise and of Russian civilization. It is very possible that this process may be eventually accelerated by the formation of a strict alliance between France and her late antagonist. In that event neither the world in general, nor any nation in particular, will have reason to lament the change, least of all England herself, whose present position in that part of the globe is anomalous, untenable and in no just sense of the words, either profitable or politic. The world is moving and she must move with it.

So far as the immediate results of a combined action of France and Russia against Austria are concerned, they can hardly fail to be decisive of the Austrian destiny.

On the 26th of April, Austria did indeed officially intimate her acceptance of the proposed mediation of England. But as this acceptance was probably followed up the next day by the advance of the Austrian army into Sardinia, it may well be regarded merely as a slight attempt upon the future sympathy of England. The three days allowed by Austria to Sardinia for accepting peace or war expired on the 26th. There can be no doubt as to the choice of Sardinia; and it was probably on the 27th or 28th* that Austria moved across the Ticino, not exactly the two hundred thousand men so rashly attributed to her by the London *Times*, but a force doubtless overestimated in the telegrams at a hundred and twenty thousand strong. This decisive step isolates her in Europe. The mission of the Arch-Duke Albert to Berlin proves, as it was presumable it should, to have resulted in a failure, Prussia having positively refused to sustain Austria in her resistance to the Franco-Sardinian demands. The neutral attitude of Prussia and England would have sufficed, without the threatening movements of Russia, to chill the fever of Germanic enthusiasm in the lesser German States. All about Austrian Italy, the populations of the Italian States are fast flowing together into a circle of fire and steel. Tuscany has been forced by the popular feeling to take her place by the side of Sardinia. The French troops are rapidly pouring over the Alps, and accumulating in the rear of the Sardinian forces, while Russia has set in motion for the Austrian frontiers two *corps d'armée*, amounting on the usual *cadres* of the Russian war-footing to one hundred and twenty thousand men.

If Austria persists in braving this coalition, it will be easy to cast her political horoscope. The shade of Nicholas will not long be cheated of its vengeance at Schönbrunn. If, on the other hand, Austria is cowed by the tempest she has evoked, and throws herself upon the sympathies of Lord Derby in an European Congress over which France, Sardinia and Russia are to exercise a preponderating control, her career in Italy will be hardly less effectually brought to a close. There can be little doubt, we think, that the House of Hapsburg having taken the sword, will choose to perish by the sword rather than stand humiliated before the great council of its peers.

The Woes of Mr. Forsyth.

Mr. Buchanan, we believe, considers himself about "the best-abused man" in the United States, and he certainly ought to be an authority on the subject. His case, however, differs in one very remarkable point from that of most ill-used individuals. The opprobrium which other men have to meet and endure, and of which the late Daniel O'Connell complained in the now hackneyed phrase which we have quoted above, is heaped upon them by their enemies. But the hardest things which have ever been said of Mr. Buchanan have flowed from the lips of his friends. We can hardly call to mind an attack upon him made since the glorious days of his early promise the text of which has not been furnished by some of his bosom intimates. The companions of his boyhood seem to delight in holding him up to the execration of mankind. His most cherished associates give him the hardest kicks. Those who swore most fondly in 1856 that he would make the wisest and best President that ever sat in the chair, now furnish the most damning proofs of their own blindness over their sign manual and in the public prints. We know how much of this sort of endearment R. J. Walker has lavished on him, and how many of these caresses he has received at the hands of the well-beloved Forney.

The Honorable John Forsyth, late Minister to Mexico, now comes to swell the list of devotees, and he has just been kissing his great chief on the cheek in the columns of the Mobile *Register*, after a fashion which will be found fully set forth in another column. Mr. Forsyth has come back from Mexico, where he conducted himself to his own satisfaction; but that veracious organ, the *Constitution*, takes an entirely different view of the matter. It has said a good many unkind things about him, but nothing by which he is apparently so much cut up as by the insinuation that he had "declared war upon the Administration." He acknowledges he has, but he treats the charge much as Pitt treated the imputation of being "a young man." He considers it the most natural thing in the world—as natural as having a beard or finger-nails. All Democrats, he says, have declared "war on the Administration." To use his own elegant language, "he has yet to meet the first one who does not regard the Administration a lamentable failure, and as having fallen away from the lofty policy settled for it at Cincinnati." He enforces this point at some length, and lays it down as indisputable that no party, not even the indomitable and unterrified, could carry the weight of James Buchanan's "inanity and violated pledges." After this remarkable tribute to the great statesman's honesty and ability, and to the foresight and discrimination of the great party with whom he has been so long associated, and who know him so well, the Minister takes up some private and personal matters. The *Constitution* testifies to the kind and friendly feelings of the President towards the erring Ambassador. But the diplomatic sheep doesn't appreciate these pastoral endearments, and actually calls them all, in cold blood, "twaddle." The "organ," evidently with the view of saying something agreeable, goes on to add that "Mr. Forsyth was the first Foreign Minister to recognize the anti-constitutional revolution and the usurped Government of Zuloaga"—a statement which the Ex-Minister characterizes as "unequivocally false."

Mr. Forsyth confesses that he was for a long while utterly at a loss to know the reason of the President's love for him, or, as it would be called by outsiders, his hostility to him; so, after pondering over it a good while, he resolved to send his master a letter, and ask for "his reasons in writing." The letter, as will be perceived, is a lengthy document, and just such a one as those to which the public has been so often treated during the last two years from other cherished members of the party. It contains the usual complimentary allusions to the Presidential inconsistency, tergiversation, deceit, falsehood and what not. We regret to add that it was returned indorsed, as so many of Mr. Buchanan's communications from his supporters, have been of late, by the Presidential right hand, with the awful words, "*disrespectful, ungrateful, and absurdly unfounded.*" We all remember the strange fashion in which the letters of Mr. Wilkins Micawber were treated by the friends of that gentleman's wife. We remember the difficulty he experienced in ever extracting a response even to one of them; but nothing in his epistolary career is half as heartrending as this harrowing incident in the relations of the Mexican Ambassador and the President. To have a State paper of such magnitude disposed of in four epithets, would be trying to any constitution however vigorous. A second letter, however, was not even honored with an indorsement, and so the matter appears to have ended. We hardly know which to admire most—Mr. Forsyth's insubordination or Buchanan's vigor. The President never displays this quality in such perfection as when he is abusing somebody who has done him good service; and he appears in the Forsyth matter to have preserved his reputation. The whole picture is so pleasing, that we let the curtain fall on it reluctantly. It gives a highly gratifying notion of the harmony, unity and energy which pervade all branches of the present Administration.

Drinking Hydrants.—A resolution exceedingly refreshing for these hot May days was brought up in the Board of Councilmen last evening. It has in view the placing five hundred drinking hydrants in the streets and squares of the City, and directs the Croton Board to furnish estimates forthwith of the probable expense of the work. If the movement is carried out, every citizen and stranger will bless the originator. Customers at the cheap and poisonous soda-fountains, as well as the numbers of those frequenting grog-shops, will be greatly diminished. Indeed, the only opponents of the measure will be found among the proprietors of these establishments. When once erected, these hydrants must become a positive necessity. Let the pipes be tapped on every block, so that through the coming Summer months wayfarers, whether they be mechanics, merchants, or ragged urchins, may have their parched throats cooled whenever and wherever there may be necessity.

Our Chevalier d'Industrie.

There is now in this City a gentleman who possesses the singular advantage over his fellow-creatures of wearing his heart, not metaphorically, but literally upon the outside of his bosom. For this distinction the fortunate mortal in question is indebted to a peculiarity of physical conformation, described by the learned in such matters as a "congenital fissure of the *sternum*," which, being rendered into the vernacular, is as much as to say that he was born with a window in his breastbone. For him to conceal the natural yearnings and throbbings of his heart would be a useless affectation. He therefore calmly contributes himself to science, and invites all men to study their own hearts in observing his. But remarkable among the sons of men as M. Groux may justly claim himself to be, he has a rival. What Nature has done physically for him, experience has done morally for the Chevalier Wikoff. The Chevalier Wikoff carries his heart, not, indeed, the "interesting muscle so called," but his affections, his instincts, the finer and subtler essence of the Wikoffian personality, upon the ample margin of his well-watered vest, or even, as the skeptical reader of his serenely quizzical effusions may sometimes be led to suspect, just within the silken lining of his graceful sleeve. He is the confidant of all the world. He has no secrets from the enlightened public. Whatever happens to him, happens to all of us. Like those of Dante, (if he will pardon us for comparing him with so stiff-necked a Puritan, who complained of going up and down other people's stairs and eating other people's bread as a calamity, and lacked the sense to see how capital an investment hospitality might often be made, at least for the *guest*,) the Chevalier's "thoughts are parcel of mankind."

This peculiarity of the Chevalier's organization makes him a highly entertaining and not altogether uninstructive member of society. Sooner or later the inner life of all the Chevalier's intimates is sure to see the day, through his translucent soul; and as the Chevalier associates only with notabilities, he is constantly telling us all sorts of delightful gossip about people so conspicuous as to make their works and ways of the highest interest for the *quid-nuncs*. Like the lady whose lips were stained by her jealous husband, so that they might set a fatal seal upon any osculatory invader of his domestic peace, the Chevalier always carries away upon his open countenance some private trait or mark of those whom he strains to his bosom in the close embrace of his affectionate friendship. And what a company they make up, these old loves and new, with whom the chevalier is off or on, as fate has determined! Premiers and Presidents, poets and politicians, *danseuses* and ladies of fashion; Lord Palmerston and James Gordon Bennett, Fanny Ellsler and Mr. Bryant, Louis Napoleon and Mr. Buchanan, have all been his, and sooner or later he will make them all ours. He has just been dispatched, as our readers know, to China, as bearer of our new Treaty with the Celestials. To this use of his fine faculties some of his "friends," and especially "Mr. Bryant, Major Heiss, Mr. Pryor, and Colonel Forney," have, as it would appear, been earnestly objecting. They have expressed themselves in fact, rather strongly upon the subject, and in such terms that one who didn't know the facts would hardly infer them to be the Chevalier's friends, "from the remarks they make." The Chevalier has accordingly taken pains to put the world right on this subject in a lively and characteristic epistle to another of his now "dearest dears," his "Tisby" of the hour, the editor of the *Herald*. In this epistle he opens the enchanting prospect of another Wykoffian Apocalypse. He is going to China, which is a long way off. He will have lots of leisure "there and back." He will accordingly write a new volume of autobiography, in which he will set forth all that has happened to him since he abandoned Miss Gamble for the *Herald* and Lord Palmerston for Mr. Buchanan. We shall have the whole interior of the White House. We shall see life as it is on Washington Heights. What a fascinating vista of agreeable details! We shall see the President without his "white choker," and the venerable Bennett in *deshabille*. We must sing Horatian odes for the safety of the vessel which bears the Chevalier beyond the gates of "Ormus and of Ind." Let him be cared for by every breeze, spared by every bullet, between Broadway and Pekin. *Reddat incolumem* is the cry we send after every vehicle that shall receive so precious a freight. We must have him back in safety, and gaze once more upon the graphic pictures his candid genius loves to trace upon the "ruddy tablets of his open heart."

Registry in Rhode Island.

It is not a little curious to observe the diverse views entertained of the elective franchise, liberty, human rights, and other great questions of the sort, in different States. Here, in New-York, we cannot endure a Registry law of any kind, inasmuch as no bar must be placed between him who claims to vote and the box which receives his ballot, even long enough to enable the officers in charge of said box to ascertain whether the applicant has any right to vote at all. But it is quite otherwise in Rhode Island, which ought to be a liberal State, as it has a Constitution not many years old, framed expressly to meet the views of those patriots who joined Gov. Dorr in his rebellion against the old King Charles Charter. Well, what do we find in free little Roda? Why this: Not only a strict and stringent Registry law, but a requirement that every man who wishes to vote at any election—general or special—must pay a Registry tax of one dollar into the State Treasury. Is there an outcry against all this odious tyranny? Not a bit of it. We have before us the Providence *Post*, the leading Democratic journal of the State, which, instead of denouncing the Registry and the tax, as a Democratic paper with us would do, in the most emphatic terms to be found in any dictionary, quietly but urgently advises its Democratic friends to pay their taxes, reminding them that "the Registry voter whose tax is not paid to-day (last Friday,) cannot vote for Mayor, and Marshal, and Clerk, and Treasurer, next Wednesday." "The payment of the tax," it says, "is the first step towards victory. It must be taken, or victory is out of the question."

The acceptable manner in which a Registry law operates in New-England ought to furnish the politicians of this State with some valuable instructions. There, nobody objects to its working. Republicans and Democrats, natives and adopted citizens, alike acquiesce in the measure as one eminently reasonable, proper and beneficial. But with us a popular prejudice has been aroused, which nothing short of some experience of the benefits of a Registry can allay. When such a law shall be enacted and fairly tried, it will unquestionably establish itself in the general good opinion here as it has invariably done elsewhere.

A Poser.

The *Pennsylvanian*, Mr. Buchanan's organ, asks in despair:

> "When are we to be consulted as an equal among the nations of the world? We answer, when the people demand statesmanship from their leaders, and national views as prerequisites for representative offices; when they cease to heed the miserable wrangling of local politicians; when they enforce the national enactments and sustain the National Executive; when they strengthen the Government at home and aid its policy abroad; *when they back by the united will of the nation a President who stands before the world as their representative, recommending nothing which has not been matured by wise counsel, and asking nothing which will not add to the dignity, power and prosperity of the whole Union.* When the American people are prepared to do all these things, then we shall be a nationality among the nations of the world, potential everywhere, and prosperous at home—then we shall have a national platform for a national man to stand upon, one who comprehends the destiny of this Union, one who can make a forecast of coming events, and place the States in the foremost rank by sea and land, commercially and politically. Can we make such a platform, and have we such a man? We shall see."

The answer to the query is exceedingly consolatory, and is more than consolatory—it is novel. It is quite refreshing in these corrupt days to learn that when the best men are all elected to offices, the offices will be filled by the best men, and that when the United States is a model of wisdom and greatness, mankind by an extraordinary hallucination will respect it. We are, however, at present in so bad a way, that it looks as if the people did *not* demand statesmanship from their leaders, and national views as prerequisites for representative offices. At all events, we know they don't get them, whether they demand them or not. The White House, we may mention, is as good a place as we know of for the *Pennsylvanian* to address its inquiries to upon this subject. If we have fallen into contempt amongst the nations of the earth, the Departments surely know the reason why.

Anti-Rent to be Revived.—The Troy *Whig* states that many of the tenants in the Anti-Rent districts are disposed not to acquiesce in the recent decision of the Court of Appeals against them. Meetings have been called to consider the condition in which that decision has placed them, and in the language of the handbills, "to take an appeal to the people."

It is now some twenty years since the Anti-Rent excitement began to be a power in the State. During that period it has, on various occasions, entered largely into politics, and even decided State elections. Members of the Legislature, of Congress and of the Judiciary have been nominated to conciliate the Anti-Renters. Their leaders have been alternately courted and prosecuted. Some of them have been chosen to office, and others sent to State Prison.

The Anti-Renters doubtless have had hardships to complain of, but the law is manifestly against them. There is no obligation more inexorably enforced than that which binds the tenant to pay rent. Large domains, occupied in small farms, on long leases, are unquestionably against the usual real estate policy of this State; and it is a misfortune that such estates should exist. But the title of the landlords appears to be impregnable, and therefore the tenants can gain nothing by waging a fruitless war. We trust that the Anti-Rent troubles are not about to be renewed.

The Central Park.—We cannot forbear to call the attention of our readers to an instance of single-minded public spirit which, although it sounds "like stories from the land of spirits," did actually occur at yesterday's meeting of the Park Commissioners. A salary of $5,000 *per annum* having been attached to the office of Treasurer on the Central Park, Mr. Andrew H. Green was elected to fill that office by his fellow Commissioners. But he declined to do so, on the ground that, as he had taken no money whatever for his services as a Commissioner, up to this time, he thought it far better to continue in the same good way. He was subsequently elected President *without* a salary, and in that position will do all the work of a Treasurer. Mr. Green has been from the first one of the most active members of the Central Park Commission, and his action of yesterday is in perfect keeping with the spirit which has thus far presided over this most fortunate of our public works.

The Day of Dust.

People who enjoy the sensations of alternate roasting and freezing, with the additional luxury of being smothered in dust, must have had a surfeit yesterday. It was July at noon and January at sunset. The sweet south wind which had been all day stealing more odors from us than it brought, as the sun went down, suddenly vamosed the ranch, driven off by a fierce, blustering northeaster, which came tearing, shrieking, slamming, banging through our streets, heavily charged with icy particles, as though it came over a squadron of icebergs floating along the coast to windward of us.

As there was a fine collection of miscellaneous matter in the streets, composed of triturated paving stones and the refuse of the May movings, Old Boreas had a rare chance to show his skill in street sweeping, which he did in the "Ercles vein," raising such a dust as could be encountered nowhere else, except in the Desert of Arabia during a sirocco, or in the plains of Patagonia in the time of a pampero. A few sanguine individuals who had come out in the morning with Summer waistcoats and white trowsers, hurried home in a most pitiable condition, grimy with dust and chattering with cold. It is only the happy dwellers in the temperate latitudes who can have any just conception of the delightful sensations occasioned by those caprices of our climate, which give us in one day the atmosphere of July and January; and it is only New-York, we hope, where one can enjoy the spectacle of a spiral pillar of dust and ashes gyrating through the streets, and occasionally wrapping itself around you like a garment of sand, filling your eyes, ears and nostrils, and changing your glossy moustache to a hoary gray. The value of the clothes and merchandise which were damaged by the dust yesterday must be double the cost of keeping the streets clean for a twelve month. The weather we must take as it comes, and we will not be guilty of speaking disrespectfully of it, distressing and disagreeable as it was, but the dust is an infliction which we might be rid of, if we would. But we are voluntary martyrs to Morton; and our City Neros, the Board of Aldermen, look upon and enjoy our miseries; if they don't fiddle while we are suffocating with dust, it is because they are not skilled in that accomplishment.

A Curious Case.—In March last, Mr. John T. Club, of Hyde-park, advertised a reward of $100 for the recovery of two trunks alleged to have been stolen from his residence. Yesterday a Detective Officer found two trunks, answering the description, in a house up town. On being taken to Justice Welsh's Court, Mr. Club, who was in the City, identified the trunks as his, but expressed indignation at the officer having seized them, and refused to pay the promised reward. It is alleged that the trunks contain documentary evidence that has been called for by the Surrogate in a will case, and that Mr. Club testified to his inability to produce the papers, as the trunks containing them had been stolen. Several persons are now under arrest in Poughkeepsie on the charge of having stolen them.

THE ANNIVERSARIES.

Tuesday, May 10.

American Anti-Slavery Society—In the City Assembly Rooms, Broadway, above Canal street, at 10 o'clock A. M., and 7½ o'clock P. M. William Lloyd Garrison will preside.

American and Foreign Christian Union—In St. Paul's M. E. Church, Fourth-avenue and Twenty-second-street, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Baptist Consolidation Convention—Oliver-street Baptist Church, at 10 o'clock A. M. To continue two days.

New-York Institution for the Blind—Exhibition in Academy of Music, Fourteenth street, at 4 o'clock P. M.

Ladies M. E. Home Mission in Five Points—Academy of Music, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

American Congregational Union—Sermon by President Woolsey, of Yale College, in Tabernacle, Broadway and Thirty-fourth street, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

New-York State Colonization Society—In Reformed Dutch Church, Lafayette-place, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

New-York Sunday School Union—General Anniversary in the Cooper Institute, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

The Floral Fete at Palace Gardens.

SPEECH OF WM. H. FRY, ESQ.

Last night the festival, at the Palace Gardens, in aid of Mrs. Phelps' project for teaching young women the horticultural art, was duly inaugurated. The prospect of a successful opening was not, at first, of the most encouraging description. As night fell, the sky grew dark, leaden, and lowering; a low, threatening wind moaned through the streets, and raised clouds of blinding dust. It was such a night as only the most enthusiastic would venture to brave. And yet, the hall at the Palace Gardens was filled at 8 o'clock; the assemblage seemed to lack for no essential to enjoyment, and the scene was gay as could be wished for.

On the walls were hung numerous pictures, contributed mainly by Mr. Schenck. Whatever may be said of their merit, each by each, they added immensely to the brilliancy of the *tout ensemble*. On brackets fastened to the walls between the arches which opened into the garden were placed pots of geraniums and early Summer flowers, interspersed with exquisite bronzes. The platform, which was erected at the middle of the hall, was almost hidden by evergreens, and ornamented in front by figures in parian and porcelain. The garden was illuminated by colored lamps. Rockets were discharged at intervals, dissolving in the sky into golden spray. From the orchestra the band, a contingent of Dodworth's, played an admirable selection of pieces from the works of Verdi, Wagner, Bellini, [illegible] and Von Weber. The overture was by Downing—the finale by Dodworth. At 8½ o'clock, the promenaders having taken their seats, and the stray devotees of lager bier who lingered in the garden having abandoned their solitary tables outside for the well-filled benches within,

The Hon. John Cochrane ascended the platform and, in appropriate phrase, introduced to the audience Wm. H. Fry, Esq., who said he found himself, much to his surprise and somewhat to his embarrassment, suddenly and without notice, before them, to speak on two subjects which he did not understand. The one was horticulture and the other was valuable girls. He had never raised any flowers, fruits or vegetables, and therefore knew nothing about them except at dinner time; and as for young ladies, he had never paid any of them visits except under the immediate superintendence of their careful mammas. He had not had even the poor privilege of studying out his subject, for he remembered well an anecdote of a man who applied to a university for the Professorship of mathematics; he was asked where he had studied; he said he never had studied mathematics at all, but the devil was in it if he could not learn faster than the boys. Now he (Mr. F.) had not had even the poor opportunity of learning faster than the boys. He had been detailed to speak at the festival on Friday next, but to-day he had learned that Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, who was to have spoken, was over in Brooklyn burying some old woman, or marrying some young lady, or doing something of that kind. He would explain how it happened that he was here. Two ladies, eminent philanthropists, called on him one rainy day and asked him if he would not write out for them their scheme for the newspapers, but he respectfully declined, beyond promising to do what he could. Then they asked him if he would not write newspaper articles for them, but he respectfully declined, though with the condition that he would, provided there was an understanding that he was not to speak at all. But suddenly he found his name in the bills as one of the speakers.

He met them two days afterwards and told them he would forgive them if they would come and dine with him and Horace Greeley, as Horace Greeley was about going away, and he wished them to partake of some funereal baked meats, because of Horace's going out to Utah, and it was not likely they would ever see him again, for if the women of Utah understood his peculiar views as to Mormonism he never could escape alive. Here, then, he (Mr. F.) was without any preparation at all; he had nothing to say and he intended to say it. It was remarkable—to come to the subject matter, if there were any subject matter, of which he was doubtful—that the first thing we found mentioned in history was a garden, represented by the Greek word paradise. Now, in that garden there was a certain lady, and it was recorded of her that she raised bad apples for Adam, one of which stuck in his throat, and in the throat of every man since. [Laughter.] But he thought we ought to let that die out. It ought to and had been forgiven her. We ought to consider, then, that moral peace allows introspection, and thereby allows women to prosper by this long peace, for she had always been the extreme sufferer in war. He knew nothing more gratifying in the characteristics of the century than the active sympathy that is taken to extend the field of woman's operations, to elevate her intellect and her capacity in the fields of industry and art, to reward her labors, and to put her in a position of womanly independence. There had recently been mighty changes in this respect. He was no woman's rights man; he did not belong to any sect: indeed he hardly belonged to himself,—but he did believe that a great deal might be done by the people to elevate the position of woman. There was certainly no duty more beautiful than that of tending the flower—no labor more pleasant than that of cultivating the garden. In saying this, he drew a marked distinction between that labor and the peasant labor of the fields as we saw it in Europe, where women are the slaves of the feudal aristocracy and of the War Party. A friend of his passed some time in the south of France, in the Summer of 1811 and 1812, and he said that in that time he never saw a man in the fields; that the labor was done by women, the men being drafted by the Emperor to fill the ruts of military glory and feed the carion crows from Madrid to Mexico. He, (Mr. Fry,) himself, had seen a woman, a donkey, and an ox, yoked together. The scavengers of Paris to this day are women. The hod-carriers in Vienna are frequently women. But he must draw a distinction between that brutal labor—not brutal labor, but that fierce, muscular labor—which should belong to men, and that softer labor in which women might be engaged, *al fresco*, in the open air, under the bright sun, and under the genial breezes of Heaven. This should belong to women. But in our country he thought we had got to the opposite extreme. The women were too much in the house. The old, broad family chimney-place was superseded now by the family stove, and a great deal of the bloom of the rose that once mantled on the cheeks of our country girls had now faded. He thought that the time had now come when we should change this, and he trusted this festival was the inauguration of a system of rural labor for women, which, while it would promote their health, would not detract from their delicacy. In this age of labor saving machinery, the very strongest efforts of physical labor were being monopolized by machines, and not by hands. He had been reading to-day in a newspaper of a certain kind of machinery used in gardening, for the purpose of softening the soil and digging it up, which did the work of twenty-five men in a day; and he had read of another, which would work fifty rods a day, and do the work of two hundred and fifty men in as short a time. There was also a machine which would pick the largest rocks out of the ground, tear them up whole—thereby saving the labor of blasting. Thus the old objection to the labor of gardening, on the ground that it was unfit for the delicate susceptibilities of women, was removed, and women might now very properly enter into gardening, especially if there were a superintendent competent to direct them, without subjecting them to the reflection that might otherwise be made against them for undertaking unwomanly labor.

[The speaker sketched briefly the history of gardening from the earliest times. He cited Zenophon's allusion to Cyrus, who planted a garden wherever he settled down; spoke of the hanging-gardens of Queen Semiramis; of the gardens of the Greeks, who had no knowledge of many of the beautiful flowers known to us; of the Romans, who, although they had beautiful gardens, also knew of but few flowers, for Virgil, in his *Georgics*, named but eight, and in the whole of his agricultural disquisitions, mentioned but seventy plants which were known to the Romans, though, at a later period, Pliny enumerated 1,000; of the stupendous gardens of Lucullus, of the Emperor Adrian, of Sallust, and of Nero.]

When, he resumed, the Roman Empire fell, we knew little of gardening, till the time of Charlemagne, who ordered that certain particular fruits and flowers should be cultivated, and, considering the time in which he lived, it was wonderful how judicious was his choice. The Saracens in Europe brought gardening to great perfection. One of them who lived in the year 800, and who flourished in Spain, cultivated 2,000 species of flowers over what were known to the Greek authors. In the sixteenth century the art of gardening revived, and the revival occurred in Florence, the most magnificent gardens in which was that established by Cosmo de Medici; from the art spread throughout Europe and was scientifically taught and diffused. Henry the 8th also instituted gardens. In this country, the first great attempt at gardening was that of the celebrated botanist, Burton, in the neighborhood of Philadelphia, which is even yet a monument of his genius, for there are very few gardens of that kind that will bear any great notice in this country. We had nothing comparable in any sense to the *Jardin des Plantes* in Paris, to the garden at Amsterdam, or to that of the Emperor of Russia, which, as being in a cold climate, is a stupendous effort of skill. One range of hot-houses there is 1,300 feet long. It belonged to a free people to produce results equally great, by themselves; it only required that the people be fired by the sacred principles of right and the economies which underlie them, to produce that result. There was embodied in this question of gardening, a great politico-economical principle. He did not intend to be profound—for he never was profound, and profunuity was a bore—we were all wrong in our notions as to agriculture in this country, for he had the opinion of the most eminent agriculturists, which was verified by no less a man than the great agricultural chemist Liebig, that this country, so far from growing richer, was, at this moment, actually becoming poorer. For why? Because we had no gardens. We endeavored to stretch over too great a distance to make railroads, which we could not pay for, and if we kept doing that we would feed foreign nations at our own expense. The wheat lands of this State did not produce more than one-half of what they did thirty years ago, and Ohio, a virgin State, does not produce now on an average more than twelve bushels to the acre, and it is failing every year. Now, what was the remedy for this? It was in intensifying and spreading our manufactures, and in putting vegetable gardens alongside of them. We would find that the institution of the garden was higher than that of cities. It was the last thing that came to an empire, and if we would show him a savage nation he would show us a nation that knows not either fruits or flowers—the American Indians, for example. If we had gardens producing fruits that could be eaten on the spot, we would avoid the expense of transport, for it was a remarkable fact that nothing which contains a large quantity of water can be exported with profit. We never transport water from Europe. We transport wine and brandy; neither can we export melons, but we transport wheat, when it is dried and made into flour. We can even send live animals, but they must be killed, salted, and have all the water squeezed out of them. About five sixths of the human body, to say nothing of that of pigs, is water, and until the pigs are dried, you cannot transport them. If we took things just as Heaven gives them, and allow them to be eaten on the spot by mechanics and manufacturers, then it would be a great politico economic event.

[Mr. Fry proceeded to discuss the importance of this last branch of his argument, in connection with the increased rewards which gardening would insure to female industry, thus removing them from the temptations to which poverty in great cities exposes them. By way of illustrating the profits accruing from gardening, he stated that Professor Mapes had realized last year, from his agricultural products on his farm in New-Jersey, the sum of $12 000, $9,000 of which was received for his gardening products—$6,500 of which were clear profit.

The speaker then adverted to the necessity of giving women pleasant out door labor, as a means of saving and promoting health; entered somewhat elaborately into the question as to the relative merits of the free trade and protective policies; indulged in a severe condemnation of politicians as such; deplored the growing disregard in the political tendencies of the age, of the domestic affections and the higher moral relations. Politics, he said, was nothing more, but making laws for the property which genius creates. But we would never hear any man mentioned in this country who was not a politician. In all the Fourth of July orations he never heard a man mentioned who had not talked on his legs in in the Senate of the United States, or fought the Indians, or something of that kind. (Laughter.) This was seen in the Crystal Palace celebration, at which on every pillar the inventors were requested to stand by their goods while the proceedings were going on, as if they were dirty dogs to stand by while the honors were being awarded to Rynders and the President. (Laughter.)

A Voice—They had military men, there? Friend, mention them.

Mr. Fry replied—The militaro, he declared, were always where they ought not to be. The military did not represent industry and art; they represented the plush of the nation. He was not talking of classes—God knows they were all bad enough—but he was asserting the principlec *suum cuique*, which means, each man to his place. If the policy of this country did not understand that, it was not worth the powedr which would blow it to Hell? [Suppressed laughter.] That was his opinion of it now, pretty much.

Mr. Fry resumed his seat, after an eloquent peroration, which was warmly applauded.

A brilliant display of fireworks, gratuitously prepared by the Messrs. Edge, of Jersey City, concluded the evening's entertainment.

American and Foreign Christian Union.

This meeting was held in the Thirteenth-street Presbyterian Church on Sunday evening. The attendance was large, and a lively interest was manifested in the proceedings by all present. A very impressive sermon was delivered by the Rev. Dr. Beman, of Troy, N. Y., who remarked that he did not know how far he might call upon the indulgence of the audience, as he had but just left a bed of sickness, and had not been able to speak in public for the last four weeks. He was anxious not to disappoint friends and an audience generally, on an Anniversary occasion, so thought it important to come and do the best he could. The reverend gentleman selected his text from Paul's Epistle to the Romans, 1st chapter and 14th and 15th verses: "I am debtor both to the Greeks and Barbarians; both to the wise and the unwise, so as much as in me is, I am ready to preach the Gospel to you that are at Rome also." He said it had been often said in reference to Christian missions, that "the field was the world;" and the thought here embodied when connected with such enterprises, was a sublime one, and this presentation of it could not fail to awaken a thrilling interest in the heart of any one who believed that Jesus Christ is to have "the heathen for his inheritance, and the uttermost parts of the earth for his possession." There was something in the term "world" that filled the mind. It was not a province, a kingdom, an empire or a continent, but the great globe itself. They had this vast field, covering the surface of the magnificent floating ball, where they then stood, to bring under Christian culture, and to transform this desert into the garden of the Lord. But to change the symbol, he would present the world in another aspect, viz.: As the field of conflict, where lawless and bitter passions now run wild and war upon God and man, until they should be conquered by the power of love, without bloodshed or violence, and peace and happiness should reign on earth until the end should come. In all this they had a picture which was morally sublime, and they waited in the patience of hope for its jubilant approach—the good time coming. He then proceeded to inquire what the Church of Christ had been doing for the past 50 years in the missionary field. The Christian had often wept as he gazed on the heathen—the one thousand and one hundred and fifty millions, who people this vast field, the world, and of whom six hundred and seventy millions are pagans, having no hope and without God in the world. Could the blood-washed church stand still and see these millions perish? It could not be. Every effort for their rescue from endless misery must receive the sympathy and support of every friend of the Gospel. He then alluded to the Home Mission, saying that the Gospel must be supported and encouraged in the West. These two departments had formed their missionary field, and he had his eye exclusively on them when he said "the field was the world." He then referred to Roman Catholic countries as a field of enterprise for the missions, saying they stood next to the heathen in point of numbers, and next needed the Gospel more than any other of the dwellers in this field of death. The Catholic population of our world, as a missionary field, would be the present theme of his discourse. He remarked, in the first place: These people needed the Gospel, and such necessity must lie at the basis of every missionary effort. If the physical and religious condition of these people should receive damage rather than benefit from the Gospel, as infidels had affirmed of the heathen, then Christian missions would be a thankless gratuity, if not an absolute absurdity, and would bring nothing in their train but affliction. Neither of these things could be said of the Roman Catholics, who fill so large a space in our world, for they had not the Gospel. He made no apology for the utterance of this plain truth. It did not need to rest on mere assertion, proofs unnumbered clustered all around. All that was necessary was an eye, ear, ordinary understanding, and honest heart, to perceive that it was not the gospel taught by Jesus Christ and his Apostles. The reverend gentleman then adduced many arguments to prove that Catholocism was not the religion of Christ. When a person crossed the line which separates a Papal from a Protestant country, he was half way on his journey toward paganism—not only were the churches, but the rural districts, filled with the abominations of idolatry. "Mary" was the grand object of homage. Her images were even to be seen at the corners of streets; she was more frequently the object of prayer and praise than God himself, and she was the grand motive power in the redemption and salvation of souls. Papal countries had no Sabbaths! Certainly religious rites were performed on the first day of the week, but the remainder of it was given up without restraint to amusements, which were always secular, and often debasing. In Mexico and South America gambling was tolerated, and the priest, even, lays away all that is holy to him, his consecrated garments, and takes his chances, soon distinguishing himself as the ringleader of abominations. There was no fancy in this, the half was not told, he had indulged in no exaggeration, he had used no artistic coloring. Look at their industrial and material prosperity; they had never been the growth of the Romish faith. A large proportion of her subjects could neither read nor write. It was so in Ireland, in Italy and even among the Catholics in this country. He remarked in the second place that the missionary field was a large one. According to the last statistical tables 676,000,000 were heathen, which is considerably more than one half the human race now living, and this dreary, cheerless waste had to be reclaimed, cultivated and subdued. Protestant Christians, he said, numbered some 90,000,000, Catholics numbered some 170,000,000, nearly double the number of nominal Protestants. All these, he said, needed the Gospel in the same sense that the Pagans do; they had no Gospel ministry, and as a general thing they had no Bible. The masses had never heard of such a book in Roman Catholic countries. In the third place, he remarked, this field was open and accessible, and then brought forward many arguments and facts to sustain it. He said little progress could be made, and nothing done effectually until this was clearly evinced. In the fourth place, he remarked, this field (missionary labor among the Catholics) has been greatly neglected, but Christian enterprise was now being awakened in that direction; the star of hope was rising, and a brighter day had dawned, and, God willing, they intended to do them good. He remarked, in conclusion, that he saw a blest eternity of agents aiming at the same good end. Another laborer was now cultivating and improving the vineyard with the same spirit. And last, but not least, there was another missionary who, like Paul, was found now ready to preach the gospel to them who are at Rome.

The meeting was then concluded by singing and prayer.

Protestant Episcopal Mission for Seamen.

The Fifteenth Anniversary of the "Protestant Episcopal Church Missionary Society for Seamen in the City and Port of New-York" was held on Sunday evening in St. George's Church, (Dr. Tyng's,) Stuyvesant-square. After the usual introductory services, a written report of the Board of Managers, which it was announced would shortly be published, was read by Mr. [illegible]. It opens with a touching allusion to the death of the senior missionary of the Society, the Rev. B. C. C. Parker, who expired on the 28th of January last, and whose place has been filled by the Rev. Mr. Huntington, of the Diocese of Pennsylvania. The resignation of the Rev. Mr. Remington is also noticed, and the Rev. Robt. K. Walker announced as his successor. The views of the Board as to the value of the out-door missionary labors of the Society, the report states, are confirmed by each year's experience. The past year has been one of spiritual and financial success. The Sailors' Home, No. 358 Pearl-street, is regarded as an indispensable auxiliary to the mission. The number of seamen admitted to the Home during the past year, including 25 who were there at the date of the last report, has been 958. Of these, 922 have gone to sea or to their friends; 26 have left for parts unknown; 13 have been expelled for bad conduct; 8 have been taken to the hospital, and 14 remain there at present. During the year, 37 inmates of the Home have been converted and become members of Churches, and many others have been induced to reform their lives. Money to the amount of $5,027, has been deposited by or for the guests of the Home, in savings banks, or sent to their friends during the past year.

Regarding the finances of the Society, the Board state that they have been enabled, through some difficulty, and by observing the strictest economy, to reach the termination of the year free from debt, so far as relates to the current expenses. The receipts, including a legacy of $750 from Miss Arna Kinney, have been $7,821 93. Disbursements, $6,914 79: Leaving a balance on hand of $907 16. The North River Chapel is stated to be much out of repair, and requiring an immediate expenditure. The permanent fund of the Society has a balance on hand of $1,104 04, and it is earnestly hoped that this may be speedily increased by the offerings of friends, to an amount sufficient to enable the Managers to cancel the existing mortgage of $7,000 on the Sailors' Home. A donation of $125, from the Sunday school teachers of St. Bartholomew's Church, is gratefully acknowledged; as also $50 from the schools of St. Peter's Church.

The report concludes with an affecting narrative of the conversion of an English engineer, whom one of the missionaries found at a Brooklyn hospital.

At the conclusion of the reading of the report, the Rev. Samuel Cooke, D. D., briefly addressed the audience upon the condition and character of seamen, and their claims upon the good wishes and material aid of the benevolent and philanthropic members of society. Tempted on all sides the moment he sets his foot on shore—compelled to seek pleasure in sin, or not at all, it was not strange that the moral condition of the sailor was low; but, notwithstanding his moral and religious deficiencies, there were noble traits of character in the sailor, not to be found in landsmen addicted to the same vices. Though the vice of intemperance was almost universal among them, it rarely led them, as it so often did landsmen, to the commission of the darker and more bloody crimes. Sailors were also peculiarly susceptible to religious impressions; they were necessarily so, for the grand and boundless ocean on which they spent so much of their lives, was always speaking of the Almighty, and its rolling billows were one continuous rebuke of skepticism. If the development and manifestations of their religious faith seemed to us irregular and somewhat peculiar, it must be remembered that they were accustomed to read one book of God, and we another; but the sailor's mind was better fitted to receive divine instruction than many who were more familiar with God's Written Word. This fact should encourage us in contributing liberally to the means for supplying him with religious food. Besides, the sailor had a peculiar claim on a commercial community like this; it was through his exertions more than those of any other class that we were made wealthy and prosperous. He sacrificed pleasures, and braved dangers to guard those treasures of which we received the lion's share, and if in the voyage of life the sailor had small compensation in the present, and little hope in the future, it became us to do all that lay in our power to render his last long voyage, in which we should all bear him company, safe, prosperous and happy.

After a few brief remarks by Dr. Tyng a collection was taken up in aid of the funds of the Society, and the meeting adjourned.

The American Home Missionary Society.

The Annual Sermon before the American Home Missionary Society was delivered by the Rev. Wm. S. Dwight, D. D., of Portland, Me., last evening, at the Rev. Dr. Adams' (Presbyterian) Church, on Madison-square. His text was from Luke xxiv. 47:

"And that repentance and remission of sin should be preached in His name among all nations, beginning at Jerusalem."

In this passage, he said, and others uttered probably at the same time by the Lord, was prescribed to the Apostles the course of duty that they were to enter on after His death, and prosecute through life. All nations were to hear from them the great tidings of the Gospel, but the beginning was to be at Jerusalem. The narrative of the Book of Acts informed us that the command was strictly obeyed. The Apostles left not Jerusalem, but continued to preach there till a great many converts had been gained, and were scattered in various places. It was not till eight years after the resurrection had elapsed that Peter went to Cornelius. Thus was the "beginning at Jerusalem" of that great missionary enterprise commenced by the Lord and continued during eighteen centuries. The text and the history connected with it affirmed the principle that the great work of making converts to christianity was always to commence at home. While they were not to overlook the wants of the rest of the world, at home the labor must first begin. The principle was as binding now as in the days of the Pentecost. Thus had originated thirty-three years ago the American Home Missionary Society, founded upon this principle. Good men, at that time, especially in New-England, were sending forth Missionaries into the newly-settled parts of the land, acting upon this principle. They had done well, but when this great National Society was formed, they had gladly united with it. The Society had been steadily growing during these thirty-three years, until it had taken deep root in the land. Its object was to assist congregations that were unable to support the gospel ministry, and send the Gospel to the destitute in the United States. Dr. Dwight proceeded to consider the work in which the American Home Missionary Society was thus engaged, and the workmen employed by it. By its constitution the Society was restricted to labor within the United States. Here was its sphere. Our Home Country was the Jerusalem where the work of Missions was intended to begin for us. It was one of many kindred Associations, but harbored no jealousy of them. He mentioned with commendation the labors of the American Board of Commissioners of Foreign Missions. As human beings, we were prone to labor at first in small circuits. The wants immediately around us first claimed our attention. None but the professed cosmopolite, moving in a circle whose centre was nowhere and whose circumference was everywhere, thought or acted otherwise. Gradually the circle of our labors increased until it took in the remotest fields of operation; but this only illustrated the principle that the beginning must be at home. By separate churches the nation could not be gathered together into a Christian unit. Hence the necessity of a National Society like this one. Then in the Home field there was no necessity for time spent in special preparation by the missionaries, no learning of foreign languages called for, no fears of persecution or interference on the part of the Government, [noxious no climate to be provided against, and little expenditure of money required. Having thus set forth the necessity and advantages of the work in which the Society is engaged, Dr. Dwight considered at length its magnitude, with its field of operations now extending over more than 1,500,000 square miles, and certain to increase with the growth of the Republic, which yet would extend over the entire continent; its difficulties, which were, first, Romanism, and second, Infidelity, and its influence for good, if successfully prosecuted, over other nations. Finally the workmen who were engaged in it were all Ministers of the Gospel, as Christ had indicated that they should be. They were most fit for the labor because they were converted men, because they were educated men, because they were the firm friends of liberty and law, That they were all of these, and that they were therefore eminently qualified for the Home Missionary field, he demonstrated with amplification. The Annual Report, in conclusion he said, would announce the rich measure of prosperity which had attended the Society. Its treasury was increased, its missionaries sedulously pursuing their labors, and God's voice announced that its course was onward. Its officers, its friends, should anew thank God, and take courage. He had summoned it to its great work; he prayed that He might prosper it hereafter. He concluded with a prayer in its behalf, a hymn was sung, and the congregation was dismissed with a benediction.

The American Seamen's Friend Society.

The Thirty-first Anniversary of this Society was held last evening in the Presbyterian Church, corner of Fourteenth-street and Second-avenue. The attendance was good, and in point of interest the meeting was equal to former Anniversaries. The services were opened with prayer by the Rev. Dr. Smith, pastor of the Church. The choir then sang the hymn beginning:

"Star of Peace, to wanderers weary,"

In which the congregation joined.

The Rev. Mr. Loomis, Secretary of the Society, previous to presenting the report, read extracts from a New-York paper, unfavorably reflecting upon the influence of the Society, and charging that the condition of seamen was more degraded, and that they were worse treated than at any time since its organization. His answer to this was that the Society through its missionaries and organs was doing its utmost to elevate the condition of seamen, and that their magazine contained the most scathing denunciations of the cruelties and inhumanities practised upon them. The fact that a few brutal officers maltreated seamen, did not prove that the general condition of the sailor is worse now than formerly, as for one such ship there were, perhaps, hundreds which were commanded by humane and even pious men.

Mr. Loomis then read an abstract of the annual report, as follows:

The receipts of the Society, including auxiliaries and branches, have been about $64,700. The receipts into the treasury of the Parent Society, $27,277 36; an increase over last year of $2,140 09. This does not include about $6,000 raised by the Southern Secretary for the erection of a Bethel in New-Orleans, nor a considerable amount raised in New-York for the repairs on the Home. The expenditures have been $27,061 46. The floating debt, at the close of the last financial year, was nearly $1,000. At the present time it is [illegible] 52, diminished less than otherwise would have been, in consequence of enlarged operations on the Southern field, and still embarrassing the operations of the Society. The receipts and expenditures of local and independent societies have been about $19,500, making the whole amount annually contributed to this cause in the United States about $114,200. The Report exhibits as the Society's field of operations the "*abundance of the sea*," or the *spirit* and *power* of commerce, in its influences to awaken the mind and intellect of the world preparatory to the universal diffusion of Christianity. It exhibits this power as the *herald* of the Church among all nations. To accomplish this mission commerce needs, and *must have*, the converting, sanctifying power of the Gospel on all its little foreign communities, and sea-captains and sailors scattered throughout the world. They are better communities, better men, to move on the world than converted heathens, or Mohammedans, or Papists. On this field the Report gives somewhat in detail the Society's operations.

The foreign chaplaincies are at Callao and the Chincha Islands in Peru; Valparaiso in Chili; Honolulu and Lahaina in the Sandwich Islands; Hongkong in China; Havre and Marseilles in France; Smyrna in Turkey; Gothland in Sweden; Copenhagen in Denmark; and Porsgrund in Norway. Earnest solicitations are before the Board from foreign communities, for chaplains to be sent to Fuhchau in China; Hilo at the Sandwich Islands; Talcuano in Chili; Rio Janeiro in Brazil. Havana in Cuba also, and various other ports thronged by American seamen, imperatively need seaman's chaplains. Its domestic chaplains are at San Francisco, Cal.; New-Orleans, La.; Mobile Bay, Ala., and Richmond, Va., besides other Southern ports aided by the cooperation of the Southern Secretary. The operations of the Society's branches are in Philadelphia, Pa.; Boston, Mass.; Portland, Me., and on the island waters of New-York and the Western States. The Report also exhibits to some extent the doings of local independent Societies on our sea-board. The Sailors' Home, belonging to the Society, has accommodated, since opened in 1842, 53 329 boarders, having been thoroughly repaired and refurnished by the liberality of merchants in New-York, is confidently commended to seamen as worthy the name it bears. Long have we toiled among the dark mass of men on the sea, amidst darkness so thick as to be visible. We have met obstacles and difficulties, and in former Reports pointed them out. We had faced the mighty evils of old and oppressive systems, grinding the sailor down to the "first and second death." We had looked this way and that way for remedies, and somewhat warm at times have been the discussions of means and measures to abolish evils and change systems, for the deliverance and redemption of the sailor. Amidst hard toils and little progress against adverse winds and currents, often had we been made to feel "vain is the help of man." Never have so many sea captains been hopefully converted to Christ, or the faith and prayers of friends in their behalf so manifestly prevalent. Many a ship has become a *Bethel*, and here there the captain has become the officiating priest at the altar of God! Never have so many sailors come in from sea, moved by a mysterious power, they scarcely knew why, to the inquiry, "Sirs, what must I do to be saved?" or so many been subjects of God's renewing grace, or the converts so active in the work of seeking and saving their brethren of the sea. The Christian sailor is feeling, under the influence of love divine, that *he* has a mission to perform, he can be a Christian on shipboard, and the "daily prayer-meetings" can be sustained at sea, and that Jesus himself often attends them. A naval receiving ship, with its engines of war and carnage, is a strange place for a prayer-meeting, a "*revival*." Yet here hath God centered his work and made it "*Bethel*," that from this diffusible, changing centre his work might spread farthest and widest. Here, amidst the implements of war, hath he established "*his peace society*." Profane and degraded sailors are strange men to honor, yet hath God exalted from among them his "*princes*," his "*Israels*," prevalent with God. "Great and marvelous are thy works, Lord God Almighty."

The Rev. S. W. Hawes, of Massachusetts, made a brief address. In Boston there had been many remarkable conversions from among seamen, and there was an encouraging state of things at their Home. He related several instances in which the most degraded had been reclaimed by the power of the Gospel, and were giving proof of sincerity by correct and devoted lives.

The Rev. B. Given, Chaplain in the United States Navy, from Philadelphia, next addressed the meeting. He recited the particulars of his early career in the ministry and his every position, he had kept steadily before him the declaration that the heathen should be given to Christ for his inheritance, and the uttermost parts of the earth for his possession. Among the most potent influences for the conversion of the world he regarded this Society as foremost. There was a common error prevalent respecting their real mission. What had the Society to do with the laws which regulate commerce? Nothing at all. There should be a Society to reform these laws, and place the sailor under their protection. At present, seamen were the victims of the greatest abuse and ill treatment, but it was because merchants sent their ships to sea in command of brutal and unprincipled officers, clothed with irresponsible power over seamen—a power which was continually abused. He would not trust the Angel Gabriel with despotic power, for it would convert him into a tyrant. The abuses so common in the merchant service were not known in the navy. Flogging had been abolished in the navy, and the beneficial results had been everywhere observed. The speaker described his visit to Japan and China, and portrayed the destitute and miserable condition of seamen in all her ports. He paid a handsome tribute to the energy and self-denying labors of the Rev. Mr. Beecher, their Chaplain in Hong-Kong, who had done much to satisfy seamen there with a Home and Chapel, and who was indefatigable in relieving distressed seamen who visited that port. At Rio de Janeiro, Cape Town, the Mauritius, and at all the principal ports of China, the greatest distress often prevailed among seamen, many of them dying from sheer destitution. At all these ports "Home" should be provided for them as a prime necessity. This Society was also one of the most useful as an auxiliary. It distributed Bibles and tracts in every language, and these he had found at Wampoa and other parts of the world, which were the means of doing great good. He closed an appeal in behalf of the Society.

The choir then sung a hymn. After which the Rev. H. D. Ganse spoke at some length defining the nature of the mission to seamen, and showing its importance.

The Rev. R. W. Clark, of Brooklyn, made the concluding address, and the services were closed by the Doxology sung by the whole congregation.

The Magdalen Society.

The Magdalen Society celebrated their Twenty-sixth Anniversary yesterday, at their Institution in Eighty-eighth street. The attendance was very large—the audience, the majority of which were ladies, filling the chapel and outer halls of the building. Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Bottsford. The Rev. Dr. Demilt presided, and the Rev. Drs. Paddock and Wykoff were the speakers.

The Rev. Dr. Paddock said that there was no foundation for the deep-rooted prejudice existing in the public mind against reformatory efforts directed to this unfortunate class of women, on the ground that, when once lost, they were irreclaimable. The devoted Christian ladies belonging to this Institution have had ample proof that the fallen of their sex have, in all their degradation, human sympathies and yearnings after a life pure and repentant; and it only needs kind hands and encouraging voices, blessed with the spirit of God's mercy, to raise myriads and myriads from the depths of vice. Dr. Paddock's remarks were full of eloquent truth, and well calculated to cheer or encourage the noble women engaged in this charity, and the hapless beings who are under their care.

After Dr. Paddock's address, Horace Waters, together with some interesting little girls, who attended with him, furnished the music, singing the following appropriate hymn:

Were not the sinful Mary's tears
  Acceptable to Heaven,
When o'er the faults of former years
  She wept and was forgiven?

When bringing all the balmy sweet,
  Her day of luxury stored,
She o'er her Saviour's hallowed feet
  The precious perfume poured.

And wiped them with that golden hair
  Where once the diamond shone;
But now those gems of grace were there
  Which shine for God alone.

Thou who hast slept in Error's sleep,
  O, wouldst thou wake in Heaven!
Like Mary kneel like Mary weep,
  Love much and be forgiven.

The Rev. Mr. Wykoff, of Albany, then addressed the audience. He said they were assembled on one of the most solemn occasions that could convoke a philanthropic or Christian assembly,—to benefit, protect and save that sex from whom, in the language of a great patriot, "Our virtues are and our vices may be derived,"—that sex which was given to man as the last and dearest token of creative goodness and power. To give the Gospel to them that sit in the region and shadow of death is an apostolic work in favor of which every Christian lifts his voice and cries, God speed the cause. But our cause has not yet engaged the wise commendation—the pleasure—the patronage it deserves,—for we claim that it is one of the noblest fields of charity in which the Christian could be engaged. For who is there in whose bosom there beats the heart of a generous man or sympathizing woman, that does not feel and yearn over the peril and degradation of woman? Such is the powerful sympathy in behalf of sinful women that now a number of men and not a few honorable women have endeavored to interpose for one living creature, and to persuade the Governor to commute the penalty pronounced by law. Now, my friends, said he, it seems to me if there be any sin for which we should give to woman our deepest pity, and from which to restore and rescue her we should willingly give our most strenuous and persevering efforts, it is that for the prevention of which this blessed Association is formed. I never can persuade myself to any other conclusion than that the fallen sisters of our human family are always more sinned against than sinning, and therefore that the utmost efforts that philanthropy or piety can make, ought to be fully and perseveringly put forth for her rescue. It must be apparent to every thinking mind that the root of this evil is general depravity, ignorance from defective education, and the absence of reflection and caution, and these all made effectual by infelicity of circumstance, uncommon exposure to temptation and prepared schemes of deception, by which the unprincipled watch to destroy. It is known to the well-informed that most of the poor slaves of vice are the victims of ignorance, not a few are guiltless of a knowledge of the alphabet, and have never read a prayer. Let us give these daughters of shame at least religious instruction—give them the Gospel as Christ commanded; for what can enlighten ignorance, particularly moral darkness, like the Gospel of Christ. Elevate the cross of Calvary before the eyes of the fallen woman from Sabbath to Sabbath, from day to day—tell her of the love of the Saviour—show her that He who pitied and saved Mary Magdalen is ready to save her also, and your labor will not fail to meet a full reward.

The Treasurer's Report states that the expenses for the year have been $6 483 84, and that there is an outstanding debt of $1 400.

The Annual Report states that since the establishment of the Institution 1,000 women have been admitted within its walls; 200 restored to their relations; nearly 200 have obtained reputable employment; 27 have deceased, some of them having delightful evidence of conversions to God; 17 have been respectably married, and 34 have been received into evangelical churches. There are now over 50 inmates in the Institution. During the past year the applications have been so numerous that they have been obliged to enlarge the house at a considerable outlay, adding a new chapel and over thirty rooms. The past year has been one of great usefulness. Many of the women taken from the power of vice have been provided with places in respectable families, some have been sent to their friends, and others, alas! have returned to sin. The Society would be much more successful in saving the unfortunate if their facilities for providing for those who are educated and still retain some delicacy of feeling and pride were greater, but the reluctance of such to mingle with the vilest and the lowest—those who have been convicts, for instance—deter many who have all the will to reform from entering the walls of these institutions, and until the public fully awaken to the great need of generous effort in this respect, the labors of the Society will be crippled and hundreds go down to death in crime.

The Young Men's Christian Association.

The Young Men's Christian Association held its Anniversary, last night, at the Church of the Puritans, (Dr. Cheever's,) in Union-square. The attendance was limited, the body of the church being tolerably filled, while the galleries were unoccupied. The proceedings of the meeting were opened by the Rev. Dr. Burchard, o the Thirteenth-street Presbyterian Church, who read the 13th chapter of the First Epistle to the Corinthians, and then offered prayer. The hymn "O God of Bethel" having been sung by the congregation, the President, Mr. B. F. Manniere, read the Annual Report. The advancement of the Society, he said, was not rapid but it was regular. Its object was the shielding of youth, freshly launched on the journey of life, from the temptations which encompassed them. The Treasurer's report, read by Mr. Jones, gave $1 686, as the income of the Society, with an expenditure of $2,288, for the past year, leaving a balance against the Society of $602. But the Association, far from being discouraged, have taken the basement billiard rooms at the corner of Broadway and Twelfth-street, where, during the coming year, their meetings will be held, and their library located. The first address, last night, was made by the Rev. W. A. Bartlett, of Brooklyn, a young man of promise. He was succeeded by the Rev. Mr. Sawyer, of Yonkers, whose address was practical and effective. Other addresses were delivered by the Rev. Hugh S. Carpenter, Dr. Howard, of Williamstown, Mass., and George H. Stuart, of Philadelphia.

The Tract Society.—We are requested to state that at the meeting of the American Tract Society, on Wednesday morning, the Academy of Music will be open to the public with the exception of the lower floor, which will be reserved for the Directors and members, who are admitted by tickets, as advertised.

Death of Dr. Abbott.

Dr. Abbott, the collector of the valuable gallery of the Egyptian Antiquities, which for six years past has formed one of the prominent Art and Historical Associations of New-York, died on the 30th of March, at a village near Cairo, in Egypt. He was born in London, about forty-seven years ago, and, at the age of twenty-three, received the appointment as Surgeon on board a British man-of-war. Circumstances led him to quit his ship in the Mediterranean, when, instead of returning to England, he repaired to Egypt and took up his abode in Cairo, where, without neglecting his profession, he indulged his early passion, fostered by the study of Champollion, for the antiquities of that renowned land, which, dating beyond the Pharaohs, carries us almost back to the Flood. During twenty years Dr. Abbott employed himself in collecting whatever valuable relics of ancient Egypt could be rescued from tombs and ruins; and so well succeeded that, according to the testimony of Sir Gardiner Wilkinson, no collection, excepting those of the British Museum, and that of Paris—both the result of Government energy and liberality—could be compared with his. The amount of money spent by him in forming his gallery exceeded $107,000. At various times propositions have been made for its purchase, as a free Museum for this City, but without effect. The Historical Society are now considering the propriety of its acquisition.

Burglars at Work.

New-York, March 31, 1859.

Messrs. Valentine & Butler, No. 337 Broadway:

Gentlemen—During the night of the 29th inst., our office was entered by burglars, and a most determined attempt made upon our Safe, which is the Alum Patent and of your manufacture. The burglars came fully prepared with drills, chisels, &c., and after a most severe attack, (having failed to effect an entrance,) endeavored to force the door with powder, but were equally unsuccessful. We have full confidence in your Alum Patent, and believe it to be really a Fire and Burglar Proof Safe, affording ample protection for any position in which it may be placed. Yours, respectfully,

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Singer's Sewing Machines.

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For Families, Tailors, and all manufacturing purposes, these machines are unequaled. They are more durable, capable of doing a greater variety of work, and of earning more money than any machines in the market.

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The prices of all our machines have been greatly reduced.

I. M. SINGER & CO.,
No. 458 Broadway.

To the Ladies Only.—The Victoria Bandage (or periodical protector) is now ready at the well-known Truss Office of MARSH & CO., 2 Vesey-st., Astor House, where a lady is in constant attendance at their private salesroom; and at HEGEMAN & CO.'S, MILHAU'S, &c.

Grover & Baker's Celebrated
Noiseless Family Sewing Machines.
New Styles at Reduced Prices.
No. 495 Broadway, New-York.
No. 162 Fulton st., Brooklyn.

Rogers & Raymond,
Nos. 121, 123 and 125 Fulton-st.
BOYS' DEPARTMENT.
TWO THOUSAND SPRING SUITS,
and
ONE THOUSAND
BOYS' RAGLANS, OVERSACKS, &c.
THIRTY NEW STYLES FOR BOYS,
In school, holiday and home clothing. Great variety in cut, sizes and materials.
EXTRAORDINARY CHEAPNESS.
One price and no deviation.

Late Fire at Houston, Texas.

Houston, Texas, April 19, 1859.

Messrs. S. C. Herring & Co:

Gentlemen: You have doubtless heard of the conflagration in our town on the night of the 28th February last, which consumed our entire buildings and a large amount of goods. We had our books and papers in one of your large Herring's Patent Safes, and they came out all O. K.

W. R. WILSON.

Herring's Patent Champion Safes with Hall's patent powder-proof Locks, for sale by the subscribers.

S. C. HERRING & CO.,
No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

Stearns & Marvin's
WILDER PATENT
SALAMANDER SAFES.

These Safes are free from dampness. They have been in use for 17 years—have been tested in 288 accidental fires, and have never failed.

STEARNS & MARVIN, { No. 40 Murray-st., N. Y. / No. 57 Gravier-st., N. O.

Meyer's Miraculous Vermin Destroyer
THE ONLY REMEDY IN THE WHOLE WORLD
SURE TO EXTERMINATE
Bugs, Roaches, Ants, Moths, Fleas, Mosquitoes, Rats and Mice, and all other Vermin and Insects.
For sale by the inventor, JOSEPH MEYER, practical chemist, No. 612 Broadway, corner of Houston-st.

500 Black Alpaca Coats at $1 50.
1,500 Black Alpaca Coats at $2 50.
800 Black Alpaca Coats at $3 50.
150 Black Alpaca Coats at $4.
250 Black Alpaca Coats at $5 50.
At EVANS', Nos. 66 and 68 Fulton-st.

Looking-Glasses,
PICTURES AND FRAMES,
GOOD AND CHEAP, AT
M. P. WHITLOCK'S,
No. 366 CANAL OPPOSITE WOOSTER-ST.

Barry's Tricopherous
is the
BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE
For DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING and RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists and perfumers.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.
PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.
They are the favorites for families.—*New-York Times.*
We prefer them for family use.—*New-York Tribune.*
Office, No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Steel Against Feathers.
HOWE'S UNRIVALED ELLIPTIC SPRING BED BOTTOMS, FROM $4 50 TO $6.
AT RETAIL AT NO. 378 BROADWAY.

C. R. Woodworth,
Manufacturer of
PORTABLE GAS WORKS
For private houses, factories, &c., 1 Cedar st. New-York.

Spring Gaiters and Promenade Boots.—There are decided attractions for men, women and children, at CANTRELL'S establishment, No. 813 Broadway. This bright Spring weather suggests the propriety of replacing the Winter "feet coverings" for the season. For ladies' gaiters, gentlemen's boots and children's shoes, there is no place like CANTRELL'S.

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.—This celebrated establishment is at No. 233 Broadway. Twelve private rooms for the application of his famous Hair Dye, the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all; this is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

Trusses, Elastic Stockings, for enlarged veins, Shoulder Braces, Female Supporters, Belts, Instruments for weak ankle joints, club-feet, bow-legs, &c., with Dr. GLOVER'S new Lever Truss, which effects radical cures. No. 4 Ann-st., under the Museum.

Rupture Cured—By MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss. Also, Silk Elastic Stockings for varicose veins, supporters and shoulder-braces. Instruments for deformities made to order. No. 2 Vesey-st., Astor House, New-York. Ladies' private rooms and female attendant.

Paris Soft Hats.—A choice supply received by late steamers, made expressly to order for our retail sales.
LEARY & CO.,
Nos. 3, 4 and 5 Astor House, Broadway.

Hill's Hair Dye, 50 cents a Box, Black or Brown, warranted; Depot No. 1 Barclay-st. [illegible] at No. 399 Broadway and all druggists. Infallible Ungent for the growth and beauty of the hair. Florida [illegible] the same.

White's Horse-Hair Hat, for Summer wear, something entirely new, will be introduced this day, at No. 216 Broadway, under Barnum's Museum. Just received, a splendid assortment of Panama and fancy Straw Hats.

Geo. Saunders' Metallic Tablet Razor Strop.—This inimitable article may be obtained of the sole manufacturers, J. & S. SAUNDERS, No. 7 Astor House, and of the various agents throughout the City.

Anniversary Week.—The Clergy and their families supplied at a discount with gent's and children's Hats, Caps and Straw Goods of the newest patterns and in all their varieties. KELLOGG, Manufacturer, 331 Canal-st.

Tracy's Celebrated Shirts, Made to Order.—Gauze, Wool, Silk, Lisle Thread and Cotton Undershirts and Drawers, Neck Ties, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., at Nos. 87 and 89 William st., one door north of Maiden-lane.
GEORGE M. TRACY, Agent.

The Ladies' Delight.—Nothing pleases ladies more than nicely fitting and artistic Gaiters, Slippers. All articles of feet covering for ladies, children, misses of masters very beautiful and cheap, at No. 336 Bowery, J. R. MILLER'S.

McLaughlin's Improved French-yoke Shirts; ready-made, all sizes, or made to measure, in the best manner, at No. 269 Greenwich-st., corner of Murray.

Removal.—Defiance Salamander Safe Dépôt removed from No. 192 Pearl to No. 63 Murray-st., corner College-place.
ROBERT M. PATRICK.

Check Office Coats.—A neat article for the office or business purposes, $1 each, at DRUMGOLD and PROCH'S, No. 214 Broadway.

Business Suits, to order or ready-made, from a variety of plain and fancy Cassimeres. Suits from $14 to $20, at DRUMGOLD & PROCH'S,
No. 214 Broadway.

MARRIED.

Dymock—Peacock.—In this City, on Sunday, May 8, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. John Brash, Thomas Dymock to Mary Peacock, daughter of James Peacock, both of this City.

Mather—Weed.—In this City, on Thursday evening, May 5, by the Rev. T. Ralston Smith, George M. Mather to Sarah E. Weed, both of New-York.

Burbank—Burtis.—At Port Richmond, on Saturday, May 7, by the Rev. James Brownlee, Mr. Stephen Barnes Burbank to Miss Mary R. Burtis, all of Staten Island.

DIED.

Lockwood.—In this City, on Sunday morning, May 8, of consumption, Eliza Wells, wife of Charles Lockwood, aged 30 years.

The funeral will take place on Thursday afternoon, the 12th inst., at 1 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 64 Lexington av.

☞ Boston and Newburgh papers please copy.

Remsen.—In this City, on Monday, May 9, Caroline Remsen, daughter of the late Henry Remsen, of this City, in the 60th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, on Wednesday next, 11th inst., at 9 A. M., without further invitation, from her late residence, No. 285 5th-av. Interment at Greenwood.

Taylor.—In this City, on Tuesday morning, May 3, Mary Rebecca, infant daughter of H. Augustus Taylor, of this City.

Marsden.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, May 8, after a short and severe illness, Mr. John Marsden, formerly of Sheffield, England, in the 52d year of his age.

His friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, in Clermont av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, the 11th inst., at 3½ o'clock. Mr. Marsden, during his long residence in this country, had endeared himself to a large circle of friends, who deeply sympathise with his afflicted family in their sudden bereavement.

Maynard.—On Tuesday, May 3, of jaundice, Mr. James Maynard, of London, England, aged 80 years, 2 months and 14 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, on Tuesday afternoon, May 10, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 148 Canton-st., Brooklyn.

Seward.—At Yonkers, on Sabbath evening, May 8, Frederic D. Seward, son of the Rev. D. M. Seward, in the 27d year of his age.

The funeral will take place at the First Presbyterian Church, Yonkers, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock. Trains leave at 1¼ and 2¾ P. M., returning at 7:03.

Conant.—At Great Notch, N. J., on Monday morning, May 9, Charlotte F., wife of William E. Conant, in the 26th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at 2 o'clock, this day, (Tuesday,) the 10th inst., from the Reformed Dutch Church, Greenpoint, Brooklyn, E. D., without further notice.

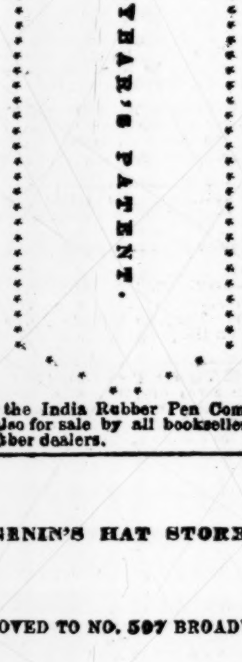
☞ New-London, Lynn., and vicinity papers please copy.

"She died in Jesus, and is bless'd;
How sweet her slumbers are;
From sufferings and from sin releas'd,
And free from every care."

Seton.—At Throg's Neck, Westchester County, on Sunday, May 8, Alfred Seton, in the 67th year of his age. The funeral will take place from the Church at Westchester, at 11 A. M., on Wednesday. The Harlem Rail road cars leave 26th st. at 9½ A. M. Conveyances will be in attendance at Williams' Bridge. The friends and relatives are invited to attend without further notice.

Grant.—In Traverse City, Mich., on Sunday morning, April 10, of scarlet fever, Annie Maria Frances Grant, only daughter of John F. and Maria Grant, aged 7 years, 9 months and 8 days.

INDIA RUBBER PEN.


GOODYEAR'S PATENT.

For sale by the India Rubber Pen Company, No. 57 Liberty-st., also for sale by all booksellers, stationers, and India rubber dealers.

GENIN'S HAT STORE,

REMOVED TO NO. 507 BROADWAY.

CONNECTING WITH HIS BAZAAR.

TO THE PUBLIC.
WHEN THE BLOOD IS IMPURE, the stomach and bowels become disordered, the mental faculties prostrated, and the whole human system disordered and deranged—the great secret, then, is to
PURIFY THE BLOOD,
for if the blood be only pure, the body must be in a healthy state, and free from disease.
DR. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA,
as manufactured under the direction and supervision of Dr. JAMES R. CHILTON, the most celebrated Chemist and Physician in this country,
NEVER FAILS TO PURIFY THE BLOOD.
It is the only GENUINE SARSAPARILLA put up in this country, and is manufactured from the very best imported HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA, in connection with other vegetable substances which science and experience have proved useful in
ERADICATING DISEASE FROM THE SYSTEM.
KEEP THE BLOOD PURE.
Wholesale and Retail Depot No. 212 BROADWAY, corner of Fulton st. OFFICE, No. 2, opposite St. Paul's Church.

A GREAT SPRING MEDICINE.
RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, SALT RHEUM, &c.
HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM is the most certain and safe remedy for the most painful and protracted forms of these diseases; also, old ulcers, fever sores, erysipelas, the worst cases of impurity of the blood, liver and kidneys, general debility, dyspepsia, incipient consumption, piles, &c. Principal dépôt, 246 Grand-st. 75 cents per bottle.

BOATS! BOATS!—PLEASURE BOATS OF ALL kinds can be had at O. R. INGERSOLL'S New Bazaar, Nos. 243 and 244 South-st., and Nos. 477 and 479 Water-st.; main office, No. 243 South-st. Over 100 boats on hand, from a lady's rowing skiff to a gentleman's yacht.

FISHING TACKLE,
ROD REELS,
FLIES, FLOATS,
FLIES AND MINNOWS,
AT SPORTSMEN'S DEPOT,
B. J. HART & BRO.,
No. 297 Broadway.

HECKER'S FARINA BOILERS TO PREVENT burning or scorching; Jelly Molds of various sizes, forms, and patterns. For sale at the establishment, No. 5 New Canal-st., near East Broadway.
F. C. TREADWELL, Agent.
A person of experience will, if desired, instruct purchasers of Boilers and Molds in the best mode of preparing Farina Jelly for the table.

WHISKERS IN SIX WEEKS.—YES, MY magical Onguent will force the beard or moustache or hair to grow luxuriantly within that time, without staining or injuring the skin. Price $1. Sent to any address by mail free. R. G. GRAHAM, No. 109 Nassau-st.

SPALDING'S
SPALDING'S
SPALDING'S
[illegible] AND CASTOR OIL.
[illegible]
5th. To force the [illegible]
6th. To prevent [illegible]
7th. To cure all [illegible]
8th. To prevent [illegible]
9th. To cure [illegible]
10th. To kill [illegible]
If you are not satisfied, try it. A[illegible] the signature of the Proprietor—take no other—J. [illegible] SPALDING, No. 27 Tremont-st., opposite Museum, Boston, Mass.
Sold in New-York by Barnes & Park; Cary, [illegible] Sanger & Co.; Rushton & Co.; Mrs. Hayes, Brooklyn, and by dealers generally.

JUST PUBLISHED:
NAPOLEONIC IDEAS.
A Faithful and Spirited Translation of the Great Political Work
of
THE EMPEROR LOUIS NAPOLEON.
By
James A. Dorr.
1 vol., 12 mo. Price 50 cents.
This small but comprehensive volume gives a complete exposé of the political views of the Emperor of the French. It is a key to the Napoleonic Policy, which the policy of France under her present Government discloses fully the intentions of Napoleon III. in reference to Italy.
D. APPLETON & CO.,
Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway.

RARE FOREIGN BOOKS
FOR
LIBRARIES.
The subscriber is now opening a very extensive assortment of BOOKS, both new and old, just received from Europe, embracing very valuable and rare works, in all languages, and every department of literature. Among them are
Antiquarian Works, early printed, black letter; Latin and Greek Fathers; Astrology; Magic; Early Histories; Voyages; Serials; Magazines; Costly Illustrated Works, &c., &c.
Catalogues of this stock are issued from time to time, with the lowest cash prices annexed, which will be forwarded to any address, gratis, on application to
T. W. REEVE Importer of Books,
No. 138 Fulton-st., up stairs,
between Nassau-st. and Broadway, New-York.

MARAVILLA. MARAVILLA.
MARAVILLA.
To everybody afflicted with BALDNESS.
To everybody troubled with DANDRUFF.
To everybody annoyed by their Hair falling out.
To everybody suffering from SICK HEADACHE.
A remedy at last discovered.
MARAVILLA.
MARAVILLA. MARAVILLA.
The proprietors of this justly celebrated preparation beg to offer the Maravilla to the public as a complete Hair Restorer. They do not feel it their duty to denounce other preparations advertised to produce similar results, nor to insult the patience and good sense of the public by long-winded testimonials; sufficeit to say, the Maravilla will bring back the Hair when apparently entirely gone; and if used as directed,
WILL PRODUCE GLOSSY CURLS,
And preserve to the Hair
ITS NATURAL COLOR,
though one live to the age of three-score and ten.
Sold by all respectable Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers, and by the Proprietors,
CHARLES ERNEST & CO., Perfumers.
Price, 50 cents. No. 96 Maiden-lane.

BALDWIN'S
CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT,
THE LARGEST IN THE CITY,
Built by Wm. B. Astor, Esq., expressly for the business.
NOS. 70 AND 72 BOWERY.
THE LARGEST NEW AND FASHIONABLE STOCK
OF READY-MADE CLOTHING
EVER OFFERED.
The CUSTOM DEPARTMENT not excelled in art or taste by any establishment.
SEASONABLE GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Persons will buy goods here cheaper than at any other store in this City.
Ladies are invited to call and examine the Children's Department.

KEROSENE OILS.
NOTICE.
The enlargement of the Kerosene Works being now completed, we give notice that ALL Orders from the TRADE will be filled promptly, at New Tariff Prices.
KEROSENE OIL, on examination, will be found to be the only perfect Coal Oil yet offered, and to burn 25 per cent longer than any of the imitations in market.
NEW-YORK KEROSENE OIL COMPANY,
No. 93 Pearl-st.,
New-York.

ENGLISH CARPETS.
NEW STORE—NEW GOODS—LOW PRICES.
ENGLISH TAPESTRY, 7s. to $1.
INGRAINED 3 PLY, 90c. to $1.
3-PLYS AND INGRAINS, 25c. to $1.
OIL-CLOTHS, 2s. 6d.
CANTON MATTING at low prices.
Crossley's yard-wide English Tapestries, new patterns.
B. BEATTY'S, No. 8 4th-av.,
Near Cooper Institute.

STEREOSCOPIC!
New Groups, New Glass Views of Athens, Constantinople, the Rhine, the Tyrol, Illuminated Interiors, Scenery of England, Ireland and Scotland. New Colored Views of the Rhine, &c., &c., received by the last steamer.
Paris Views at 12½ cents each.
For sale, at wholesale and retail.
A description of the Stereoscope sent by mail, on receipt of a postage stamp.
D. APPLETON & CO.,
Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway.

GAS FIXTURES AND FRENCH BRONZES.
CHANDELIERS, PENDANTS, BRACKETS, &c.,
Of the latest French, English,
And American designs.
FRENCH BRONZES in great variety.
An unequalled assortment of the above goods, selected for the Spring trade, and at reduced rates.
STEPHEN PHILBIN.
Nos. 707 Broadway and 331 4th-st.

SOMETHING NEW.
C. BARNARD'S VULCANIZED PENS—An extraordinarily easy writing pen, and far more durable than any other made from steel; for sale by the following stationers: B. F. Corlies, No. 31 Nassau-st.; W. D. Roe & Co., No. 59 Wall-st.; Bowne & Co., No. 160 Pearl-st., near Wall; Nathan Lane & Co., No. 69 Wall-st.; C. Gildersleve, No. 17 William-st.; Biglow & Bleecker, No. 18 William-st.; C. F. Sonneborn, No. 142 Nassau-st.; John Armour, No. 7 Beekman-st.; and wholesale by John K. Duyckinck, No. 164 Pearl st.; Geo. F. Nesbitt & Co., No. 119 Pearl-st.; Wilbur Hastings & Co., No. 39 Fulton-st.; Cook, Merritt & Brown, No. 18 Beekman-st.; Bowen, Holmes & Co., No. 350 Broadway; Robbins, Royce & Hard, No. 79 Reade-st.

RHEUMATISM.
I have used Dr. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT, for Rheumatism—it cured me where everything else I tried failed. For two weeks I was so bad that I could not get out of bed. If it was $10 a bottle I would not be without it.
A. S. SMITH,
Brick Tavern, Chester Co., Penn.
March 22, 1859.
Sold by all the Druggists, at 25 cents and 50 cents.
Dépôt, No. 56 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

ICE PITCHERS! ICE PITCHERS! ICE PITCHERS!
And echo answers nothing but "Ice Pitchers." Well, I shall endeavor to keep a constant supply of plated and Britannia ones for my numerous patrons,
LUCIUS HART, Nos. 4 and 6 Burling-slip.

PATENT BUTTER MILL.
Makes butter from Sweet Milk in two minutes. Two sizes, $7 50 and $10. Operated daily, at 10 and 4 o'clock. For sale by the sole agent.
STEPHEN W. SMITH, No. 534 Broadway.

ST. CATHARINE MINERAL WATER
IN ITS NATURAL STATE.
The greatest Purifier of the Blood yet discovered. A fresh supply just received from the Spring.
C. L. MATHER, Agent, Astor House, N. Y.

SAVE YOUR CARPETS, FURS AND DRY Goods from Moths. In putting away clothing, furs, curtains, &c. for the season sprinkle freely with LYON'S MAGNETIC INSECT POWDER. It is natural death to everything of the insect species. Moths will not come near it. Throw it about your carpets, bedding, closets, &c., it is perfectly clean. Upholsterers should put it in all furniture; Clothiers, dry goods merchants, manufacturers, furriers and gardeners should use freely.
Moths in furs, bugs in beds,
Roaches crawling on your floor,
Rats and mice in barns and sheds,
These shall never plague you more.
Lyon, with his Powder, slays
All the insects that annoy;
And his Pills, beyond all praise,
Every rat and mouse destroy.
Lyon's Powder is harmless to mankind, but will kill all house insects, garden worms, vine-bugs, &c. Lyon's Magnetic Pills are such death to rats and mice. Sold everywhere.
Sample flasks, 25 cents; regular sizes, 50 cents and $1.
BARNES & PARK, Nos. 13 and 15 Park Row, N. Y.
Houses, ships and public buildings cleared of vermin by contract.

HECKERS' FARINA IS IN THE HIGHEST repute as a delicious and wholesome food at all seasons of the year. It is a pure preparation from wheat, without the admixture of any other grain, and hence is invaluable in the Summer season. Extensively used at the Astor House, St. Nicholas, Metropolitan, and other first-class hotels and saloons. It is rapidly becoming an indispensable dish on all good tables.
Manufactured and sold at the Croton Mills, No. 202 Cherry-st., New-York. A liberal discount to dealers.
HECKER & BROTHER.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.—The annual meeting of members of this Association will be held in the Lecture-Room, Clinton-Hall, Astor-place, TUESDAY EVENING, May 10, 1859, at 7 o'clock, when the annual report will be presented.
The annual [illegible] be held at Clinton-Hall, [illegible] May 17, 1859. Polls open from [illegible] order of the Board. [illegible]

WASHINGTON [illegible] tured by Mr. James Cr[illegible] the Mount Vernon estate, Virginia, [illegible] canes bracelets, picture-frames, [illegible] goblets, inkstands, &c., for sale [illegible] White's Hat Store, No. 2[illegible] Broadway, under Barnum's Museum, by SQUIER & SQUIER, sole agents for New-York.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—ANGLO-SAXON LODGE, No. 137, F. A. [illegible]—A special meeting of this Lodge will be held at their Lodge-rooms, on TUESDAY EVENING, [illegible] to make arrangements to attend [illegible] of our deceased Brother, John Marsden. [illegible] W. M.
[illegible] BROWN, Jr., Secretary.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.—THE UNDERSIGNED [illegible] receive orders for cleaning, [illegible] [illegible] folding doors, and every [illegible] furniture cleaned and polished without [illegible] and without soiling the finest carpet. [illegible] from May moving, [illegible] good as new. Address MARTIN, Box [illegible]

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—THE TWO ELEGANT NEW BROWN stone houses Nos. 112 and 114 Madison-avenue, being both nearly 20 feet front by 60 feet deep; five stories high, built in the very best manner, and replete with every convenience, and will be finished ready for occupancy by the 1st day of March next. Terms very accommodating to a responsible party. For further particulars apply to A. W. FRY, No. 12 Chambers-st., from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M., first floor, office No. 1.

VILLAS, COUNTRY SEATS, COTTAGES, AND FARMS, FOR SALE, BY S. EDDY & CO., NO. 51 LIBERTY-ST. A number of elegant residences, with spacious grounds stocked with fruit trees and shrubbery, and commanding fine river views, at each of the following villages on the Hudson, viz: Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs' Ferry, Irvington, Tarrytown, Sing Sing, and Nyack. Also on Staten Island; at Orange and Bloomfield, N. J. Also, a large number of fruit and dairy farms, and country seats with farms attached, from one to three hours' ride from New-York, at prices ranging from $1,200 to $30,000. N. B.—Several eligible country seats and farms to exchange for good City property.

FOR SALE—THE FINELY FINISHED, FIRST-class, 4 story brown-stone house and lot No. 17 East 32d-st. House built in 1857, and just put in complete order, and ready for immediate occupancy. Lot 25x99, house 25x60; built in best manner, with every modern improvement and convenience. Will be sold low, as the owner moves into the country. For particulars apply on the premises, No. 17 East 32d-st., or to H. MASON, No. 26 Water-st.

FOR SALE—A VACANT LOT ON THE SOUTH side of 20th-st. near 9th-av., 20x90 feet. Also, one on 9th-av., near 20th-st. Terms made to suit purchaser. Inquire of J. N. WELLS, No. 167 9th-av.

FOR SALE—HOUSES AND LOTS. ARCHITECtural designs for country houses complete for $5 each, at the architectural office, No. 953 Broadway, near Madison-square. No charge for plans not approved of.

FOR SALE—A NEW FOUR-STORY AND ATTIC house, situate on the south side of 10th-st., two doors east of 3d-av. For terms, apply to THOMAS MACFARLAN & SONS, No. 180 10th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—COUNTRY PROPERTY SITUATE 20 miles or less from this City, worth about $4,000 or $6,000. Address E. B., Box No. 136 *Times* Office, stating full particulars as to location, amount of land, and buildings if any, and the lowest cash price.

HARLEM LOTS WANTED.—THE MARKET value will be paid for several plots of land in Harlem or vicinity. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 1,073 Broadway.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE—A VERY LARGE AND VALUABLE estate with extensive water power appurtenant, situate at Morrisville, Bucks County, Penn. This magnificent estate contains about 315 acres of land, of which nearly the entire part is valuable farm land under a high state of cultivation. The principal streets of the town of Morrisville run through the property, giving several thousand feet front for building purposes. There are fourteen buildings upon the property, all of which are rented. The farm has a mile front on the Philadelphia and Bristol Turnpike Road. The Delaware Division of the Pennsylvania Canal and the Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad run through this estate, affording every facility for access thereto, and for the shipping of produce, materials, &c. Morrisville is situated on the west bank of the Delaware River, immediately opposite to Trenton, N. J., with which place it is connected by a fine bridge. The improvements of the town are extending in the direction of this estate. The most valuable feature connected with this fine estate is the extensive water power, which is one of the finest on the River Delaware. At present it is used by a grist-mill and saw-mill. For the purposes of a saw-mill it is most admirably adapted. For information, apply to HENRY McCREA, No. 430 Walnut-st., Philadelphia.

A VERY BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE for sale in the village of Madison, Morris County, N. J., contains about 11 acres of land, beautifully shaded with forest and evergreen trees, situated on high ground, within 10 minutes' walk of the dépôt; abounds with all kinds of the most choice fruit; the mansion-house is large, built in the most substantial, and finished in the best manner, with bathrooms, hot and cold water throughout the house, and built at a cost of about $17,000. The out-buildings are in proportion to the mansion house, fine, roomy and expensive. This property must be seen to be appreciated, as it is the most noble and desirable property to be found in New Jersey or elsewhere, and is worthy any gentleman's notice who is desirous of a very superior residence. Price, $25,000—terms easy. Also, several small farms. One of 40 acres, within the village, abounds with choice fruit, good buildings, fine lawn around the house, good garden, land in a high state of cultivation; ice-house filled for use, &c. Also, one farm, 200 acres; one, 341 acres. For particulars, call on S. D. HUNTING, Waverley House, near the dépôt, Madison. Also, beautiful building sites in the village.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY-SEAT and farm of about 55 acres, near Jamaica, L. I., on the Black-stump Road to Flushing, well watered, fenced and in good order throughout. On the place are a new, spacious Gothic cottage, containing 14 rooms; a farm-house; all necessary out buildings, and a well stocked orchard, garden, &c., &c. The location is healthy, site elevated, and neighborhood first-class, with schools and churches of all denominations in the immediate vicinity. It is easy of access, only one mile from the Jamaica Railroad dépôt, four miles from Flushing and eight miles from the Brooklyn ferries. Title perfect; price $10,000. The stock, and crops now in, will be sold at a fair valuation. Apply to or address R. THURSBY, No. 238 Front-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A DOUBLE COTTAGE HOUSE, CONtaining 11 rooms, near Astoria; splendid view of the Bay; house nearly new, filled in with brick; marble mantels, and well finished throughout; the grounds contain two acres of land, beautifully laid out; carriage-drive, graveled walks, terraced lawn; a great abundance of choice fruit-bearing and ornamental trees; a beautiful hedge fence in thrifty condition; fine barn, stables, carriage-house, open shed, hennery, cow-house, &c., &c., all in good repair; a very complete and genteel residence; accessible hourly by boat or cars. Will be sold at a low valuation, on accommodating terms, or will be exchanged for desirable property in New-York City or Brooklyn. Apply to J. P. HOGARTH, No. 64 Front-st., New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE.—FOR SALE, AT Fordham, Westchester County, the residence lately occupied by Dr. Walsh. The house is 42x36, built by days' work in the most substantial manner, filled in with brick, and has marble mantels throughout. The carriage-house and out-buildings are ample and complete, and the whole place in perfect order. The grounds contain 3¾ acres, and are highly improved with a great variety of fruit and ornamental trees. The house commands an extensive view on all sides, from East River to the Palisades. It is but half a mile from Fordham Station on Harlem Railroad, and but 12 miles from the City Hall. It will be sold for $12,000, and a portion of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to A. A. WALSH, No. 211 Pearl-st.; or to Dr. WALSH, on the premises.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY—A large three-story house, 36 by 40, containing 24 rooms, are hard finished, with 2 acres land, with fruit trees; an excellent well of water in area; brick cistern in rear; the water from each is brought into the house by force pumps; situated in the village of Bloomingview, Staten Island, two miles from Rossville, where steamboats ply daily, at from 10 to 15 cents; each 1½ hour sail from the City, and within one quarter of a mile of the Staten Island Railroad Dépôt; three quarters of a mile from Princes' Bay. A most delightful place for bathing and fishing. For further particulars, apply to SAMUEL EDDY, No. 51 Liberty-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE WITH about one acre of land, pleasantly situated near Fordham, at ¾ of a mile's distance from the Harlem Railroad Dépôt. The dwelling house, an elegant structure, 5 years old, is in the Italian style, with a Campanile or Italian tower. It contains 13 rooms, besides a kitchen and cellarage, water-closet and bath-room, with hot and cold water, dumb waiter and speaking tubes. The grounds, divided in pleasure and vegetable gardens, are stocked with full grown, bearing fruit trees, and barn, stables, chicken-yard, &c., are conveniently arranged. Price moderate. Apply to A. M. CORN, No. 58 William-st.

TO LET—THE COUNTRY SEAT OF THE SUBscriber at Astoria, on the bank of the river, quite near the steamboat landing. The location is healthy; the house, which is partially furnished, will accommodate a large family. There is on the ground a variety of fine ornamental, and the choicest fruit trees in full bearing; a hot-house stocked with plants; an ice house filled; a laundry building, with sleeping apartments, and other requisite buildings. The garden is large and now seeded. A portion of the adjacent farming land would, if required, also be let. Apply to BYAM K. STEVENS, No. 195 Water-st.

TO LET ON STATEN ISLAND—A FURnished country residence, situated on Manor Road, one mile back of Four Corners. House large and commodious, containing 14 rooms and bath-room. Location healthy, and view unsurpassed on the Island. Pleasure-grounds and garden extensive, and stocked with every variety of fruit trees and grapes. Outbuilding new and in good repair. Rent moderate. Possession immediately. For further particulars, apply to FR. MEISSNER, No. 148 Beaver-st.

FOR SALE AT PEEKSKILL—A BEAUTIFUL residence with 3 acres of ground, part of which is covered with a splendid grove of native forest trees; house two-story frame, filled in with brick, well built and in perfect order, size 34x36; contains 14 rooms, is handsomely situated, and commands an extensive view of the river and adjoining country; fine garden, and an abundance of fruits of different varieties. Apply to P. S. BULKLEY, No. 63 Wall-st., Jauncey Court.

FOR SALE—AT ELTONA, A LARGE, WELL-built and convenient house, 28x30, wing 20x35, about five minutes' walk from the Railroad dépôt, one hour from the City by steamboat or cars, with about twelve lots of ground attached. Apply to R. H. ELTON, No. 24 Beekman-st., New-York, or WM. O. ROOSA, on the premises.

Also, for sale or to let, several houses of different styles, convenient to the City. Apply to H. H. ROBERTSON, Mott Haven.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FINE COUNTRY residence; six acres of land; a fine orchard of peach, plum and apple trees; good out buildings; situated in the village of Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y., within five minutes' walk of the Hudson River Institute. One of the very best boarding schools in the country. Terms $5,000. Address Rev. A. FLACK.

TO RENT OR EXCHANGE—A BEAUTIFUL country seat on the west bank of the Hudson, above the Highlands; large, thoroughly-finished house and necessary out-buildings, with six acres of land handsomely improved, with fruit and ornamental trees and shrubbery. Will be rented for one year, or exchanged for a house and lot in Brooklyn or New-York.

CLARK & FAULKNER, No. 16 Wall-st.

TO LET AT NEWBURGH, N. Y.—A LARGE and beautiful house, in complete order, with water and gas throughout, situated at the north end of the village, commanding a fine view of the river and surrounding country, formerly occupied by L. P. Dodge, Esq. For further particulars, inquire of J. C. MASTERS, Newburgh, or to D. McDOWELL, No. 40 Park-place, New-York.

TO LET—HALF A MILE FROM THE FORDHAM dépôt, a cottage, containing 10 rooms, stables, garden, and four acres of land, with fruit trees, &c.; a delightful country residence; will be rented for six months or one year. Apply to CHARLES H. HINNAU, Recorder's Office, No. 11 Chambers-st., or Dr. HORSEFIELD'S drug-store, Fordham.

COUNTRY SEAT TO LET OR LEASE—ONE of the finest on Staten Island, Clifton side of the Island, ten minutes walk of Vanderbilt's Landing. House furnished. Pasture and hay for horses and cows. For particulars apply at No. 370 Broadway, up stairs, or No. 1 Beaver-st., first floor.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR exchange for City or Brooklyn property—in perfect order, and everything a gentleman can require for a country residence—at Oyster Bay, Long Island. Apply to WM. H. BRIDGENS, No. 189 William-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE.—On Echo Bay, New Rochelle, consisting of 31 acres of land overlooking the Sound, having a water front on three sides of a quarter of a mile, with a good stone dock belonging to the premises. The mansion is 66x60, and contains over 20 rooms, a gardener's cottage with 6 rooms, carriage-house, stables, ice-house, hennery; 4 good wells and fine springs; a large brick building, three-stories, 60x100, with an L 25x45, well built walls 16 in. thick; also a brick building on the dock 40x45. The grounds are beautifully laid out, and all the roads McAdamized. The mansion is situated on high ground in the midst of a six-acre grove of large forest trees; about a thousand fruit trees, in bearing, of the choicest varieties of pears apples, plums, cherries, peaches, &c.; small fruits in abundance; 300 quarts of berries was picked in one day alone last year. The number and varieties of ornamental trees, shrubs, &c., are too numerous to name in an advertisement, and must be seen to be properly appreciated. Will be sold with or without the furniture, &c. Also for sale, a beautiful location on Davenport's Neck, 7 acres, having two water fronts, an elegant house in course of erection. Also, several very choice lots in the Village. For particulars, inquire of THADDEUS DAVIDS, Nos. 127 and 129 William-st., where a lithographic view of the place can be seen.

N. B. It is one of the healthiest places in the Union, and less than half a mile from the railroad station.

ORANGE, N. J.—FOR SALE, AT AUCTION, AT the Orange Hotel, in Orange, N. J., on MONDAY, May 16, at 3 o'clock P. M., a very valuable House and Lot, situated on Main street, Orange, within two minutes walk of the railroad station and convenient to the principal churches, schools, and stores of the town. The house is two stories high, with attic and basement, handsomely furnished, and in good order. The lot is about 67 feet wide, in front and rear, by about 140 feet deep. The property is very eligibly located and will form a desirable residence for persons doing business in New-York.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot of land about 80 feet wide on said Main-street with a dwelling house thereon, well adapted for a business location.

JOHN L. BLAKE, Atty.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT, FACING LONG Island Sound, twenty-five acres best-quality land, produces 50 tons best hay annually; fine garden, well laid out; fruit and shrubbery in abundance; dock and harbor for boats; water seven feet at high tide; buildings plain, but all in good order, suitable for a gentleman doing business in the City; three-quarters of an hour's ride by railroad; would sell about 11 acres separately. Apply to DODGE & VARIAN, 298 Bleecker-st.

GOTHIC COTTAGE FOR SALE.—A NEAT, well-arranged house, on the side terrace of a beautiful villa road, near the Tubby Hook Dépôt, on this island, with about 14 rooms, and so constructed as to command views of both the Hudson and Harlem Rivers. With the house, about 12 lots of land, most of which is in natural forest. There is a large supply of water, good furnace, &c. It will be sold at a bargain, and early possession given. For further details and terms, apply to THOMAS J. STEWART, Nos. 30 and 32 Pine-st.

TO LET—A MODEL PLACE, AT METUCHIN, four miles this side of New Brunswick, N. J.; three minutes' walk from dépôt; with five acres of rich land. The house, cottage style, is situated in the centre of, say one acre, covered with evergreen trees, laid out with taste as a flower-garden, with nearly every variety of fruit of the choicest kind; barn, carriage-house and hennery; also, a small lake, containing more or less fish. This property can be had at the low price of $300 per annum. Apply to THOMAS J. FORD, No. 87 Broad st.

TO LET—A HOUSE IN SOUTHPORT, CONN.—A small, convenient, modern cottage, adjoining the salt water, well shaded, with conveniences for bathing; piazzas front and rear; with extensive views of the Sound and the adjoining village. Within 8 minutes' walk of the Railroad Station. Will be rented very low to a desirable tenant. Inquire of BULKLEY, BRO. & CO., or THADDEUS DAVIDS & CO., New York, or to ANDREW BULKLEY, Esq., Southport.

FOR SALE—IN THE BEAUTIFUL AND HEALTHY village of Yonkers, a cottage, in the Gothic style, containing a cellar, kitchen, dining and sitting rooms, parlor and four bedrooms, about three quarters of an acre of ground, prettily laid out, with fruit and shade trees, &c., situated on Palisade-av.—the best in Yonkers—and commanding an uninterrupted valley and water view of thirty miles. Price, $6,250. R. MAJOR, No. 449 Broadway, up stairs.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT YONKERS to lease, for sale, or exchange for City property. The large new four-story brick building, built for manufacturing purposes; a double horizontal steam engine of 60-horse power each, and locomotive boilers put in the building this Spring; 100 feet of dock in front of building, and near the Hudson River Railroad dépôt and steamboat landing. Apply to H. F. DEVOE, No. 320 West-st., New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE.—TO LET FURnished, a large, handsome, brown stone house on New-York Bay, 4 miles from Jersey City, on a stage route, location unsurpassed, garden, coach and stable accommodation attached. Immediate entry will be given, the family being about to leave for Europe. For particulars apply to S. B. HUTCHINS, No. 36 John-st., or on the premises to JAMES CURRIE.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT AT YONKERS; 10 acres on Hudson River, commanding a magnificent view; on the premises is a new and elegant mansion, built in the best manner, having gas, hot and cold water throughout, two hot-air furnaces, &c. The above will be sold at a bargain. Apply to C. H. BUCKMASTER, No. 112 Front-st., where further information may be obtained.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET, LEASE OR FOR SALE.—Modern two-story house, 10 rooms, beautiful prospect, six acres, highly picturesque, near the dépôt, South Norwalk. Desirable for an artist, boarding school, or Summer boarding; $75 for the year, $50 for the Summer. BENJAMIN H. COE, No. 1 University Building.

TO RENT—A VERY DESIRABLE BRICK COTtage on the north side of Staten Island, within a short distance of the Ferry Landing; about two acres of land handsomely laid out and in complete order; spring water brought into the house, and in the stable. Inquire of the subscriber, at Ketchum, Howe & Co's, No. 40 Exchange-place.

E. BEMENT.

TO LET—A COUNTRY SEAT OR FARM, WITHIN two miles of Newark, N. J. The house, with outbuildings and garden, will be rented separately, or the whole 37 acres will be let on shares to a first-class tenant. Apply to Messrs. KENNEDY & SHERMAN, No. 30 Pine-st., New-York.

TO LET—A NEAT COTTAGE, NEARLY NEW and just newly painted, with large garden, pleasantly situated on a retired street in the village of Flushing, L. I., six minutes' walk from Railroad dépôt. Communication almost hourly. Desirable location for a small family, and perfectly healthy. Rent low. Apply to D. S. WILLIAMS, No. 107 Chambers st.

NEWPORT COTTAGE TO LET—FURNISHED—Situated on the road to the Fort, commanding a view of the Bay and Ocean. Apply to E. JONES, No. 2 Neilson-place, next to corner of Waverley-place.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—Containing eleven rooms, and is one of the most desirable places in the town for a Summer residence. Inquire of D. B. LOGAN, No. 7 Platt-st., New-York.

IRVINGTON.—FOR SALE OR TO RENT, (furnished,) the residence of Mrs. Owens, at Irvington, Westchester county. The place is finely situated and in good order. Apply on the premises, or at No. 36 Vesey-st., New-York.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET—A COUNTRY PLACE, comprising nine acres of land, with large house, barns, &c., twenty miles from New-York, with which there is hourly communication by Railroad. Apply to J. E. ALLEN, No. 156 Fulton-st.

TO LET—FOR THE SUMMER, AT TARRYTOWN, a large furnished house, with stable, garden, fruit, &c. Address S., Box No. 3,301 Post office.

FARMS.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF FORTY-THREE ACRES of land, under a high state of cultivation, well fenced, a lane through the centre, good and convenient house and out buildings, two large cisterns, and a never-failing well of excellent water; well fruited, fine apple orchard, choice pears, &c.; lawn about the house, beautifully shaded; about twenty-five miles from Brooklyn by the turnpike; two miles from the Hickville dépôt on the Long Island Railroad, and 4½ miles from Oyster Bay, on the Jericho, Norwich and Oyster Bay road. Terms easy, or would be exchanged for improved City property. Apply to AUGUSTUS F. SHOTWELL, No. 22 Exchange-place, New-York, or JOS. F. SHOTWELL, Westbury.

FOR SALE—A FARM, 46 ACRES, FIVE MINUTES' walk from the dépôt buildings, nearly new dwelling, 9 rooms; barn, with cellar 28x38 ft.; will stall 40 head of cattle; good carriage-house, two wells of water, six acres of orchard. The place may be divided, and half sold in building lots by J. JAQUES, Westville, Orange County, New-York, on the New-York and Erie Railroad. Inquire of Messrs. BIGGS & SOUTHWICK, No. 84 Nassau-st., or J. E. HATCH, No. 375 9th-av. JOHN JAQUES, Westville.

DUTCHESS COUNTY.—SUPERIOR FARM, 95 acres, ¼ mile from River, of which it has a fine view, 1 mile from Staatsburgh dépôt, 5 from Hyde Park. Dwelling with 12 rooms, barn, sheds, cow-house, &c. Crops nearly all in. Plenty of fruit and shade, brook and springs. For sale very low and only $500 down.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., No. 7 Pine-st.

TEXAS AND MICHIGAN LANDS FOR SALE.—Fourteen hundred acres of land located in Titus County, Texas, known as the "Isaac Bare" tract. Also, 880 acres of land located in Berrian County, Michigan, heavily timbered. Apply to

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer, No. 35 Wall-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED

WANTED—TO HIRE, IMMEDIATELY, A SMALL furnished cottage, within an hour's drive of the City, and accessible by cars. Must be furnished complete and in a quiet and healthy neighborhood; one about a mile or two from a village preferred. Address F. L. G., Box No. 162 *Times* Office, giving location and particulars.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, BY A QUIET WIDOW lady and son, the 2d floor of a modern built house, in a good locality, between 14th and 26th sts. and 7th and Lexington avs. Any family having such apartments to let, will find a good and prompt tenant by addressing Box No. 3,560 New York Post-office. The best of references given and required.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A VERY SUPERIOR PAIR OF matched coach horses, 16 hands high, 6 years old; also a smaller pair of carriage horses, price $400; also a fine single horse. All sound and kind and excellent travelers. Also double and single harness. Apply at the red brick stable on alley No. 20 East 37th-st., between Madison and 4th avs.

FOR SALE—A BLACK HORSE, 14¾ HANDS high, 6 years old, long tail, *Black Hawk* stock, stylish, and a very nice animal; would make a beautiful lady's saddle-horse; warranted in every respect; also, a leather-top wagon, set of silver-mounted harness, bridle and saddle, all new last Fall. Apply at No. 112 Gold-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF GRAY MARES, EIGHT years old, 15¾ hands high, sound and kind, quick and stylish travelers. Apply at No. 107 Chambers-st., 3d-story, New-York, or at TINKLEY'S stables, Love-lane, Brooklyn.

TO CARRIAGE MAKERS.—WANTED, A handsome, double-seated, roomy, one-horse Carriage, in exchange for a manufacturing stock. Address FRANKLIN, Box 4,211 Post-office.

REGALIA JEWELS AND JEWELRY OF every description required for lodges, chapters and encampments; also, all Masonic books and diplomas, at the American Masonic Agency, No. 424 Broadway.

TO LET.

TO LEASE.—THE UPPER PART OF THE FIVE story white marble building, No. 555 Broadway. The first lot is 200x25 feet. The others are divided into a front and rear building with an entrance both from Broadway and Mercer-st., and a hoistway on Mercer-st. It has been occupied for the last 6 years by Mr. Waterbury's Cabinet Furniture Ware-rooms. For further information apply to WM. TAYLOR, No. 555 Broadway, or to JOHN TAYLOR, No. 335 Broadway.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—THE three-story house No. 14 West 13th-st., near 5th av. The house is in good order, with all the modern improvements. Furniture new, elegant, and complete. Possession immediately. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

SCHOOL-ROOMS TO LET—IN THE BIBLE House, Astor-place, a suite of rooms well adapted for the purpose and occupied for the last six years by a first-class school. Offices to let in the same building, which are very desirable. Apply at the Treasurer's Office, in the Bible House, entrance on 4th av.

TO LET—THE STORE 100 FEET BY 23, WITH basement and cellar, No. 210 William-st., and workshops in the rear building, 60 feet by 40, 10 windows in each; store No. 204 William-st; the 4th and 5th floors of house No. 113 Nassau-st., for light manufacturing purposes. Inquire of M. J. GILHOOLY, No. 78 Nassau-st.

TO LET—IN FRANKLIN-AVENUE, TWO COTtages, being the second and fourth houses northeast of Park-av., Brooklyn; contain 11 rooms each, marble mantles, gas and fixtures; rent $200. Apply to WARREN MITCHELL across the street, or at the dining saloon of MITCHELL & BLAIR, No. 16 Fulton Market in Beekman st.

TO LET—THE FIRST, OR PARLOR FLOOR, OF new house No. 255 9th-av., finished with the late improvements; rent only $250 a year; possession at once. Also the second floor to let, with 6 rooms and a great abundance of pantry and drawers, rent $200 a year. Bill up. Apply to J. E. HATCH, No. 375 9th-av.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE LARGE FOUR-story brown-stone-front house, No. 114 Pineapple-st., corner of Fulton, containing thirty rooms; suitable for a first-class boarding-house. It is in first-rate order, with the water, gas, &c. For terms, which will be low, apply to C. HADDEN, No. 24 Remsen st.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE HANDSOME 3-story brick house No. 6 Huntington-place, Powers-st., between Bergen and Wyckoff; full basement, water and range; ornamented parlors; 8 finished rooms; subcellar; privilege in 8 lots of ground adjoining in grass. Rent $250. Apply to T. A. HUNTINGTON, No. 235 Dean-st.

ROOMS AND OFFICES TO LET—ON SECond floor of No. 175 Broadway. These premises have the advantage of an entrance on Broadway, opposite Howard Hotel; also, No. 2 Cortlandt-st., opposite National Hotel. Apply to T. B. BYNNER & CO., Importers and Dealers in Watches and Jewelry, 175 Broadway.

TO LET—A VERY CONVENIENT HOUSE, COTtage style, with court yard full of shade-trees, beautifully situated on Oxford-st., Brooklyn, near Fulton-av.; double lot in the rear. Rent $550. Apply to JONES & FERGUSON, No. 87 Broad-st., from 9 to 10 A. M., or 1 to 3 P. M.

TO RENT—FOR A GENTEEL FIRST-CLASS private boarding-house, a 4-story brown-stone front dwelling house, one door from 5th-av., on 31st-st. None but first-class parties need apply. S. W. BENEDICT, Northwest corner of Broadway and 35th-st.

TO LET—THE BRICK BUILDING, STORE AND lofts, No. 41 Harrison st. Superior location for provision or commission business. Apply to WHITE & VAN VLIET at the malt house on the corner of Betnune and West sts.

TO LET—A COALYARD ON 3D-AV., AT YORKville; it has been kept as a coalyard for the last 5 years, one of the best stands in Yorkville, or for a lumber yard or stone yard. Inquire of L. Hart, land-agent, 3d-av., between 82d and 84th-sts.

TO LET—FOR ONE OR THREE YEARS, THE neat three story brick dwelling, No. 96 West 12th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; has all the modern improvements. Apply to BRADY & SPROULE, No. 217 Fulton-st.

TO LET—A TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE WITH kitchen in rear in Bloomingdale, near Broadway, in first rate condition, hard walls, marble mantels and speaking tubes; a desirable location. Apply to S. D. WOODRUFF, No. 475 8th-av.

CHARLTON-STREET, NO. 36.—BROWN-stone three-story and basement high stoop house, all the modern improvements, will be let low to a good tenant. Inquire at No. 31, next door.

TO LET—SOME OF THE BEST OFFICES IN THE Park Bank Building; Also, the 4-story house No. 68 St. Mark's-place, 8th-st. Apply at the Bank, No. 3 Beekman-st.

TO LET—WITH STEAM POWER—TWO LARGE rooms, 66x30 feet each, with lights both sides building; rent reasonable. Inquire on the premises Nos. 401, 403 and 405 Cherry-st., near Scammel.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE CHURCH IN 24TH-st., near 9th-av. For terms inquire of J. N. WELLS, No. 167 9th av. Possession immediately.

TO RENT—TWO OFFICES ON THE THIRD floor, fronting the Park, in the *Times* Building. Apply at the *Times* Office.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR NO. 35 SPRUCE-ST., with a fine office attached. Now in use as a leather store. Inquire of A. L. DENNIS & CO., 25 Park-row.

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A CARD HAVING BEEN ISSUED
TO THE PUBLIC

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The law is that a person who purchases or uses a patented article is equally liable for infringement with the maker of it. The "makers" having fairly notified the "users" of their intention not to pay, the "users" have only themselves to blame if I collect my tariff of them—as I shall certainly do. THADDEUS HYATT.

NEW-YORK, January, 1859.

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Iron columns beams, girders, and all kinds of castings for building purposes.

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LEWIS' HARDWARE STORE, No. 169 Canal-st., second block from Bowery, towards Broadway. A fine assortment of the best Carpenters' Tools, Cut Nails. Housekeepers' Hardware, &c., now opening. Call and examine.

COAL OIL.—TO THE TRADE.—THE AMERICAN Coal Oil Company are now prepared to negotiate with any responsible parties for the exclusive sale of their oils, and also of Tucker & Tift's burners and wicks, in towns, villages and cities of the United States and Canadas.

TUCKER & PADDON, Agents,
No. 42 John-st., New-York.

THE LADIES ARE DELIGHTED WITH the new Patent Ice Breakers: Giffin's patent and Rowe's patent. Buy one, take it home, and try the experiment. For sale by all hardware dealers; manufactured by F. STEVENS, No. 229 Pearl-st., up stairs.

BANCA TIN, INGOT COPPER, SPELTER, Antimony, Lead, Mt. Hope Cut Nails, &c.

JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

O. AMES & SON'S SHOVELS AND SPADES—For sale by

JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.

VANVLECK, READ & DREXEL have removed to No. 40 Wall st., Manhattan Bank Building, and offer their services in all branches of a legitimate banking business.

We invite attention to our superior advantages in making collections throughout the country. When instructed, claims are placed in suit, or adjusted by faithful and reliable attorneys.

Our charges are as reasonable as those of any responsible house in the City.

NEW-YORK, May 8, 1859.

REMOVAL.
KEROSENE OIL COMPANY
Has removed to
NO. 93 PEARL-ST.

THOMAS DIXON,
BANKER,
Removed to No. 49 William-st., near Pine.
Sterling Bills on sale.

S. BISSELL & M. A. DODGE—DRESS MAKERS—Have removed from No. 12 Greene-st., to No. 14 West 11th-st., six doors from corner of Broadway, where they will continue the dress-making business, and are ready to receive orders as formerly, which will be executed with punctuality and at the shortest notice. Paris and London Modes received every month.

DR. JAMES STEWART HAS REMOVED to No. 9 East 33d-st.

DENTISTRY.

DR. BATE, DENTIST, CALLS ATTENTION TO his rooms, No. 835 Broadway, corner 13th st., where gentle treatment and reliable operations will induce the nervous to submit with confidence to his treatment. His artificial teeth are superb and life-like, and a perfect counterfeit of nature. He undertakes the regulation of children's teeth. Dr. B. recommends a trial of his tooth powder for preventing decay.

DENTISTRY—"AMERICAN GALLERY OF TEETH," or Dr. FRANSON'S "Gumotype Teeth," beautiful, comfortable, indestructible. Gold sets, platina, vulcanite, silver, &c.; 18 years established; 4 premiums awarded. Dr. FRANSON 22d-st and 6th av. Work satisfactorily and beautifully adjusted. Teeth sets as low as $10, $10, $10, $10, $10, $10, $10, $10, warranted.

INSTRUCTION.

MRS. WILLIAMES' SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
No. 20 West 20th-st.,
near 5th-av., (Murray Hill.)

The Spring and Summer term commences 25th April. The course of instruction embraces all the branches requisite for a thorough and accomplished education. French is the language of the school and family.

An omnibus will be provided for those residing at a distance. Mrs. Williames refers, by permission, to the following named gentlemen:

The Hon. Washington Irving, Irvington; the Rev. Francis Vinton, D. D., Walden Pell, Esq., Jasper Corning, Esq., Wm. M. Gawtry, Esq., Lewis B. Brown, Esq., Charles Cochran, Esq., E. Whitehouse, Esq., James Watson Webb, Esq., New-York; Philo H. Perry, Esq., Tarrytown; the Rev. Alex. G. Mercer, Newport, R. I., Ex Gov. Wm. Gibbs, Newport, R. I.; Duncan C. Pell, Esq., Newport, R. I., and numerous others.

MR. G. VANDENHOFF,
No. 9 East 18th-st., 5th-av.
ELOCUTION.

ELM-PARK COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE FOR BOYS, LITCHFIELD HILL, CONN.—The Rev. Dr. RICHARDS & SON, Principals. The Summer term of 22 weeks will commence on the first Tuesday in May. The Institution has an established reputation for high scholarship and successful discipline. Rare facilities for manly sports and physical training. Terms moderate. Circulars will be sent and inquiries answered on application to the Principals, or R. A. WATKINSON, Esq., No. 20 Nassau-st.

P. S.—Dr. RICHARDS & SON can be consulted for three days, at the aforesaid place, from 11 A. M. to 3 P. M.

NORWICH COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—The Summer term of this classical and scientific boarding school for boys, opens on the 1st Wednesday in May. The location is one of the pleasantest in New-England, and the educational advantages are of the first order. For circulars, address the Principal, the Rev. J. A. Saxton, Norwich, Connecticut, or apply to N. Lane & Co., Stationers, No. 69 Wall-st., New-York, or at T. J. Crowen's Bookstore, No. 699 Broadway.

BOYS' BOARDING-SCHOOL—NINE MILES from Hoboken, and two from Hackensack.—At Little Ferry, Bergen County, N. J. This school is situated on a large farm. The location is healthy. Board, tuition, washing, &c., $130 per year. No extras. Next term commences May 2. Pupils received any time. For circulars, with patrons as references, address A. B. WINANT, Principal.

BALLSTON SPA INSTITUTE—AN ENGlish and Classical School for Boys. Number limited to forty. In this School boys are fitted for business or College. The Summer session of twenty-one weeks begins May 2. Terms $90 per session. For circulars, &c., address the Principals, at Ballston Spa, N. Y.

The Rev. N. J. SEELY, } Principals.
C. D. SEELY, }

TUITION AND BOARD, IF REQUIRED, at No. 53 Remsen-st., Brooklyn Heights. Mrs. TOWNSEND having been for several years devoted to the education of youth, can refer to the parents of the children confided to her care. Terms moderate. No Summer vacation. Instruction in piano-forte, singing, and water-color drawing, by Miss M. ANTISELL.

BOYS' BOARDING SCHOOL, NORWALK, CONN.—Delightful and healthy location, easy of access. Special attention paid to young pupils. Terms, $140 per annum. Parents desirous of placing their children in a good school in the country are invited to examine his circulars, sent on application to the Principal,

C. H. WHEELER.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE.—$120 A YEAR pays board and tuition in common English. Experienced gentlemen instructors at the head of each of the nine departments. Superior advantages for French, Painting and Piano Music. Excellence and economy the motto. Write for a catalogue. Rev. A. FLACK, A. M., Principal, Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y.

$32 50 PER QUARTER.—ASHLAND INSTITUTE AND MUSICAL ACADEMY, CATSKILL MOUNTAINS.—Both sexes. Students received any time. For particulars, address the Rev. HENRY J. FOX, A. M., Ashland, N. Y., or D. G. HUBBARD, Esq., No. 52 Broadway.

B. A. SMITH'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS—LEXington-av., corner 37th-st. Instruction thorough, discipline efficient. Experimental lectures, with apparatus, to illustrate Natural Philosophy and Chemistry. Terms moderate.

SCHOOL AND HOME EDUCATION.—PRIvate French and English Classical School, with fine playground and gymnasium, Nos. 47 and 49 West 26th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av. Mr. ERNST takes charge of a limited number of boys.

THE FERRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE HAS been transferred to the new and elegant buildings Nos. 16 and 18 East 28th st., between Madison and 5th avs. The Rev. Dr. FERRIS, Rector.

C. H. GARDNER, A. M., Principal.

THE MISSES MARSHALL'S SCHOOL for Young Ladies will be removed to No. 141 West 38th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., and be open for the reception of pupils Wednesday, May 4. Circulars may be obtained of Mr. A. CRAW, Jr., No. 1,017 Broadway.

TARRYTOWN INSTITUTE.—THE TWENTY-third term commences MONDAY, May 2. Circulars giving full particulars can be obtained at E. GOODENOUGH'S Bookstore, No. 122 Nassau-st., New-York, or of A. NEWMAN, A. M., Principal.

A. H. WHEELER, TEACHER OF WRITING, and book keeping, and ornamental writer, No. 836 Broadway, corner of 13th-st. Arithmetic by an able teacher. Rooms open from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

WANTED—SIX MISSES, FROM SEVEN TO THIRteen years of age. Board and tuition $140 per year. Address Mrs. D. D. OWEN, Preceptress, Hudson River Institute, Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y.

THE UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL receives pupils in its Primary, Commercial and Classical Departments at any time, fitting them for business or college. ISAAC FERRIS, Chancellor.

THE MISSES MEEKER'S BOARDING and Day School for Young Ladies will be removed to No. 32 West 40th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., on May 3.

THE MISSES WALKER WILL REMOVE their Day School for young ladies, on May 1, to No. 132 Madison-av., one door below 33d-st.

TEACHERS.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN OF SUCCESSFUL experience in teaching desires an immediate situation; he is a college graduate and a member of the Presbyterian Church; no objection to the South. The best references and testimonials given. Address MANTENOY, Oxford, Chester Co., Penn.

A YOUNG PROTESTANT CLERGYMAN, graduate of a German University, experienced teacher of the ancient and modern languages, etc., and thorough disciplinarian, desires an engagement as tutor or principal; willing to go South or to Europe. Best references. Address H. H., Box No. 119 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A LADY, A POSITION AS teacher of English, French, and music, or any of the above, in a school or family in the country. Terms moderate. Address A. M., Box No. 68 *Times* Office.

A GENTLEMAN WITH A LONG EXPERIENCE in teaching Italian, Spanish and French, should like to have a few more pupils. He gives lessons also in the evening. Address C. S., Box 3,291, Post-office.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, }
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, April 29, 1859. }

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE REceived at this Office until Wednesday, the first day of June next, at 12 o'clock M., for the purchase by the Corporation, of real estate, for the use of the Fire Department, as follows:

Lot for Engine Co. No. 35, to be located within the following boundaries: 118th and 121st sts.; 2d and 3d avs.

Lot for Engine Co. No. 41, to be located between Suffolk, Attorney, Delancy and Broome sts.

Lot for Hose Co. No. 4, to be located between Suffolk, Attorney, Rivington and Broome sts.

Lot for Hook and Ladder Co. No. 11, to be located between Scammel, Clinton, Henry and Division sts.

Lot for Hook and Ladder Co. No. 3, to be located between Fourth, Thompson and Bleecker sts. and 6th-av.

Proposals to contain a diagram of the property offered giving location and dimensions; also, the character of improvements, if any. Payments will be made in cash, on giving a clear and satisfactory title.

The Comptroller reserves the right to reject any or all proposals if in his judgment the interests of the Corporation shall require it.

ROBT. T. HAWS, Comptroller.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, April 11, 1859.—Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until Thursday, the 12th day of May next, at 12 o'clock at noon, for a site to consist of two lots adjoining each other, for a Station-house for the Twenty-second Precinct Police, to be located within limits bounded by 8th and 9th avs. and 45th and 57th sts.

Each proposition must state the precise location, size and terms. A clear title will be required for which payment will be made on delivery of the deed or deeds to the Comptroller. The right to reject any and all offers is reserved to the Corporation. ROBERT T. HAWS, Comptroller.

AGRICULTURAL.

TO OWNERS OF COUNTRY PLACES.

FERTILIZERS SUPERIOR TO PERUVIAN GUANO. MAPES' SUPERPHOSPHATES OF LIME, first ever manufactured in this country, for grass lawns, flower and vegetable gardens, and all other crops. Recommendations from hundreds who have used it for ten years. In strong new bags 160 lbs. each. Nitrogenized superphosphate of lime, per bag $4, per ton $50; Mapes' superphosphate of lime, per bag $3 26, per ton $40; Potash superphosphate of lime, per bag $2 80, per ton $35. A can of phosphate for experiment, together with circulars containing full directions for use, can be had free of expense, on application to CHAS. V. MAPES, No. 143 Fulton-st. For sale at all agricultural warehouses.

BUCKEYE MOWING MACHINE.
AULTMAN & MILLER'S PATENT.

This celebrated mower, which received the first premium at the Great National Trial at Syracuse, N. Y., besides numerous State and County premiums, and by its practical working has earned a reputation which places it first among the numerous mowers, is now on exhibition and for sale by the manufacturer. JOHN P. ADRIANCE, No. 165 Greenwich-st., near Cortlandt. Send for a circular.

BILLIARDS.

PHELAN'S IMPROVED BILLIARD TABLES AND COMBINATION CUSHIONS.

PATENTED FEB. 19, 1856; OCT. 28, 1856; DEC. 8, 1857; JAN. 12, 1858; NOV. 16, 1858; MARCH 29, 1859.

For sale only by the Manufacturers,
O'CONNER & COLLENDER, Nos. 51 and 53 Ann-st.
And the patentee,
MICHAEL PHELAN,
Nos. 786 and 788 Broadway, New-York.

W. J. SHARP'S IMPROVED BILLIARD Tables and Cushions, superior to any now in use. A few second-hand tables for sale. Manufactory, No. 166 Fulton-st., New-York. Balls, Cues, Trimmings, &c. constantly on hand.

BILLIARDS.—SPLENDID TABLES OF ALL sizes, with marble and slate beds, and my improved cushions, for sale at $200, $250, and $300. Private houses furnished. Call and examine. W. H. GRIFFITH, No. 46 Fulton-st.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

CONGREGATIONAL UNION ANNIVERSARY.—ANNUAL SERMON by President WOOLSEY, of Yale College, on THURSDAY EVENING, at the New Broadway Tabernacle Church, corner of Broadway and 34th st.

Business meeting for election of officers, etc., on THURSDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, at the City Assembly Rooms, No. 448 Broadway, to which all members of the Union are invited.

Annual Collation at the same place on THURSDAY EVENING. Doors open at 6 o'clock. The Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, who will preside, will take the Chair, and make the opening address at 7 o'clock. Other eminent speakers will take part in the services.

Instrumental Music by Dodworth's Select Band. Vocal music by the congregation. The entire hall will be thrown open and seated for this occasion. Arrangements are made to furnish all with refreshments, and to each lady will be presented a handsome bouquet of flowers.

Tickets, (the number of which will be limited to the capacity of the room,) 50 cents each, to be had at the office of the American Congregational Union, over Appleton's bookstore, and at the office of the *Independent*, over the Park Bank. To insure admission they must be obtained before the evening of the collation, as the demand thus far has been larger than ever before, and the Committee of Arrangements are determined that the room shall not be uncomfortably crowded.

THE THIRTY-FOURTH ANNUAL MEETING of the American Tract Society, will be held in New-York, on WEDNESDAY, May 11, at the Academy of Music, corner of 14th-st. and Irving-place. Business Meeting at 9 A. M. Anniversary Exercises at 10 A. M., or at the close of the Business Meeting. The lower floor of the house will be reserved for life directors and life members, who will be admitted by tickets which can be procured at the Tract-house, No. 150 Nassau st., until Tuesday evening, May 10. The upper part of the house will be open to the public. Life directors and life members are entitled to vote in all the business transactions, and in the election of the Board of Officers, which includes the President, Vice-Presidents, Secretaries, Assistant-Secretaries, Treasurer, Auditors, and thirty-six Directors. Only the Board and Life Directors are entitled to vote for the Executive Committee, who in compliance with the Constitution must be elected by ballot. By order of the Committee of Arrangements.

O. EASTMAN, Cor. Secretary.

THE AMERICAN ANTI-SLAVERY SOCIETY will hold its Twenty-sixth Anniversary in the City Assembly Rooms, No. 448 Broadway, as follows:

First Meeting—TUESDAY, 10 A. M. Speakers—The Rev. A. M. MILLIGAN, of Pennsylvania; PARKER PILLSBURY, the Rev WILLIAM H. FURNESS, WENDELL PHILLIPS.

Second Meeting—TUESDAY EVENING, 7½ o'clock. Speakers—The Hon. ERASTUS D. CULVER, EDWARD GILBERT, Esq., C. C. BURLEIGH, and others.

Third Meeting—WEDNESDAY, 10 A. M. Speakers—WM. WELLS BROWN, LUCRETIA MOTT, the Rev. SAMUEL AARON, the Rev. SAMUEL LONGFELLOW, and others.

Fourth Meeting—WEDNESDAY, 3½ P. M. Speakers—The Rev. GEORGE F. NOYES, J. M. MCKIM, A. T. FOSS, and others.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN UNION.—THE Anniversary will be held at the Church of the Messiah, No 728 Broadway, on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS, at 7½ o'clock. Addresses by eminent speakers.

The Festival will be held on FRIDAY EVENING, at Dodworth's Hall. Music, refreshments and brief speeches will be provided. Tickets to the Festival, at 50 cents each, may be had of the officers, and at No. 521 Broadway.

D. B. HALSTEAD,
Chairman Anniversary Committee.

BROOKLYN YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION—ROOMS IN BROOKLYN INSTITUTE, WASHINGTON-ST.—The annual meeting of the Association will be held on TUESDAY EVENING, May 10, at 8 o'clock, in the Lecture-room of First Presbyterian Church, Henry-st. Reports of the President and Treasurer will be read, and officers chosen for the year ensuing. A full and punctual attendance is invited.

GEO. R. NOYES,
Chairman Committee on Lectures and Meetings.

THE AMERICAN BAPTIST MARINE Society will celebrate their Second Anniversary in the First Baptist Church, corner of Broome and Elizabeth sts., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 11, at 7½ o'clock. The Rev. Dr. Hague, the Rev. J. R. Stevens, W. H. Pendleton, Governor E. D. Morgan, and converted seamen may be expected to address the meeting. All friends to the cause are invited to attend.

AN ANNUAL MEETING OF THE NEW-York City Library Association will be held at Bleecker Building, corner of Bleecker and Morton sts., on TUESDAY EVENING May 10, at 7½ o'clock. The first Annual Election of this Association will be held at their rooms, No. 3 Abingdon square, on TUESDAY, the 17th inst. STEPHEN GRISWOLD, President.

THEO. C. KIBBE, Secretary.

ANNIVERSARY.—THE NEW-YORK STATE Colonization Society holds its annual meeting and annual election of officers, at the Reformed Dutch Church, corner of 4th-st. and Lafayette-place, TUESDAY EVENING, May 10, at 7½ o'clock. The Rev. GARDNER SPRING, D. D., will preside, and make some opening remarks. Several addresses will be made. Two of the speakers are Liberian citizens, whose account of their adopted country will interest all.

THE NEW-YORK ANTI-SLAVERY SOCIETY will hold its Anniversary in the City Assembly Rooms, No. 443 Broadway, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Speakers—THEODORE TILTON, WENDELL PHILLIPS, and others. Admission 10 cents to defray expenses. At the close of the public exercises the Society will meet for the choice of officers.

FIVE POINTS MISSION.—THE FIFTEENTH Anniversary of the Ladies' Home Missionary Society and the Ninth of the Five Points Mission, will be held at the Academy of Music, TUESDAY EVENING, May 10, commencing at 7½ o'clock. Singing, dialogues and other interesting exercises by the children. Addresses will be delivered by Professor TIFFANY, of Baltimore, and Dr. NADAL, of Washington. Tickets of admission, 25 cents.

THE AMERICAN TEMPERANCE UNION will celebrate its Twenty-third Anniversary on WEDNESDAY EVENING, at the Cooper Institute, Gov. BRIGGS, of Massachusetts, in the Chair. Addresses by the Rev. THORNTON A. MILLS, D. D.; the Rev. H. W. MILBURN, the eloquent blind preacher; the Rev. H. D. NORTHRUP, of New-Haven; W. E. DODGE, Esq.; and the Rev. Dr. TYNG. Music by the North Carolina Band. Seats free.

AN ANNIVERSARY PRAYER-MEETING, commencing at 8 o'clock and lasting one hour, will be held THIS MORNING, and continued for three successive mornings at the Cooper Institute, Room No. 24, first floor; entrance on Astor-place. All clergymen and strangers attending the Anniversaries, with citizens, are invited to attend.

FIVE POINTS.—THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE Five Points House of Industry will be held, at the Academy of Music, on THURSDAY EVENING, May 12, at 7½ o'clock. Seats free. The Rev. L. M. PEASE the Rev. T. L. CUYLER, Dr. COOK, and the Hon. H. J. RAYMOND will address the meeting. A collection will be taken up. Exercises by the children of the Institution.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE AFRICAN CIVILIZATION SOCIETY, on WEDNESDAY, May 11, at Church of the Puritans, Union-square, at 3½ P. M. Speakers: the Revs. ASA D. SMITH, D. D., T. L. CUYLER, H. H. GARNET; W. O. BOURNE, Esq., and others. Business Meeting and election at 3 o'clock, in the Lecture-room.

NEW-YORK EYE INFIRMARY.—AN election will be held at the Infirmary, corner of 2d-av. and 13th-st., on WEDNESDAY, May 11, for the choice of a Board of Directors for the current year. The polls will be open from 12 to 1 P. M. By order of the Board. A. DUBOIS, Secretary.

THE REV. A. A. MINER, OF BOSTON, will preach the annual sermon before the New-York Association of Universalists in the Rev. Dr. CHAPIN'S Church THIS (Tuesday) EVENING; services commencing at 7½ o'clock, May 10.

FORTY-THIRD ANNIVERSARY OF THE N. Y. S. S. UNION—Cooper Institute, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Addresses by Ex-Gov. POLLOCK, of Pennsylvania, and the Rev. ALFRED COOKMAN, of Philadelphia. Singing, by 500 children. Admission free.

THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE NEW-YORK Institution for the Blind will be held at the Academy of Music, on TUESDAY, May 10, at 4 o'clock P. M.

LECTURES.

AT THE SOLICITATION OF A NUMBER of medical and other gentlemen, Dr. EUGENE A. GROUX, of Hamburg, will deliver a popular lecture at the Cooper Institute, on TUESDAY, May 10, at 7½ o'clock, on the *Motions and Sounds of the Heart, the Circulation of the Blood, and Influence of Respiration, &c.*, illustrated by practical demonstrations and electric experiments. Tickets 50 cents, can be obtained at the bookstore of Mr. Crowen, No. 699 Broadway; Messrs. Miller, Mathews & Clasback, No. 757 Broadway, and at the door. No postponement on account of the weather.

LECTURES IN BROOKLYN—THE REV. JOHN LORD will deliver the second lecture, at the Brooklyn Athenæum, TUESDAY EVENING, May 10,—subject, *Michael Angelo, and the Revival of Art*. Tickets for the course, (six remaining lectures) $1. Single admission 50 cents. To commence at 8 o'clock.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—A CONFIDENTIAL POSITION BY an elderly gentleman of good address and mercantile experience (owning dividends of several thousand dollars payable semi-annually). Would prefer to travel in the United States or British Provinces, and undertake to adjust and settle disputed or other accounts on commission, on such terms as may be agreed upon. Address X. X. Y., Post-Office, New-York.

$20,000.—WANTED, A PARTNER WITH this amount of capital, to invest in the manufacture of cotton goods. The object is to secure the services of a competent business man to attend to the interest of the company in this City. The best of references given and required. Address A. N. D., Box No. 131 *Times* Office.

THE STOCK AND FIXTURES OF ZOPHER R. JARVIS' cordial store, No. 218 Bowery, for sale, and the store to let or lease. Inquire of HERMAN MAASS, corner of 1st av. and 2d-st., or of ZOPHER R. JARVIS, on the premises.

FOR SALE—THE LEASE, FIXTURES, &C., OF the Provision Establishment Nos. 15 and 17 1st-st., lately occupied by James Kellogg, deceased. Inquire on the premises.

A RARE CHANCE.—PORTER HOUSE FOR SALE opposite one of the principal ferry-houses on West-st. Doing a fine business. Cheap for cash. Apply at JERVIS' INFORMATION EXCHANGE, 329 Broadway.

FOR SALE.—A GOOD PAPER ROUTE, CHEAP, in Brooklyn. Terms cash. Apply at the *Times* Office, for James Gillen.

STATIONERY.

CARSON & HARD,
WHOLESALE
PAPER WAREHOUSE,
No. 44 Beekman-st., New-York.

Also, an entire new article of Ruled Paper in stock, such as BILL-HEADS, two to eight on a sheet.

Also, PATENT HEADED BILL CAP.

All kinds of Ruled Paper at 50 per cent. less than the usual cost of ruling—done by the PATENT STEAM-RULING MACHINE DIAMOND-POINTED PEN.

PERSONAL.

INFORMATION WANTED—OF ALBINUS PIERCE.—Send your address to JOSEPH BRAKELY, Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

WEST'S IMPROVED PUMP,
THE BEST IN THE WORLD.
Call and get the evidence.
REMOVED from No. 139 Maiden-lane to 363 BROADWAY GAY & WEST.

MEDICAL.

"CORRUPTION MINING ALL WITHIN" can be rooted out and expunged from the system, by the use of "TRI SMAR," Nos. 1, 2 or 3. You who suffer from early indiscretions, should delay not a moment to read "*Human Frailty, or Physiological Researches.*" Sold by Dr. BARROW, No 194 Bleecker-st., New-York. Price 25 cents. Sent free of postage.

Sold also by F. C. WELLS & CO.,
No. 115 Franklin-st, New-York,
And J. ETON,
No. 166 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

GOODNOW'S
GOODNOW'S
RUSSIAN WAR OINTMENT.
RUSSIAN WAR OINTMENT.

A speedy cure for burns, scalds, felons, corns, sore or woken breasts, cuts, sprains, &c. Wholesale by A. B. & D. SANDS; retail by all druggists.

PILES CERTAINLY AND PERMANENTLY CURED.

Having been a great sufferer, and found a cure after many trials and great cost, I am anxious that others so afflicted may benefit by my experience, and for $1 inclosed, will send by post my treatment and prescriptions. LANSING GRAHAM, care of J. Young, 6 6th-av., N. Y.

RICORD'S PRACTICE.

Dr. C. D. HAMMOND, PUPIL of RICORD, of Paris, (the best Special Surgeon living,) and of Professor CARNOCHAN and MOTT, of New-York, is consulted privately at No. 81 Bleecker st., a few doors east of Broadway, N. Y. All complicated diseases of a certain class effectually treated, including Weaknesses, &c., &c. Office hours from 9 to 3, and from 6 to 9 in the evening. The principal languages spoken. Dr. Hammond's new work, $1.

HUNDREDS OF THE UNFORTUNATE are disappointed of a cure by not calling on DR. HUNTER at first, the Hunterian Dispensary, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City. Established in 1834, for the Preservation of Human Life. PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—Dr. HUNTER has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated not less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; it roots out the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb unless this remedy is used. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for nothing, that treats of the evil effects of early abuse and indulgence, is embellished with elaborate colored engravings, portraying every feature and phase of disease, exposes the fallacy of the ordinary modes adopted for the cure of local as well as hereditary maladies, and gives the only safe and infallible remedy for expunging every trace of the virus from the system.

DR. WATSON HAS, FOR A LONG SERIES of years, confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated a vast number of cases with a success which has won for him the confidence of the public. The remedies are mild, and there is no interruption to business. Dr. WATSON receives patients in separate consulting rooms, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M., at No. 459 Broome-st., second block west of Broadway.

Dr. WATSON'S Work, THE CAUSE AND CURE, issued simultaneously in London and New-York is the only one which clearly explains the nature and mode of treatment of PRIVATE DISEASES in all their different forms; and treats also in full of SPERMATORRHŒA, the result of early indiscretion, excess, or other causes. Anatomical plates of a superior kind, and drawings of every form of disease. Price, $1, post-paid. "Dr WATSON'S Work has been written by a person of great practical knowledge, and we cordially recommend it."—*Medical Journal.* Sold by the author, as above; also by

CHAS. MILLER, No. 436 Broadway, New-York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO BOTH SEXES, MARRIED AND SINGLE, IN HEALTH OR DISEASE—DR. LARMONT'S PARIS, LONDON AND NEW-YORK MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE. 30th edition. Over 400 pages, 12mo, cloth, about one hundred electrotyped engravings. Price $1. Sold also by Wm. A. Townsend & Co., No. 46 Walker-st., near Broadway. Among its contents is the Anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female, all their diseases and weaknesses; latest discoveries in reproduction; European Hospital practice; quacks (advertisers,) their recipes and specifics; the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment. At No 647 Broadway, up stairs, three blocks above St. Nicholas Hotel, New-York, from 10 A. M. to 1, and 5 to 8 evenings.

"We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. Larmont and his work."—Courrier des Etats Unis, German Die Reform, Sunday Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, National Democrat, Day Book, Essex Standard, Railway Advocate, Empire City, Police Gazette, New York Pick, New Brunswick Times, Mercury, Atlas, &c.

DR. MAGNIN'S LUCINA CORDIAL OR ELIXIR OF LOVE.—This delightful and positive invigorant of the human system is fast superseding all other remedies; in fact, when its virtues become fully known, it will be the only remedy in use. Its action on the nervous system and reproductive organs is most extraordinary, allaying all over-excitement, and infusing into the nervous organization that degree of tension which is requisite to give the human system the enjoyment of its full powers, both mentally and physically. As an appetizer it is equally remarkable; assimilated with the gastric juices of the stomach, it assists them in more readily dissolving all nutritious substances, and converting them into pure and wholesome blood; thus the digestion is improved, and the whole framework of man moves on in a more vigorous and harmonious manner thereby. Price $3 per bottle, or two bottles for $5. Principal office No. 208 Fulton-st., New-York.

DR. MAGNIN.

QUERU'S COD LIVER OIL JELLY, approved by the New-York Academy of Medicine, is the only one containing 85 per cent. of oil. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. No imitation contains as much oil as mine, though some are boldly advertised as containing as much as 90 per cent.

Also, American and Norwegian Cod Liver Oil in the liquid state. E. QUERU, No. 135 4th-av., New-York. Also, for sale at DELLUC & CO.'S, T. T. GREEN'S Nos. 685 and 962 Broadway, and all respectable Druggists.

PENFOLD, PARKER & MOWER,
Wholesale Agents, No. 15 Beekman-st.

DR. WARD, NO. 483 BROADWAY—PERforms the only permanent and satisfactory cure of private diseases. Remember, all afflicted, that by consulting Dr. WARD you will immediately experience that Richard's himself again. Cure guaranteed; charge, $1. Female diseases successfully treated. His monthly pills, $1 per box, never fail of effect intended. Try them, all ladies in certain situations. Office No. 483 Broadway, near Broome-st. Perfectly private; arranged that patients never meet. Consultations gratis. Attendance till 10 P. M.

DR. LACOSTE, OF PARIS, FIRST ASSISTant to the great Dr. Ricord of that city, induced by the success of his treatment in a certain class of diseases and weaknesses, for the cure of which the French mode of practice is so celebrated, can be consulted in America for a few months longer at No. 512 Broadway, daily, from 11 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M. Recent cases cured in 24 hours.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—EXCLUSIVE treatment of diseases of females. Patients from a distance provided with private board, nursing, &c. Remedies for monthly derangements from $1 to $5. Relief guaranteed. The Mother's Almanac and Ladies' Private Circular, containing particulars, mailed free, in letter form, on receipt of four stamps. Address Dr. THIERS, No. 98 West 34th-st., New-York.

DR. RALPH—AUTHOR OF THE "PRACTICAL Private Treatise." Offices corner Houston and Crosby sts. (139 Crosby.) Hours, 10½ to 2, and 6 to 9 o'clock.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT—DUTCHESS COUNTY, STATE OF NEW-YORK.—SCHENCK MONTFORT and ANNA M., his wife, JOHN B. MONTFORD and DELIA D., his wife, plaintiffs, against JACOB MONTFORT and HARRIET, his wife, JOHN MONTFORT and MARTHA, his wife, Phœbe Montfort, Benjamin Hopkins, Cornelia M. Hopkins, Phœbe B. Hopkins, Sarah J. Hopkins, Lodovina C. Hopkins, John G. Hopkins, John P. Storm and Sarah B. his wife, Eliza Emans and John S. Emans her husband, Catharine Storm, Garret Storm, Charles Storm, Phœbe Storm, Aletta Monfort, Stephen Monfort and Esther his wife, Adrian Monfort, Maria Buck and John L. Buck her husband, A. Polhemus Monfort, Nancy Monfort, Clinton Monfort, Phœbe E. Monfort, Peter S. Monfort, Ann Vail, Margaret Snediker and Nathaniel B. Snediker her husband, Sarah E. Todd and Lafayette Todd her husband, Aletta Ann McCord and John E. McCord her husband, Marietta Yates, William H. Rymph, Stephen Rymph, Peter M. Pells and Ann Maria his wife, Margaret Ann Dorland and John G. Dorland her husband, Susan Hoagland and William B. Hoagland her husband, Ellen M. Velie and Israel C. Velie her husband, Sarah E. Velie and John C. Velie her husband, Letitia Cornwell and John Cornwell her husband, Phœbe Ann Pells, Maria Jane Pells, Caroline Pells and Sarah Pells, defendants.—To each of the above named defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the amended complaint in this action, which was this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the said county, in the city of Poughkeepsie in said county, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in said city, within twenty days after the service hereof on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated March 19, 1859. ALBERT MONFORT,

Attorney for Plaintiffs, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

ap12-law6wT

SUPREME COURT.—COUNTY OF ULSTER.— PETER J. DUBOIS, Administrator, and BETSEY WELLS, Administratrix of &c., of DANIEL L. WELLS deceased, against HENRY WELLS.—Summons for money. To the above named defendant: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in this action, which is this day filed with the Clerk of Ulster County, at his office in the village of Kingston in said County, and to serve a copy of your answer on the subscriber at his office in the village of Kingston in said County within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer said complaint as hereby required the plaintiff will take judgment against you for fourteen hundred and forty-nine dollars and seventy-one cents, with interest from the 1st day of January in the year 1858, besides costs.—Dated April 23, 1859.

ap26-law6wT* JOHN B. STEELE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against SAMUEL W. RICH, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the administrators, at the office of GEORGE MACKENZIE, No. 7 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 16th day of June next.—Dated Dec. 13, 1858.

EMELINE A. RICH, } Administrators.
GEORGE MACKENZIE, }

d14-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings.—Notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against WILLIAM L. BURROUGHS, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the administratrix, at her residence, No. 289 Livingston-st., in the City of Brooklyn, on or before the 30th day of June next.—Dated Dec. 18, 1858.

CLARA S. BURROUGHS, Administratrix.

d21-law6m-Tu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOSEPH NICHOLL, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his store, No. 598 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 13th day of October next.—Dated, New-York, April 11, 1859.

ap12-law6mT* GEORGE SLOANE, Executor.

WEDDING & VISITING CARDS

AT EVERDELL'S, THESE CELEBRATED cards, splendidly engraved, can only be had—Broadway, corner of Duane-st.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALES.—AT THE CENTRAL SALES-rooms, Willoughby, corner of Pearl st., near the City Hall, Brooklyn, by JOSEPH HEGEMAN, on TUESDAY, May 10, at 9½ o'clock, A. M., a large and general assortment of household furniture of every description from families removing, including many articles of the best manufacture as good as new. Rosewood, mahogany and walnut parlor and chamber furniture, painted chamber sets, oval and other pier glasses, wardrobes, etageres, book cases, lounges, oak and walnut dining room furniture, mattresses, gas fixtures, girandoles, mantel and mechanical lamps, china dinner and tea sets, with a variety of miscellaneous goods. Also, several pianos silver mounted flutes and other musical instruments; also, a fine double barrel gun, made by Wellis, London, with a case &c. complete cost $80.

At 4 o'clock, P. M., 2,000 pieces of rich French and American SATIN PAPER HANGINGS, remaining over from the large sale in Broadway, will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

Purchasers will be required to take away their goods before 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning, as we shall require the whole of the main floor of our Salesrooms in order to prepare for our

ANNUAL SALE
of New and Second-hand CARPETS, RUGS, OIL-CLOTHS, &c.

FRIDAY, May 13.

Sale will commence at 9 o'clock A. M., with the Velvet and Brussels Carpets.

The Catalogue will be ready on Thursday afternoon, at 5 o'clock, and will comprise about 250 lots of Rich Velvet, Brussels, three-ply and Ingrain CARPETS, with a few Stair-Carpets, Rugs and Oil-Cloths.

Many of these Carpets have been in use but a short time and are about as good as new. The number and length of the breadths in each Carpet will be stated in the Catalogue.

Purchasers will be required to make a satisfactory deposit, and the goods will be delivered, if desired, at any time during the sale.

MONDAY, May 16,
at 1 o'clock, P. M., and on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M., and continue each day and evening until the whole is sold, the entire stock of a

JEWELER DECLINING THE BUSINESS,

Comprising every article in the line of the best quality. Fine Gold Jewelry—21 Gold Watches, Spectacles, Eye Glasses, Pens and Pencils, Thimbles, Bracelets, Cameo, Mosaic, Painted, Garnet, Lava, Coral, Jet, White Stone, Torquoise, Odd Fellows and other Pins and Ear-Rings; Shawl, Cuff and Scarf Pins, Belt Slides, Plain Gold Agate, Onyx, Cameo, Carbuncle, Gold Stone and other styles Sleeve Buttons and Studs Coral Necklaces, Armlets, Lockets, Guard, Vest and Fob Chains, Plain Gold and Stone Rings, Seals, Diamond Rings, &c., &c. Silver Ware—Table and Tea Spoons, Gravy, Cream and Mustard Ladles, Fruit and Butter Knives, Table and Dessert Forks, Portemonnaies, &c. Also, for sale

A LARGE JEWELER'S SAFE,
with handsome Show Cases and Fixtures.

Sales of
SECOND HAND FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c.,
At the Central Salesrooms every
TUESDAY and FRIDAY,
until the whole is sold.

WEDNESDAY, May 11,
At 11 o'clock A. M. at No. 39 Tompkins-place, between Degraw and Harrison sts., South Brooklyn,
HANDSOME FURNITURE,
IN GOOD ORDER.

Walnut and rosewood Parlor Suite in hair cloth, rosewood Library Bookcase, mahogany Wardrobe, walnut, mahogany and painted marble top Chamber Furniture, Mattresses, Lace and Muslin Window Curtains, Velvet, Brussels, three-ply and Ingrain Carpets, Oil Cloths, walnut Extension Table, Cook Stove, Refrigerator, &c. Catalogues at the Salesrooms.

IMPORTANT SALE OF
600 GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
DIAMONDS AND ENGLISH FINE GOLD CHAINS,
By A. M. CRISTALAR, Auctioneer, on TUESDAY, May 10,
At No. 81 Nassau-st., between Fulton and John sts.,

at 10½ o'clock—a valuable stock of Watches by the well-known makers, Cooper, French, Lasado, Beesley, Roskill and others consisting of gold hunting, double time, independent second, 18 carat, extra heavy cases, duplex hunting watches; gold hunting magnificent 8-day chronometers; gold hunting diamond and enameled watches; gold hunting extra heavy English patent and detached levers, in great variety; gold hunting lepines gold caps; English silver hunting duplex and detached levers and lepines; 6 dozen detached lever movements, 13 jewels; English lever movements, 13 jewels, expansion balance; elegant diamond and enameled bracelets, brooches, rings, &c.; 10 dozen English fine gold guard and curb chains. A. M. C. begs to assure the trade in general that the above sale is peremptory, and every lot will positively be sold without reserve.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

BEAUTIFUL OIL-PAINTINGS.—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, May 10, at 11 o'clock, in the gallery over the salesroom No. 23 Nassau-st.

LARGE SALE OF SUPERIOR EUROPEAN OIL-PAINTINGS, JUST RECEIVED AND NEVER BEFORE EXHIBITED.—In this collection will be found the celebrated piece of The Holy Family, by Erasmus Quillimas, 1617; two portraits by Rembrandt; a superb landscape by Berghem; Departure of Victoria and Pleasure Party by Schaeffels; three fine pictures by De Brackeleer, a superior piece by Nassin, two Cattle pieces by Dielemans, do. by Schaggeny, Cattle by Cuyp, a fine specimen by Koekoek, pictures by the celebrated artists Carabain, Linning, Nache Coens, Kouseman, De Cauver, Bonner, Sonnecumb, Bendorf De Block, Van Souverendonck, Van Hang, Dillins, and others of equal celebrity. This collection forms in all one of the finest foreign importations to this country, and we confidently invite public attention and examination. The paintings are now ready for exhibition as above with catalogue.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

LARGE AND UNRESERVED SALE OF LOTS—On 3d-av., 95th, 96th and 97th sts.—A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell on MONDAY, May 16, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange:

ON THIRD AV.—4 fine Lots on and next southeast corner 95th-st.

ON THIRD AV.—3 fine Lots on east side, 25 feet 2 inches north from 95th-st.

ON NINETY-FIFTH-ST.—6 fine Lots on north side, adjoining the above.

ON NINETY-SIXTH-ST.—5 fine Lots on south side, adjoining.

ON THIRD-AV.—4 fine Lots on and next southeast corner 97th-st.

ON NINETY SEVENTH ST.—1 fine Lot on the south side, adjoining above.

The rapid completion of the 3d-av. Railroad, and the improvements in the Harlem River makes this property very desirable. 60 per cent. can remain. Maps, &c., at Nos. 7 and 9 Pine st. Sale positive.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

FIRST-CLASS HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ONLY IN USE A SHORT TIME, AND MADE TO ORDER BY WATERMAN.—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell by auction on WEDNESDAY, May 11, at 10½ o'clock all the furniture at No. 1 Bond-st., corner of Broadway, consisting of velvet and Brussels carpets, rosewood suites, covered silk velvet fancy chairs, rosewood piano-forte, marble-top centre and side tables, mirrors, &c., complete bedroom suites in richly carved rosewood, oak, black walnut, and mahogany, all of first-class, a large assortment of fine mattresses, feather beds, sheets spreads, towels, blankets, &c., wardrobes, table covers, pillow cases, curtains, &c., oak extension table, chairs do., china, glass, knives, plated ware, &c., with other articles, including kitchen ware. The furniture was made to order but a few months since, and will be sold without any reserve. The building is to be converted into a store.

M. DOUGHTY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL, THIS DAY, (TUESDAY,) MAY 10, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 84 West 32d-st., between 6th and 7th avs., all the elegant household furniture contained in the above residence, consisting of richly carved rosewood parlor suites velvet tapestry and Brussels carpets, rosewood etagere, mirror doors and back, oil-paintings in rich gilt frames, bronze and marble, 30-day clock, candelabras to match, gilt frame and French plate pier glass, rosewood piano forte, marble-top centre tables, rich bronze gas chandeliers, mahogany extension table made to order by Meeks, dinner and tea sets, rich cut-glass ware, Bohemian glass do., rosewood and mahogany bedsteads, dressing bureaus, washstands, toilet sets, dressing tables, rosewood armoire-a-glace, together with a general assortment of basement and kitchen furniture. Catalogues are now ready and can be had on application to the auctioneer, at salesroom No. 79 Nassau-st.

JOHN LEVISON, Auctioneer.

SUPERB COLLECTION OF CHOICE OIL-paintings (numbering over 500) contained in the store No. 293 Broadway, (late Ranny's Gift Book Store,) will be offered at public auction on MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 9th, 10th, and 11th insts., commencing at 10 o'clock each day. The entire collection must be closed out and removed from the premises by Thursday, the 12th inst., in consequence of removal. Connoisseurs and the lovers of fine arts, are respectfully invited to attend this sale. Catalogues early on Monday morning.

THOMAS D. DOUBLEDAY, Auctioneer.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE—WILL sell at No. 546 Pearl-st., on Tuesday, May 10, at 10½ A. M., the effects of Michael Creamer, deceased, consisting of a stock of boots, shoes, patent-leather and calf boot and Congress gaiter tops, sole leather, lining leather; also an assortment of jewelery, watches clothing, India-rubber goods, ribbons, dry goods, mahogany, belonging to various estates. By order of

THOMAS C. FIELDS,
Public Administrator.

J. W. HUNT, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL, TO-MORROW, (WEDNESDAY,) at 10½ o'clock, at his spacious salesroom, No. 88 Nassau st., a very desirable assortment of new and second hand household furniture, consisting in part of sofas, tête-à-têtes, lounges, chairs, rockers, washstands, wardrobes, bookcases, chamber suite, &c., &c. Also, four solid rosewood parlor suites, covered in French satin brocatelle, and warranted in every respect. Also, oil-paintings, crockery, cutlery, China and glass ware, &c. Sale peremptory. Catalogues ready morning of sale.

HENRY G. EVANS, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF CROCKERY, GLASS, china, clocks, plated and Britannia ware, on TUESDAY, May 10, at 10 o'clock, by HENRY G. EVANS, at his new store, No. 85 Maiden-lane, comprising a general assortment, suitable for city and country trade. Sale positive. Goods carefully repacked for shipping.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

THE TRITON MANSION HOUSE AND about 10 City lots of ground, now occupied by Peter Henry Dodge, and situated at McComb's Dam, (154th st., near 8th-av.,) will be sold at public auction on TUESDAY, May 10, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange.

J. D. HOLBROOK, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, AT NO. 72 MAIDEN-LANE AND No 7 Liberty-st., at 10½ o'clock, standard and dwarf standard roses, running and moss roses in full bloom, evergreen trees, flowering shrubs, dahlias, peonies, verbenas, carnation pinks, pansies, dasies, &c., from Wm. Wilson's, 14th-st. and Astoria, L. I. M. E. SMITH.

W. S. MCILVAIN, Auctioneer.

GARDEN PLANTS AND FLOWERS.—W. S. MCILVAIN will sell, THIS DAY, at No. 9 John-st., at 10½ o'clock, roses, dahlias, verbenas and other Summer flowering plants in great variety, from the nursery of Peter Henderson, Jersey City. Descriptive Catalogues.

SIMEON DRAPER, Auctioneer.

BY SIMEON DRAPER.—REGULAR AUCTION Sale at 36 Pine street EVERY DAY. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale. Sales THIS DAY at 1 o'clock. See catalogue.

A. S. RICHARDS, Auctioneer.

500 CASES BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS and gaiters, at auction, by RICHARDS & WHITING, on WEDNESDAY, May 11, at 10½ o'clock, at store No. 44 Cortlandt st., comprising a general variety of all kinds of spring and summer goods. Catalogues morning of sale.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, MAY 10, E. & F. H. SCHENCK will sell, at 10 o'clock, at No. 33 Nassau-st., the entire balance of a large stock of wines, liquors, etc. (adjourned from 28th ult.) by order of referees, to cover expenses of storage and litigation; also Havana segars.

AUCTION SALES.

J. W. POWERS, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, SOLID ROSEWOOD PARLOR SUITES, WORKS OF ART, &c., &c.—THIS DAY, May 10, at 10½ o'clock, the entire costly-made household furniture at the residence No. 218 West 14th-st., near 9th-av. The parlor furniture in particular is of the most expensive description, having cost upwards of $10,000 and may be fully relied on for durability. It consists of one magnificent rosewood 7 octave piano forte elegantly inlaid to Cupids of real pearl, and solid pearl keys, admitted by connoisseurs as being one of the best instruments ever made; three solid and richly-carved rosewood parlor suites, covered in superb India satin; solid rosewood centre-tables; ladies' rosewood work-tables, lined with satin wood; superbly carved rosewood etageres, with French plate-glass doors and backs; reception and easy chairs in rich French satin and brocade; rosewood corner stands, heavy French plate mantel and pier glasses; satin brocade and lace window curtains; elegant bronze and ormolu clocks, magnificent china vases and other valuable parlor ornaments; medallion, velvet and Brussels carpets. Dining-room and chamber furniture—Solid and richly-polished extension dining-table, elegantly-carved dining-room suite, rich china ware, silver ware, crystal cut-glass ware, silver and ivory cutlery of the best description, silver cake-baskets, casters coffee urn, &c.; mahogany sofas, cushioned chairs, rockers, superbly carved rosewood and mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, china toilet sets, twenty pure hair mattresses, beds and bedding, ingrain carpets, stair carpets, bedroom mirrors, clocks, tables, oil cloths, rosewood hall-stand, together with all the basement furniture, &c.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF MIRROR PLATES, mirrors, frames, engravings, &c., being the entire stock of a mirror and frame establishment, by order of the assignee, by E. & F. H. SCHENCK. On WEDNESDAY, 11th inst., at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 33 Nassau-st., the above stock, consisting of elegant mantel, pier and other mirrors and frames French mirror plates, various sizes; paintings and engravings, square, round and oval picture frames, &c., by order of C. S. FRANCIS, Assignee.

WM. M. LITTLE, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON WEDNESDAY, MAY 11, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 239 Adelphi st., near DeKalb-av., Brooklyn, handsome furniture, parlor suites in plush, painted chamber suites, bookcases, paintings, hair and spring mattresses, bedsteads and kitchen furniture, Brussels and ingrain carpets, &c. Catalogues at No. 337 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. The house will be sold about five minutes before the furniture.

F. JNO. LEVISON, Auctioneer—Office No. 293 Broadway.

I WILL SELL, ON TUESDAY MORNING, May 10, at 11 o'clock, the stock of a billiard table manufacturer giving up business, at No. 538 Pearl-st., consisting of beds, cues, table-legs, balls, tables, lumber, signs, iron safe, &c. Sale positive. Goods must be removed on day of sale.

WM. WITTERS, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL, THIS DAY, AT 2 O'CLOCK, at No. 209 Hudson-st., all the genteel furniture, carpets, oil cloths, chamber suites, beds, bedding. Those in want of good furniture should attend this sale.

FINANCIAL.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 5 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS,
AND NO. 8 WALL ST., NEW-YORK,

GRANT LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR MERCANTILE PURPOSES. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on all the principal Towns and Cities of

FRANCE,	BELGIUM,	ITALY,
GREAT BRITAIN,	SPAIN,	GERMANY,
IRELAND,	PORTUGAL,	RUSSIA,
HOLLAND,	SWITZERLAND,	SWEDEN,

ALSO ON

ATHENS,	CONSTANTINOPLE,	ALEXANDRIA,
CAIRO,	BEYROUT,	JERUSALEM,
	&c., &c.	

BILLS ON PARIS, and Sterling Bills, at short or 60 days' sight, for sale in sums to suit.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK,
ISSUE
CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT,
for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world.

AUGUST BELMONT,
BANKER,
NO. 76 BEAVER ST.,

issues Letters of Credit for travelers, available in all parts of the world, through the Messrs. Rothschilds, of Paris, London, Frankfort, Naples and Vienna, and their correspondents.

SEWELL, FERRIS & COMPANY,
BANKERS.

Dealers in bank-notes, specie, land-warrants and exchange, have removed to the office lately occupied by Messrs. VanVleck, Read & Drexel, No. 27 Wall-st.

Collections made with promptness on all points in the United States and Canada.

Office of the Metropolitan Bank-Note Reporter.

DENNISTOUN, WOOD & CO.,
NO. 33 WALL-ST.,

buy and sell Sterling Exchange, and issue Commercial and Travelers' Credits, available in all parts of the world.

A. BELMONT, NO. 76 BEAVER STREET, Buys and collects the Coupons of the State of California on the most favorable terms.

OFFICE OF THE GALENA AND CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD COMPANY, CHICAGO, May 1, 1859.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—THE stockholders of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad Company are hereby notified that the annual meeting of said Company, for the election of Directors and transaction of other business, will be held at this office on WEDNESDAY the 1st day of June next at 10 o'clock, A. M. W. M. LARRABEE, Secretary.

THE RACINE AND MISSISSIPPI RAIL-ROAD COMPANY.—The Trustees of the First Mortgages on the east and west division of this road request the bondholders to send their names and the number of bonds they hold to D. D. WILLIAMSON, Esq., President of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 47 William st., New-York. Arrangements are in progress involving the interests of the bondholders, the particulars of which will be communicated to those responding to this notice.

NOTICE.—THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED BONDS of the Mad River and Lake Erie Railroad Company having been lost on board the steamer *Austria*, on the 13th of September, 1858, application has been made to the Company for the issue of duplicates: Nos 66, 67, 223, 224, 288, 270, 744, 745, 747, 269, for $1,000 each, principal payable in 1866, with coupons attached for interest, at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the 1st of February and the 1st of August.

CAMMANN & CO.

OFFICE AMERICAN GUANO COMPANY—No. 66 William-st. The stockholders of the American Guano Company are hereby notified that the annual election for Trustees will be held at the office of the Company on the 12th of May ensuing. The polls will be open from 11 A. M. until 1 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed from the 1st to the 13th of May, both inclusive. JAS. WYCKOFF, Secretary.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.—The annual meeting of stockholders of the Company, for the election of thirteen (13) Directors, will be held at the office of the Company, corner of 26th-st. and 4th-av., on TUESDAY, May 17; the polls to be open from 12 o'clock at noon to 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer books of the old and preferred stocks will be closed from 4 o'clock P. M. the 10th of May until 9 o'clock A. M. the 18th. W. H. EMERSON, Secretary, &c.

NOTICE.—THE INTEREST COUPONS OF THE Eight Per Cent. First Mortgage Bonds of the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad Company, due May 1, 1859, payable at the Broadway Bank, in the City of New-York, will be paid on the day following, on presentation, at the Ocean Bank, in the City of New-York.

S. CHAMBERLAIN, Mortgagee in Possession
La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad.

FRANCIS' METALLIC LIFE BOAT COMPANY.—The annual meeting of stockholders for the election of Trustees and the transaction of general business, will be held at the office of the Treasurer, Nos. 90 and 92 Beekman-st., on FRIDAY, at 11 o'clock A. M., 20th May inst.

$240,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
Apply to EUGENE THOMSON,
Stock Broker,
No. 37 William-st.

P. W. GALLAUDET—NOTE BROKER, NO. 64 Wall-st.—Hardware, Metal and Iron Paper wanted. Also, other descriptions of paper sold on commission at lowest rates. Loans obtained on good business notes.

NOTICE.—THE COUPONS OF THE CLEVELAND City Bonds issued to the Cleveland, Painesville and Ashtabula Railroad Company, due May 1 next, will be paid at the Ocean Bank. PARKER HANDY, Cashier.

HOLDERS OF BONDS OF THE MISSISSIPPI Central Railroad Company will present the coupons due May 1, 1859, for payment to ANDREW H. GREEN, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

$3,000 WANTED ON BOND AND MORTGAGE for five years, on first class Brooklyn property, ($3,000.) Address Box No. 3,278 New-York Post office.

MONEY TO LOAN—ON BOND AND MORTGAGE on improved property—$6,000, $3,000, $3,000, $5,200. Apply to F. A. HUNTINGTON, 235 Dean-st., Brooklyn.

DIVIDEND.—BANK OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.—A dividend of 3½ per cent. has been declared payable on and after the 10th inst. by order.

G. W. DUER, Cashier.

INDIA RUBBER GOODS.

CAUTION TO DEALERS IN ELASTIC FABRICS CONTAINING THREADS OR SHEETS OF VULCANIZED RUBBER.—The undersigned gives notice that he holds an absolute conveyance from Charles Goodyear of the exclusive right to use vulcanized rubber prepared according to said Goodyear's patent of June 15 1844, in all elastic fabrics the elasticity of which is due to the shirring or corrugating the sheets or threads of such fabrics, and in all woven, braided, cemented or sewed fabrics, or such as are or can be covered or protected on one or both sides with substances other than rubber, and in all smooth, elastic shirred goods; and also to make and sell India-rubber threads of vulcanized rubber, and all threads or sheets of rubber which are or can be made or finished by union with or to be covered by fibrous substances. And he hereby gives notice that he is ready to supply the trade with all such fabrics at reasonable rates, and has a full stock now in store.

His attention has been called to an advertisement signed by William Judson, in which said Judson claims to be the owner of the right to import and sell such goods.

The undersigned is satisfied that this pretence on the part of said Judson is a fraud upon the public, and is made for the purpose of injuring his business. Said Judson has never exhibited his pretended titles to any Court, or to the public, and he does not afford the undersigned any opportunity of commencing any suit against him in order to test these titles. Charles Goodyear could not give any valid titles to said Judson, or to any one else, after the titles he had conveyed to the undersigned. The question decided by Judge Ingersoll, in New-York, upon a preliminary motion and partial presentation of the case, was not decisive of the merits of the title of the undersigned, and the card published by said Judson shows that the Court was imposed upon by a pretended title in a third party, which said Judson now claims to have been in himself for the last six years.

The undersigned therefore cautions all dealers in articles of the above descriptions, containing vulcanized rubber, that no such goods can be lawfully sold in this country without his license and stamp, and that he shall prosecute, to the extent of the law, all persons infringing upon his said rights. Orders solicited, and rights are guaranteed, by

HORACE H. DAY,
No. 23 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

$4 FRENCH CALF DRESS BOOTS, AT JONES', No. 10 Ann-st., also, now ready, the $2 50 and $3 00 Congress Shoes and Gaiters, at JONES', No. 10 Ann-st.

RAILROADS.

TRAVELERS FOR THE NORTH, SOUTH, [illegible] ... should, by all means, before ... APPLETON'S RAILWAY GUIDE. Price 25 cents. The clear manner in which the through-routes and maps are delineated enables the traveler to see at a glance how he shall travel. He will save many a dollar by procuring a copy.

D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.
SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

On and after Wednesday, April 6, 1859, Trains will leave 26th-st. Station, New-York, as follows:

7.45 A. M. for Williams Bridge.
8.30 A. M. Mail Train for Albany.
9.30 A. M. for Williams Bridge.
11.30 A. M. for White Plains.
2.30 P. M. for Williams Bridge.
4 P. M. for Dover Plains.
5 P. M. for White Plains.
5.15 P. M. for White Plains, from White and Centre sts.
6.30 P. M. for Williams Bridge.

RETURNING, WILL LEAVE

5 A. M. from White Plains.
5.30 A. M. from Dover Plains.
6.40 A. M. from Williams Bridge.
7 A. M. from White Plains.
8.45 A. M. Mail Train from Albany.
9.30 A. M. from Williams Bridge.
1 P. M. from Williams Bridge.
3 P. M. from White Plains.
5 P. M. from Williams Bridge.

WM. J. CAMPBELL, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—ON and after MONDAY, April 4, 1859, and until further notice, Passenger Trains will leave Pier foot of Duane-st., as follows, viz:—Dunkirk Express, at 6 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and principal intermediate stations. Mail Train, at 8 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo and intermediate stations. Rockland Passenger, at 3.30 P. M., from foot of Harrison-st., via Piermont, for Suffern and intermediate stations. Way Passenger, at 4 P. M., for Newburgh, Middletown, and intermediate stations. Night Express, at 5 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo. The above trains run daily, Sundays excepted. These Express Trains connect at Elmira with the Elmira, Canandaigua and Niagara Falls Railroad, for Niagara Falls; at Binghamton with the Syracuse and Binghamton Railroad, for Syracuse; at Corning with the Buffalo, Corning and New-York Railroad, for Rochester and Buffalo; at Great Bend with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, for Scranton; at Hornellsville with the Buffalo and New-York City Railroad; and at Buffalo and Dunkirk with the Lake Shore Railroad, for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c.

CHARLES MORAN, President.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Connecting at New-Hampton with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT—Commencing March 10, 1859.—Leaves New-York for Easton and intermediate places from Pier No. 2 North River, at 7:30 and 12 A. M., and at 4 P. M.; for Somerville, by above trains, and at 5:30 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabeth with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, which leave New-York from foot of Cortlandt-st., at 7:40 and 12 M., 4 and 5 P. M.

Passengers for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad will leave at 7:30 A. M. only; for Lehigh Valley Railroad at 7:30 A. M. and 12 only.

JOHN O. STERNS, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FROM MAY, 9, 1859, Trains will leave Chambers-st. Station as follows: Express Trains 6 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.; for Hudson 7:15 A. M.; for Sing Sing 10 A. M. and 4 and 10:30 P. M.; for Poughkeepsie 1:15 and 3:20 P. M.; for Tarrytown 2:45 and 6:45 P. M.; for Peekskill 5:30 P. M. The Hudson, Poughkeepsie Peekskill, Sing Sing and Tarrytown Trains stop at most of the Way Stations. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher, and Thirty first sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 4:45 and 8:30 A. M., and 3:45 P. M., and Albany about 15 minutes later. On Sundays at 6 P. M.

A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST FROM JERSEY CITY—Mail and Express Line. Leave New-York at 7, 9 and 11 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M.; fare $3. New-Jersey Accommodation, 12 M.; fare $2 25. Tickets sold for Cincinnati and West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 7 A. M., and 6 P. M.

J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND FLUSHING RAILROAD—Leaves Fulton Market Wharf, by steamer MATTANO, at 9 A. M., and 1, 3:45, 5:45 and 7:30 P. M. The cars leave Flushing at 6:30, 7:55 and 10 A. M., and 2:30, 4:55 and 6:40 P. M., connecting passengers with the boat at Hunter's Point. Fare 25 cents.

WM. N. SMITH, Superintendent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—APRIL 20, 1859.—Leave Brooklyn 10 A. M. for Greenport; 12 M. and 4.30 P. M. for Syosset; 10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M. for Yaphank; 10 A. M., 12 M., 3.30, 4.30 and 5.30 P. M. for Hempstead; 10 A. M., 12 M., 4.30, 5.30, 6.30 and 7.15 P. M., for Jamaica.

MUSICAL.

WONDERFUL IMPROVEMENT IN GRAND PIANOS.

STEINWAY & SONS invite artists and the public in general to call and examine their newly-invented OVER-STRING GRAND PIANO, which, for power and quality of tone, is pronounced superior to any other grand piano by all who have examined it, among whom are the best musical judges of the country, such as R. GOLDBECK, H. HAGEN, (Ed. of the *Musical Review*,) U. C. HILL, W. A. KING, W. MASON, R. C. TIMM, H. A. WOLLENHAUPT, A. H. WOOD, O. SAAR, and many others.

STEINWAY & SONS,
Manufacturers, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker st., New-York.

CHICKERING & SONS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS,
Warerooms, No. 694 Broadway.

C. & SONS have been awarded 35 prize medals for the superiority of their manufacture for the past 35 years.

ALSO FOR SALE,
MASON & HAMLIN'S SUPERIOR
MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS.

For parlors, churches, vestries and lodges.
At wholesale and retail.
PIANOS TO RENT.

MASON & HAMLIN'S
MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS,
OF ALL KINDS.

Ranging in price from $60 to $450, equally adapted for the church, vestry, school room, lodge-room, or parlor.

Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS are the sole Agents for these superior instruments for the State of New-York.

Warerooms, No. 694 Broadway, New-York.

Dealers supplied at regular factory prices.

Descriptive catalogues sent on application.

THE DRIGGS' PATENT PIANO-FORTE, OR THE VIOLIN PIANO.

It is built upon an iron frame, or bed plate, entirely separate from the case, thus relieving the sound-boards and every other part of the instrument from the strain.

It will remain in tune for many months, and when the strings are settled even for years.

It has convex sounding-boards above and below, like the Violin, which are connected together in the same manner, thus making the entire instrument a vibratory shell.

It has greater depth and fullness of tone, and its sostenuto, or power of sustaining the tone, has never been equaled, except by instruments of the violin class.

It improves with age and use, becoming more vibratory, and the tone purer and more sonorous.

It is the best piano-forte existing, and is recommended by Gottschalk, Thalberg, and many other celebrated artists and professors. Sole agents,

WM. HALL & SON, No. 543 Broadway,
Between Spring and Prince sts.

LADD'S SUPERB SQUARE PIANOS CAN be BOUGHT or RENTED at JUDSON & MUNGER'S, No. 722 Broadway.

ÆOLIAN, GRAND, BOUDOIR AND SQUARE Pianos, Harmoniums and Melodeons, new and second-hand, by Gilbert, Chickering, Prince & Co., and Mason & Hamlin, in plain and carved cases, cheap for cash; sold on installments, or for rent, with rent applied if purchased. Rosewood melodeons for $35; rosewood pianos for $100; piano stools, $2 50. American and foreign music, and music books, in every variety, forming the largest stock in the City, at wholesale or retail.

S. T. GORDON, Music Publisher, No. 706 Broadway.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF PIANOS, of superior tone, and fully warranted, will be sold at great bargains. Second-hand pianos taken in exchange. By ALBERT WEBER, manufacturer, No. 155 West Broadway, near Canal-st. Purchasers will find this an excellent opportunity to get a good piano very low.

LIGHTE & BRADBURYS' NO. 421 Broome-st., near Broadway, have a splendid assortment of the celebrated piano-fortes, in all styles, constructed with the patent Arch Wrest Plank. Purchasers in want of a superior instrument will find it for their advantage to call.

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS.—STEINWAY & SONS, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., near Broadway, New-York, have always received the first premium where and whenever in competition with the best makers of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Every piano warranted for three years. Prices moderate.

THIRTEEN SECOND-HAND PIANOS—AT the following extremely low prices: $30, $40, $50, $60, $80, $90, $115, $125, $135, and $150. Three 7-octave Pianos at $175, $200 and $215, but little used. Twenty Pianos and Melodeons to rent, at low rates. HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 333 Broadway.

HALLET, DAVIS & CO.'S GRAND, PARlor grand and square pianos. The best pianos made. Second hand pianos made by Chickering, Gilbert, Hallet, Davis & Co. Prices from $30 to $400. Melodeons very low. Pianos and melodeons to rent. T. S. BERRY, No. 458 Broadway, corner Grand-st., marble building.

A LARGE STOCK OF ELEGANT NEW piano-fortes for sale at WALKER'S warerooms, Clinton Hall, Astor-place and 8th-st. Also, second-hand pianos of every description for sale or for hire, at very low prices. N. B.—If required, arrangements can be made by which the hire will be allowed in case of purchase.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS, WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, OR TO RENT.—Agency of Hallett & Cumston's well known improved Pianos and S. D. & H. W. Smith's first prize Melodeons. Pianos and Melodeons for rent. Rent allowed on purchase.

A. M. KANOUSE, No. 435 Broadway.

RAVEN, BACON & CO., (SUCCESSORS TO BACON & RAVEN,) Piano-forte Manufacturers; wareroom No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, where a full assortment of instruments may be found, exclusively of our own manufacture. Warranted in every respect.

T. H. CHAMBERS—SUPERIOR PIANOS. Bible House, Astor-place. An unlimited warrantee given with every instrument of his own manufacture. Second-hand Pianos from $60 upwards.

HAZLETON BROS., PIANO-FORTE MANufacturers, No. 209 Centre-st., offer a fine assortment of brilliant and full-toned Pianos, at the lowest rates. Warranted to give satisfaction; guaranteed for 3 years.

LADD'S PARLOR GRAND PIANOS CAN be bought at JUDSON & MUNGER'S, No. 722 Broadway.

CARHART & NEEDHAM'S MELODEONS can be BOUGHT or RENTED at JUDSON & MUNGER'S, No. 722 Broadway.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

$50,000 CASH CAPITAL.
IMPORTANT TO EVERYBODY.
THOMAS B. AGNEW sells
TEAS, WINES, BRANDIES, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

cheaper than any other man in New-York. Call and see for yourselves. Goods delivered free.

THOMAS B. AGNEW,
Importer of Wines and Brandies, Grocer
Flour and Tea Dealer, wholesale and retail,
No. 260 Greenwich st. and No. 69 Murray-st.

SHIPPING.

SUTTON & CO.'S DISPATCH LINE FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
TO SAIL REGULARLY ON ADVERTISED DAYS.
Clipper of SATURDAY, 21st May.
ONLY NEW-YORK BUILT CLIPPER UP.
The famous and celebrated A 1 New-York-built clipper-ship,
"UNCOUAH,"
KERBY, Master,
IS RECEIVING HER CARGO AT PIER 8 EAST RIVER,
AND WILL PROMPTLY SAIL AS ABOVE.

This elegant clipper was built by W. H. Webb, Esq., especially for the San Francisco trade; her only passage from New York was made in 114 days, delivering her cargo without a stain.

Being very small (only 1000 tons) she will fill up in a few days. Shippers will please hand in their Bills of Lading as soon as they complete their engagements.

SUTTON & CO. No. 68 South st., cor. Wall.

FIRST CLIPPER
FOR
SAN FRANCISCO.
The clipper ship
WEBFOOT,
HEDGE, Master,

Having the most of her cargo on board
Will continue to receive freight three or four days, unless sooner full,
AT PIER NO 21 EAST RIVER.

The WEBFOOT has always made the passage to San Francisco within 119 days—delivers her cargoes WITHOUT DAMAGE, and, being the first to sail, is the MOST DESIRABLE ship up.

SUTTON & CO., No. 68 South st.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.

THE UNITED STATES MAIL
STEAMER ARAGO,
J. A. WOTTON, Commander,

Will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton, to land the mails and passengers, on SATURDAY, May 28, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st.

The ship has five water-tight compartments, inclosing the engines, so that in the event of collision or stranding, the water could not reach them, and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured.

Baggage not wanted during the voyage, should be sent on board the day before sailing, marked "Below."

Price of Passage in second-cabin $75 and $65.

For Freight or Passage apply to

W. S. DRAYTON, Agent, No. 7 Broadway.

N. B.—The steamer FULTON will succeed the ARAGO and sail June 25.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S STEAMSHIP BREMEN,
H. WESSELS, Commander,
Carrying the U. S. Mail,
Will sail, positively,
SATURDAY, May 14, at 12 M.,
For BREMEN via SOUTHAMPTON,
taking passengers for
London, Havre, Southampton, and Bremen,
at the following rates:
First Cabin, $100; Second Cabin, $60; Steerage, $35.
For freight or passage, apply to
GELPCKE, KEUTGEN & REICHELT,
No. 84 Broadway.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage....$130
Second Cabin Passage....75

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage....$110
Second Cabin Passage....60

The ships from Boston call at Halifax.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins. CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone. AMERICA, Capt. Millar.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott. NIAGARA, Capt. Anderson.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon. EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.

CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 20.
EUROPA, Leitch, leaves New-York, Wednesday, April 27.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 4.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, May 11.
NIAGARA, Millar, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 18.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, May 25.
CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 1.
ASIA, Lott, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, June 8.
AMERICA, Millar, leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 15.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, June 22.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 29.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, July 6.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Gold, Silver, Bullion, Jewelry, Specie, Precious Stones or Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP AFRICA FOR LIVERPOOL.—The AFRICA, JAMES ANDERSON, Commander, will sail from the stream on WEDNESDAY next, 11th May. A Steamboat will ply between the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, and the AFRICA, from 11.30 A. M. to 1 P. M. to convey passengers and baggage on board. The PERSIA will sail on the 25th of May.

E. CUNARD, 4 Bowling green.

FOR THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.—Semi-Weekly U. S. Side-Wheel Steamship Line.

Cabin passage....$15 | Deck....$6

The steamship COLUMBIA, Capt. BERRY, will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on FRIDAY, May 13, at 4 o'clock precisely.

Through tickets to the following places:

To New Orleans	$39 75	To Augusta, Ga.	$20 00
To Mobile	35 00	To Atlanta, Ga.	23 00
To Montgomery, Ala.	26 00	To Columbia, S. C.	20 00
To Charlotte, N. C.	22 00	To Jacksonville, Fla.	21 00
To Knoxville, Tenn.	31 00	To Pilatka, Fla.	23 00

For freight or passage, apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

FOR THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST, VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.—SEMI-WEEKLY U. S. MAIL SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP LINE.

Cabin passage....$15 00 | Deck passage....$6 00

The magnificent steamship NASHVILLE, L. M. MURRAY, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on TUESDAY, May 10, at 4 o'clock, P. M., precisely.

Through tickets to the following places:

To New Orleans	$39 75	To Augusta, Ga.	$20 00
To Mobile	35 00	To Atlanta, Ga.	23 00
To Montgomery, Ala.	26 00	To Columbia, S. C.	20 00
To Knoxville, Tenn.	31 00	To Jacksonville, Fla.	21 00
To Charlotte, N. C.	22 00	To Pilatka, Fla.	23 00

For freight or passage apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

FOR NASSAU, N. P., AND HAVANA.—THE British and North American Royal Mail steamship KARNAK, Captain A. BROWNLESS, will sail from the Company's wharf at Jersey City for the above ports, after the arrival of the steamship ASIA; which leaves Liverpool May 14, (probably May 27.)

Passage money to Nassau....$45
Passage money to Havana....60
Passage money between Havana and Nassau....15

For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.—THE American Atlantic Screw Steamship Company's new and elegant steamship HUNTSVILLE, JOHN A. POST, Commander, will leave Pier No. 12 North River, on SATURDAY, May 14 at 4 o'clock P. M. Passage to Savannah, with unsurpassed accommodations, $15; through ticket to New-Orleans $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, $26; Albany, Ga., $24; Atlanta, $23; Columbus, $23; Macon, $21; Augusta, $20; also to principal places in Florida at lowest rates. Freight 10 cents per foot and proportionate rates. Insurance one half per cent. Apply to

H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West st.

REDUCED RATES.—FOR NORFOLK, $6; PETERSBURGH OR RICHMOND, $8.—The steamship ROANOKE, Captain SKINNER, will receive freight for the above places on Tuesday and Wednesday at Pier No. 13 North River, and leave Wednesday, 11th inst., at 3 o'clock. Freight for Petersburgh landed at City Point. Passage, stateroom included, to Norfolk, reduced to $6; Petersburgh or Richmond, stateroom included, reduced to $8. Meals 50c. extra. LUDLAM & HEINEKEN, No. 115 Broadway.

LIBERIA, ALL PORTS, CORISCO BAY AND FERNANDO PO.—The first-class bark MENDI, Capt. WM. MCINTYRE, will be dispatched immediately, and will sail about the 15th inst. For freight or passage, (having most excellent accommodations,) apply to T. W. BAYAUD & CO., No. 100 Pearl-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS ISSUED through J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No. 282 Broadway, corner of Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce certificates. Important Passport laws and instructions of France issued with each passport. Bounty lands, pensions, and extra pay procured.

U. S. PASSPORTS ISSUED THROUGH J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No. 282 Broadway, corner of Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce certificates.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR BRIDGEPORT—FARE 50 CENTS.—THE steamer BRIDGEPORT leaves Pier No. 24 E. R. every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 12 o'clock, noon. Dinner on board. Freight taken, arriving in time to connect with the Housatonic, Naugatuck, New-Haven, Hartford, Springfield and Boston Railroad. Office No. 105 Beekman-st. GEO. W. CORLIES, Agent.

DAILY LINE FOR RONDOUT, KINGSTON, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie, landing at Cozzens', West Point, Cold Spring, Cornwall, New-Hamburg and Milton, each way. The fast and elegant steamer THOMAS POWELL, Capt. A. L. ANDERSON, leaves Jay-st. Pier EVERY AFTERNOON, at 3.45 o'clock.

MORNING BOAT FOR PEEKSKILL, HAVERSTRAW AND SING SING.—The steamboat AURORA, Captain ANNING SMITH, will leave the foot of Jay-st. EVERY DAY, at 8 A. M., touching at Amos-st.; and Peekskill at 1 P. M., making the usual landings.

OPPOSITION—FARE REDUCED TO ALBANY—Merchants' line from Robinson-st. pier daily, Saturdays excepted, at 6 P. M. On SUNDAYS will make usual landings at 50 cents fare.

FOR NEW-HAVEN.—THE STEAMER ELM CITY will leave Peck-slip, East River, EVERY DAY, at 3 P. M. The steamer TRAVELER, EVERY NIGHT at 11, arriving in time for the early morning trains.

RICHARD PECK, Agent.

DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—Steamer METAMORA, TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, from foot of Jay-st. at 7 A. M.

DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY—STEAMER ARMENIA every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, from foot of Harrison-st., at 7 o'clock A. M.

INSURANCE.

REPUBLIC INSURANCE COMPANY—NO. 16 WALL-ST.—ECONOMY AND SECURITY IN FIRE INSURANCE.—Fire Insurance, combining the mutual plan with the capital stock principle.

The charter of this Company requires that 80 per cent. of the profits shall be annually divided to the assured in scrip bearing interest.

This Company has been in operation for five years, during which time it has declared to its dealers one hundred and thirty-five and one-half per cent. on their premiums. They insure against loss and damage by fire at the lowest current rates of solvent Companies.

The security offered to insurers is an accumulating one, their surplus being now nearly as large as their capital.

All persons who may have held policies issued by this Company, expiring in 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857 or 1858, and have not received the scrip to which they may be entitled, are requested to call and take it, together with the interest which is payable annually in cash.

Under the charter, all scrip not called for in six years from its date of issue, enures to the Company.

ROBERT S. HONE, President.

DUNCAN F. CURRY, Secretary.

STEAMSHIPS FOR SALE.—THE UNDERsigned offer for sale the steamships FLORIDA, ALABAMA and AUGUSTA. They are about 1,300 tons each, built in this City by W. H. Webb, machinery at Novelty Works; are first-class ships. For particulars, apply at No. 13 Broadway, to SAMUEL L. MITCHELL & SON.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE GRAND FESTIVAL

To be held during the present week.

THE GRAND FESTIVAL
PROGRAMME OF THE GRAND HORTICULTURAL SCHOOL FESTIVAL
TO BE HELD AT
PALACE GARDENS AND HALL,
14th-STREET, near 6th-AVENUE,
MAY 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 16,
IN AID OF THE
HORTICULTURAL SCHOOL FOR POOR ORPHAN GIRLS.

Addresses will be delivered by the Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, the Rev. Dr. CHAPIN, the Hon G. A. GROW, the Hon. JOHN COCHRANE, WENDELL PHILLIPS, W. H. FRY, Esq., and other eminent orators.

Music by Dodworth's, Robinson's, and other favorite bands. Two of Dodworth's full bands will perform at the Soirée on the evening of 16th of May.

GRAND HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION.

Flowers in abundance; hot-house plants; roses of all kinds; a concentration of Summer's charms.

GREAT EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS!

by celebrated artists, many of them very valuable, placed on exhibition for the benefit of the Horticultural School for Females.

INTERESTING EXHIBITION OF BIRDS,

Canaries, Linnets, Nightingales, Troupials, Thrushes, Larks, Mocking Birds, and other choice and rare feathered songsters.

GRAND SOIREE DANSANTE!

At this social hop, given under the auspices of the famous 71st Regiment, it will be admissible for ladies to retain their bonnets and shawls, if they prefer to do so. The new and spacious hall opens directly into the Garden; it is spacious, cool, and airy.

ADDRESSES, GRAND CONCERTS, AND FIRE WORKS!

There will be Addresses, Concerts of Vocal and Instrumental Music, Promenades, Fireworks, Balloons, &c., &c., making altogether the grandest Festival ever given in this city.

HERR CARL FORMES

has generously consented to participate in the Vocal Concert of Saturday evening, May 14.

Also, Signor AMODIO, with the kind permission of M. Strakosch.

The following eminent artists have also kindly promised to render assistance by their valuable services at the Festival:

D. S. MILLS, H. C. TIMM, RICHARD HOFFMAN,
APTOMMAS, LOUIS SCHREIBER,
JAS. BURKE.

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT!

This Concert will be one of the most pleasing features of the Festival—the large new Hall, two hundred feet in length, affording a promenade of unequalled extent, beautifully decorated with flowers, plants, paintings, &c., &c.

The subject of land reform is now exciting an unusual degree of interest from the fact that the Hon. G. A. GROW, of Pennsylvania, during the late session of Congress advocated the passage of a Land Reform bill with marked ability. Mr. Grow was the master-spirit of the House.

AT THE GREAT FLORAL FESTIVAL

Mr. GROW will deliver an Address on this exceedingly interesting subject. No man understands the question better, and but few, if any, can handle it in a more masterly manner.

LAND REFORMERS REMEMBER!

That Mr. GROW is to deliver his Address on the evening of Thursday, May 12, 1859. For the price of admission to the spacious and

SUPERBLY EMBELLISHED GARDENS AND HALL,

You will hear an Address on a subject deeply interesting to all, and contribute at the same time toward a most deserving charity. Music and Fireworks on the same evening.

A MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY OF FIREWORKS.

A donation to the cause from Messrs. Joseph & Isaac Edge, Jr., the celebrated Pyrotechnists, on the opening night. A fine display every other night during the Festival week.

GRAND HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION,

Generously furnished by the principal Florists of New-York, Messrs. Reid, Wilson Buchanan, Fitzpatrick, Doran Biddock, Clark, and others, in aid of the Horticultural School for Poor Orphan Girls.

THE REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

This popular speaker, who combines many of the best qualities of the most celebrated orators, ancient and modern, has also consented to deliver an Address for the bennfit of the Horticultural School.

THE REV. DR. CHAPIN.

This truly eloquent divine has promised to be present on one of the evenings of the Festival week, and it is enough to say that he will speak.

THE HON. JOHN COCHRANE.

The political and other friends of Mr. Cochrane (who is one of the most admirable orators of his party) will have an opportunity of listening to a speech from their favorite some evening during the continuance of the great Festival.

WENDELL PHILLIPS,

of Mass., has also accepted an invitation to be present and speak at the Festival.

WM. H. FRY, ESQ.

This witty, sparkling, pungent and caustic speaker has also kindly consented to say something in behalf of the School. Mr. Fry's numerous admirers would alone fill the monstrous new hall, at Palace Gardens, as would the friends of any orator named in the programme. Such an

ARRAY OF ORATORICAL TALENT

has never before been presented in combination at any series of elegant and intellectual entertainments given in this City, and only the

NOBLE OBJECT

in aid of which the grand Festival is to be held could have drawn together so many notabilities possessing such varied talents. The programme is not yet complete. Further particulars will be given in future advertisements.

On the evening of May 16

A GRAND SOIREE DANSANTE,
under the auspices of the
FAMOUS SEVENTY-FIRST REGIMENT,
will be given.
DODWORTH'S FULL BANDS
will be in attendance.
THIS SPLENDID FESTIVAL

will be given under the auspices of His Honor, Mayor Tiemann, Wilson G. Hunt, Esq., the Rev. Dr. Bellows, Gen. J. H. Hobart Ward, Col. A. S. Vosburgh, B. Whitlock, Esq., Paul Spofford, Esq., the Hon. Henry J. Raymond, Thomas D. Robinson, Esq., Wm. F. Havemeyer, Esq., John Groshon, Esq., President New-York Horticultural Society; John W. Degrauw, Esq., President Brooklyn Horticultural Society; Wm. C. Langley, Esq., Rich. F. Carman, Esq., H. C. Vanvorst, Esq., Edwin Hoyt, Esq., C. Godfrey Gunther, Esq., M. B. Wynkoop, Esq., I. V. Fowler, Esq., the Hon. Horace Greeley, Wm. H. Browne, Esq., Gen. George P. Morris, the Hon. J. T. Headley, Henry L. Pierson, Jr., Dr. Silas Lounsberry, Wm. E. Morris, Esq., President Long Island Railroad; Henry G. Stebbins, Esq., J. S. Giles, Esq., H. A. Burr, Esq., Dr. James Knight, P. W. Engs, Esq., C. Livingston, Esq., James M. Quin, M. D., and Seventy-first Regiment, N. Y. S. M.

The whole to conclude with

A GRAND GALA AUCTION

of Statuary, Paintings, Bronzes and other works of art; also, Green-house and other Plants and Shrubs, Birds, &c. Sale under the direction of Messrs. E. & F. H. SCHENCK, of No. 33 Nassau-st.

Admission to each entertainment, 25 cents, or $1 for the series, (excepting that of the 16th inst.;) children half price. Tickets for Soirée Dansante, $1, (admitting gentlemen and lady;) Ladies' extra tickets, $1 each. For sale at the principal music and bookstores; at the hotels; DANSKIN'S Ticket Office, No. 20 Wall-st., and at the office of the Horticultural School and Festival, No. 841 Broadway.

METROPOLITAN THEATRE,
(Late BURTON'S,)
Under the Lafarge House.

MANAGER....Mr. F. B. CONWAY.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Commence at 7½ o'clock, precisely.

TUESDAY EVENING, May 10, 1859,

Last night but four of Miss Davenport's engagement,
Will be presented the famous drama in 5 acts, entitled
ADRIENNE, THE ACTRESS.
Adrienne, the actress....Miss Davenport
To conclude with the comedietta of
THE PRETTY PIECE OF BUSINESS.
MONA LISA in active rehearsal.
Prices as usual. Seats secured without extra charge.

THEATRE FRANCAIS, 585 BROADWAY.
F. WIDDOWS et C. SAGE....Directeurs.
MARDI, 10 MAI, 1859,
LES FOLIES DRAMATIQUES.

Vaudeville en cinq actes, de MM. Dumanoir et Clairville.

L'AMOUR—QUE QU'C'EST QU'ÇA?

Vaudeville en un acte, par MM. Clairville, Lambert, &c.

Mercredi, 11 Mai—LA DAME AUX CAMELIAS, pour le bénéfice de M. PAUL LABA, assisté de Mme. et M. GASSIER.

Bureau de location ouvert de 8 heures du matin jusqu'à 5 heures du soir.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

MANAGER....MR. E. EDDY.
THIS EVENING, May 10, 1859,
A Grand Spectacle and Spectacular Romance,
ROB ROY.
Rob Roy Macgregor....Mr. E. Eddy
Helen....Madam Ponisi
The Bailie....Harry Pearson
M'lle Ducy Barre will appear in a Scotch Ballet.
Doors open at 7¼; to commence at 7¾.

NATIONAL THEATRE.

Lessee...Thomas C. Steers | Stage Manager...G. L. Aiken
THIS EVENING, May 10,
To commence with the Drama entitled
THE HIDDEN BAND.
Major Ira Warfield....Mr. J. Nunan
Capitola....Rosa Cline
To conclude with
AMALDERAC, THE BLACK ROVER.
Amaldermac....Mr. J. Nunan

BOWERY THEATRE.

Lessees....Messrs. G. L. Fox and J. W. Lingard
THIS EVENING, May 10,
The performances will commence with
THE FLOWERS OF THE FOREST.
Dance....Miss A. Price
THE SWISS SWAINS.
JUMBO JUM.

CHURCH'S PAINTING.

"THE HEART OF THE ANDES."

On exhibition for a short time previous to being taken to Europe, at

THE STUDIO BUILDING,

No. 15 10th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. Admission 25 cents.

J. McCLURE, Publisher.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS,
Nos. 561 and 563 Broadway.
OPEN EVERY EVENING.
THE OLDEST AND LARGEST COMPANY IN THE CITY.
ELEGANCE AND REFINEMENT.
MOST UNEQUIVOCAL SUCCESS!
SALOON NEGRO MINSTRELSY,
In Old Virginny style.

To conclude (second week) with a New Comic Spectacular Pantomime, entitled

THE GENII OF THE LAKE.

With new scenery, dresses, decorations, properties, &c.

CHANGE OF TIME—Doors open at 6½ o'clock, the curtain will rise at 8 o'clock.

Tickets 25 cents; children under 10 years, 13 cents.

NOTICE.—On SATURDAY NEXT, A GRAND AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE, at 2½ o'clock.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—SEVENTH WEEK AND last performance but two of OUR IRISH COUSIN! TUESDAY, May 10, 1859. AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock—THE SONS OF THE REPUBLIC; and also, THE HAPPY MAN. EVENING, at 7½ o'clock—OUR IRISH COUSIN, which will be repeated in a style of superlative excellence, with new scenery, new effects and a comic humor without parallel, for the last time but two. The Aquaria, Happy Family, Picture Gallery, &c., &c., all here yet. Admission, 25 cents; Children under ten, 13 cents; Parquette seats, 13 cents additional.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.—THE Thirty-fourth Annual Exhibition of the National Academy, consisting of upwards of eight hundred original works, by living artists, never before exhibited by the Academy, is now open daily, from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M., at the Galleries in Tenth-st., near Broadway. Admission 25 cents. Season tickets 50 cents.

T. ADDISON RICHARDS, Cor. Secretary N. A.

AMUSEMENTS.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
GREATEST HIT OF THE SEASON.
GREATEST HIT OF THE SEASON.
GREATEST HIT OF THE SEASON.
GREATEST HIT OF THE SEASON.
GREATEST HIT OF THE SEASON.
HUNDREDS OF PEOPLE
HUNDREDS OF PEOPLE
HUNDREDS OF PEOPLE
TURNED AWAY NIGHTLY,
TURNED AWAY NIGHTLY,
TURNED AWAY NIGHTLY,
unable to obtain even standing room.
CONTINUED SUCCESS,
CONTINUED SUCCESS,
CONTINUED SUCCESS,
and
FOURTH WEEK,
FOURTH WEEK,
FOURTH WEEK,
FOURTH WEEK,
of
SHAKESPEARE'S CELEBRATED COMEDY
SHAKESPEARE'S CELEBRATED COMEDY
of
MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM,
MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM,
MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM,
MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM,
MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM.
IT WILL BE REPEATED,
IT WILL BE REPEATED,
IT WILL BE REPEATED,
with its
BRILLIANT CAST,
BEAUTIFUL SCENERY,
SPLENDID COSTUMES,
PROPERTIES, APPOINTMENTS,
AND
EXQUISITE MUSIC,
NIGHTLY TILL FURTHER NOTICE,
NIGHTLY TILL FURTHER NOTICE,
NIGHTLY TILL FURTHER NOTICE,
NIGHTLY TILL FURTHER NOTICE,
NIGHTLY TILL FURTHER NOTICE.
The Management would respectfully call the attention of
HEADS OF FAMILIES
HEADS OF FAMILIES
HEADS OF FAMILIES
HEADS OF FAMILIES
HEADS OF FAMILIES
to the fact that the beautiful
FAIRY-LIKE CHARACTER
FAIRY-LIKE CHARACTER
FAIRY-LIKE CHARACTER
of this exquisite comedy peculiarly adapts it to the
AMUSEMENT OF JUVENILES,
as well as "children of a larger growth," and would suggest the propriety of allowing them to witness this
CHARMING FAIRY TALE,
CHARMING FAIRY TALE,
CHARMING FAIRY TALE,
CHARMING FAIRY TALE,
CHARMING FAIRY TALE,
which is presented in a style of unparalleled splendor every night.
Dress circle seats may be secured TEN DAYS IN ADVANCE.
Doors open at 7 o'clock—to commence at 8 precisely.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.

TUESDAY, May 10.
THE 131st and LAST NIGHT BUT FOUR
OF
MR. WALLACK'S
APPEARANCE THIS SEASON.

Second and last night in three years of Planché's celebrated drama, in three acts, called

CHARLES XII.

ADAM BROCK....Mr. WALLACK.

The piece produced with new and beautiful scenery, costumes &c.

AND THE FOLLOWING SPLENDID CAST.

ADAM BROCK....Mr. WALLACK
CHARLES XII., King of Sweden....Mr. BROUGHAM
TRIPTOLEMUS MUDDLEWORK....Mr. WALCOT
MAJOR VANBERG....Mr. DYOTT
GUSTAVUS DE MERVELT....Mr. BAKER
COLONEL REICHEL....Mr. BERNARD
1ST OFFICER....Mr. HODGES
ENDIGA....Miss MARY GANNON
ULRICA....Mrs. REEVES

To be PRECEDED by the elegant comedietta of

A MORNING CALL.

Sir EDWARD ARDENT....Mr. LESTER WALLACK
Mrs. CHILLINGTON....Mrs. HOEY

To CONCLUDE with the laughable farce of

BOX AND COX.

BOX, Mr. BROUGHAM; COX, Mr. WALCOT; Mrs. BOUNCER, Mrs H. P. GRATTAN.

On WEDNESDAY—132d and last night but three of

Mr. WALLACK
THIS SEASON.

On which occasion he will appear as

SHYLOCK,

for the last time.

To conclude with (first time in five years) Kenney's laughable farce of

RAISING THE WIND.

In which Mr. WALCOT, Mr. SLOAN, Mr. FLOYD, Mr. BERNARD, Mr. JEFFRIES, Mr. PARSLOE, Mrs. VERNON, and Miss HENRARDE will appear.

THURSDAY—By request, Mr. WALLACK will appear as Don Felix in THE WONDER, with other entertainments.

Mr. WALLACK'S performances will terminate for this season positively on SATURDAY EVENING, May 14.

In preparation, and to be acted the FIRST TIME in this country, on MONDAY, May 16, E. Falconer, Esq.'s highly celebrated comedy in three acts, called

MAN OF THE DAY,
OR, EXTREMES,

with new and beautiful scenery, and a cast comprising the entire talent of the Company.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
L'ELISIR D'AMORE.
STRAKOSCH'S ITALIAN OPERA.
MLLE. PICCOLOMINI'S
Farewell Performances in America.

Under no circumstances can there be a repetition of any opera, the departure of Mlle Piccolomini for Europe on the 1st of June precluding such a possibility.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 11,
L'ELISIR D'AMORE.

Mr. Strakosch has the honor to announce that Mlle. PICCOLOMINI will appear on WEDNESDAY, May 11, for the first time in America, in Donizetti's comic opera,

L'ELISIR D'AMORE,
(The Elixir of Love,)

With Mlle. Piccolomini as Adina, Brignoli as Nemorino, Barilli as Sargent Belcore, Maggiorotti as Dulcamara.

SATURDAY, May 14, at 1 P. M.
Second Piccolomini Matinee.

Conductors....Sig. Muzio and M. Strakosch.

The sale of tickets continues daily, at 8 A. M., at the Academy of Music, Hall & Son's, No. 543 Broadway; C. Breusing's, No. 701 Broadway; Sibell's No. 13 Wall-st.; and at the stationery store of Root, Anthony & Co., No. 16 Nassau-st., corner of Pine.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
IL POLIUTO, OR, I MARTIRI.

Mr. Strakosch respectfully announces that Donizetti's grand tragic Opera and last masterwork,

IL POLIUTO, OR I MARTIRI.

Which has recently been performed in Paris with such extraordinary success, is in active rehearsal, and will shortly be produced.

Mlle. PICCOLOMINI will appear in the celebrated rôle of Pauline, BRIGNOLI as Poliuto, AMODIO as Severus, JUNCA as Felix.

SATURDAY, May 14—SECOND PICCOLOMINI MATINEE.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
MME. CORA DE WILHORST.

Mr. Strakosch has the honor of announcing that MME. CORA DE WILHORST,

the eminent prima donna, will shortly make her farewell appearance before retiring from the stage.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
PICCOLOMINI MATINEE.
SATURDAY, May 14, at 1 P. M.
THE SECOND AND LAST PICCOLOMINI MATINEE,
when an extraordinary performance will be given.

RURAL FESTIVAL AND MUSICAL PICNIC—Given by the New-York Musical Mutual Protection Association, in conjunction with the American Musical Fund Society at JONES' WOOD, on MONDAY and TUESDAY, June 6 and 7. Full particulars in future advertisements. Admission 25 cents.

U. C. HILL, Chairman.

D. SCHAADT, Secretary.

THE GREAT DUSSELDORF GALLERY OF PAINTINGS—Open DAY and EVENING; No. 548 Broadway. Admission 25 cents. Now visited by crowds of citizens and strangers.

STRANGERS SHOULD NOT FAIL TO visit the chief attraction of the City—the famous DUSSELDORF GALLERY OF PAINTINGS. Open day and evening. No. 548 Broadway. Admission 25 cents.

FINE ARTS.

A CARD.—THE FINE ARTS.—THE SUBscriber respectfully announces that in consequence of his departure for Europe, he will dispose of, at public sale, during the present month, his collection of pictures, including the celebrated "Falstaff" by WASHINGTON ALSTON, and a small cabinet specimen by EUGENE VERBOECKHOVEN, together with numerous works of art by painters of established reputation. Notice of the time and place of exhibition will be given one week previous to the sale. J. P. BEAUMONT, No. 513 Broadway.

ARTISTS, TEACHERS AND SCHOOLS are respectfully informed that the subscriber is now selling the best English canvas, oil and water colors, brushes, pastels, drawing-paper, &c., at lower prices than any other house in the city. All the materials for Grecian painting. Frames on hand and made to order.

W. SCHAUS, No. 629 Broadway.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.

In all colors, of superior and warranted manufacture, finished in landscape, fresco, fruit and flowers, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1843.

COTTAGE ENAMELED FURNITURE.—Elegant suites for City and country from $25 and upwards, grained in rosewood, oak, walnut, &c., &c., ornamented in flowers, fruit and fresco. Mattresses, spring beds, &c., at the old established Eagle Enameled Furniture Manufactory, No. 634 Broadway, five doors above the Laura Keene's Theater. Goods carefully packed for the country.

A GREAT INVENTION.—A ROLLABLE spring mattress, with bolster and invalid attachment, the best and cheapest article ever used. Also, children's and cottage bedsteads and cribs, wardrobes, bureaus, mattresses of all kinds, cheap at WALKER'S, No. 634 Broadway, second basement below Bleecker-st.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF FURNITURE, in all colors and styles, wholesale or retail, at $25 and upwards; also mattresses and palliasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st., four doors east of Broadway, New-York.

MODERN STYLE OF SCHOOL FURNITURE—Manufactured and for sale by N. JOHNSON, No. 490 Hudson-st., New-York. A large supply on hand. Illustrated circulars forwarded on application.

CHAMBER FURNITURE—ENAMELED AND Grained in every color and style, warranted to give entire satisfaction. Spring-bed bottoms on hand, and bedding of every description made to order, by R. G. WOODBRIDGE, No. 6 Sullivan-st., near Canal.

IRON BEDSTEADS, IRON HAT RACKS, IRON STONE STOOLS.—Stools put up in stores free of charge. Circulars sent on request. Liberal terms to the trade. JAMES SCOTT, No. 167 Centre, corner Canal-st.

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE, MATTRESSES and bedding, for sale cheaper than at any other store, at G. W. SNEDEN'S old stand, No. 283 Bowery, between Stanton and Houston-sts. Don't forget the number.

FURNITURE BOUGHT FOR READY MONEY.—A fair value given for furniture, carpets, books, &c., at No. 139 6th-av., between 9th and 10th sts.

MUNICIPAL.

Board of Aldermen.

YET ANOTHER NOMINATION FOR CITY INSPECTOR RETURNED TO THE MAYOR—DRINKING FOUNTAINS—LEGALITY OF THE ORGANIZATION OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—ADDITIONAL CLERKS FOR THE COMPTROLLER.

At the meeting of the Board of Aldermen, last evening, a communication was received from the Mayor, nominating S. Benson McGown for City Inspector in place of Geo. W. Morton.

Alderman Peck moved that the nomination of Dr. Foster be deemed withdrawn and that the nomination of Mr. McGown be confirmed.

Alderman Genet moved, as an amendment, that the nomination be returned to the Mayor. He made the motion reluctantly, he said, for Mr. McGown was a good Democrat, well known to him, from his own Ward. He believed that if he had understood the matter he would not have permitted the use of his name without consulting with him. Until consulted by the Mayor he would not vote for confirming his own brother. Alderman Genet's motion prevailed. (Ayes 10, Nays 5.)

Aldermen Adams, Darragh, Peck, Seagrist and Bradley voted in the negative.

A communication from the Mayor, transmitting a paper containing the number and description of the assessment lists now before the Common Council awaiting confirmation was read, and it was directed that it be printed and referred.

Alderman Peck offered a resolution directing the Committee on the Croton Aqueduct Department to confer with that Department and report at an early day some plan of free hydrants or fountains at which strangers "may slake their thirst." It was adopted.

A resolution directing that David T. Valentine, Clerk of the Common Council, be paid $2,500 for expenses incurred and services rendered in compiling his Manual, was offered by Alderman Boole. It was laid over.

Alderman Peck offered a resolution directing the counsel to the Corporation to report to the Board his opinion as to the legality of the acts of the Legislature organizing the Board of Supervisors. It was adopted.

The report of the Committee on Arts and Sciences in favor of directing the Comptroller to advertise for proposals and contract with the proprietors of the four daily papers of this City having the largest circulation for the publication of the proceedings of the Common Council, was discussed at some length.

Alderman Genet was opposed to giving the contract to the Times, which had stated that it would not publish the official proceedings. The Times had treated the Board with contempt. He urged that Democratic papers should be supported.

Alderman Peck thought the proceedings should be published in the papers having the largest circulation, and that politics should have nothing to do with it. The report was laid on the table.

The report of the Committee on Salaries and Offices in favor of authorizing the Comptroller to employ additional clerical aid,—seven general clerks, four deputy clerks and two messengers—was adopted, (ayes 13, nays 2,) Aldermen Stephens and Genet voting in the negative.

The resolution from the Board of Councilmen calling on the Mayor to convene the Board of Health at an early day was concurred in, and the Board adjourned to Thursday.

Board of Councilmen.

WATER HYDRANTS—ASSESSMENT LISTS—FOURTH OF JULY.

The Board met last evening at the usual hour 5 o'clock.

Councilman Ottarson introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Croton Aqueduct Department be directed to report to this Board, as soon as possible, plans and estimates for the placing of five hundred drinking fountains or hydrants in the streets and squares of the City; such fountains to be used for drinking only, and to be under the supervision of the Croton Board.

Councilman Bulteel asked what the gentleman meant by offering such a resolution. Did he desire to put the City to expense for advertising contracts which the Board would never confirm?

Councilman Lent replied that the fountains were needed to supply the people with good water, instead of bad whisky.

Some reminiscences of the Brooklyn Water Celebration were called up, Councilman Bulteel charging that Councilman Lent would have been very glad to have procured a drink of something stronger than water on that memorable occasion. In reply, Councilman Lent stated that he went home without a headache, after the celebration, and attended to his business the next morning. He intimated that the contrary was the case with Councilman Bulteel.

The resolution was adopted, Councilman Bulteel alone voting in the negative.

Mayor Tiemann transmitted the number and description of the assessment lists which awaited the confirmation of the Common Council. He urged immediate action. The communication was referred to the Committee on Assessments.

The President offered a resolution, taking the Report of the Committee on Finance of the Board of Aldermen in favor of raising $300,000 for Commissioners of the Central Park from the Committee on Finance of the Board of Councilmen, to which it had been referred. Lost. The subject was then laid over.

A large number of unimportant reports were laid over for future action.

Alderman Boole's resolution, directing the City Inspector to deliver 1,500 loads of manure to the Superintendent of Lands and Places for the use of Tompkins-square, came up for concurrence.

Councilman Ottarson asked who the City Inspector was?

No one replying, the resolution was laid over. It was subsequently called up and adopted.

Five thousand dollars were appropriated to defray the expenses of celebrating the Fourth of July, and Councilmen Bickford, Bulteel, McCarty, Allen, and Lent were appointed a Committee to make the necessary arrangements. The Board then adjourned until Thursday afternoon.

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

The Beemer Poisoning Case.—Coroner Horton commenced on Saturday to take testimony in the case of Mary Beemer, who, it is alleged, died in February last from poison administered by her husband. Several witnesses were examined, when the case was adjourned to Tuesday next. It was ascertained after the adjournment that no poison had been found in the body of deceased, and the accused will probably be discharged on Tuesday.

Burglar Arrested.—Officer Drake, of the First Precinct, at 4 o'clock on Sunday morning arrested a man named John Miller, on Fulton-street, on suspicion of having stolen about $25 worth of blacksmiths' tools in his possession. The property was subsequently identified as belonging to Adam Blair, in Columbia-street, near State, whose shop had been burglariously entered Saturday night. The accused was committed for trial.

Serious Charge.—A man named Thomas Steele, residing at No. 26 Atlantic-st., was arrested last evening by Officer Powers of the Third Precinct, on suspicion of having thrown his wife, Eliza Steele, from the second story window to the pavement below. She was found to be seriously injured, and was taken to the hospital. The accused says that his wife was intoxicated, and fell out of the window through her own carelessness.

Common Council.—A regular meeting of the Common Council was held last evening. The bonds of the financial officers were accepted, and the bonds of all the other officers were referred to the Counsellor to file if found correct. The final report of the Special Committee on the Water Works was presented and ordered to be printed.

Found Drowned.—The body of Thomas Dorland was found in the water at the foot of Adams-street, Saturday. Coroner Horton held an inquest on Sunday, when a verdict of death from accidental causes was rendered. The deceased had been missing for several days.

Attempted Suicide.—A woman named Margaret Duffy, residing at the corner of Willoughby-street and Hudson-avenue, attempted to commit suicide yesterday morning by taking an ounce of laudanum. She was taken to the City Hospital, where she was relieved of the poison.

Fire.—A fire broke out in the dry goods store of Henry Scatim, Franklin-street, on Saturday evening, which destroyed property valued at $300, upon which there is no insurance. The fire was communicated by a gaslight in a show window.

Fluid Accident.—A Mrs. Rankin, residing on Third-avenue, near Fourteenth-street, Gowanus, was seriously burned, Saturday night, by the explosion of a fluid-lamp, which she was attempting to fill while the wick was lighted.

Mortality.—Dr. Boyd, Health Officer, reports 99 deaths for the week ending Saturday last, classified as follows: Men, 18; women, 21; boys, 28; girls, 26; adults, 39; children, 54; males, 46; females, 47; colored, 1.

Stabbing.—A man named William Titus, formerly a Policeman, was seriously stabbed Sunday night by a colored man named "Black Jack." They were quarreling on Meeker-avenue. "Jack" was arrested and committed to answer.

Fire-Marshal's Report.—From the semi-annual report of Fire-Marshal Belknap, for the six months ending the 1st inst., it appears there were 101 fires, and an aggregate loss of $46,238.

The act consolidating all previous acts relative to the Niagara and Detroit Rivers Railway, passed the Canadian House of Assembly. Mr. Morton's contract is legalized, and he is allowed $50,000 per mile for the construction of the road.

[Advertisement.]
R. T. Wilde & Co. have this Spring brought, as it were, into one focus, everything that foreign fashion could supply, or home taste suggest, in Millinery. The Bonnets, Dress Caps, Evening Coiffures, new Ribbons, exquisite Flowers, &c., &c., introduced by the firm this season, challenge admiration, by the delicacy, chasteness and beauty, while the extreme reasonableness of the prices excites general surprise.
R. T. Wilde & Co., No. 251 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]
Crook & Duff,
Model Restaurant,
Times Building,
New-York.
Dinner,
Breakfast and Tea.

[Advertisement.]
Look at These Prices!!!
Splendid Velvet Carpetings, 9s. to 12s. per yard.
Real English Brussels, 6s. to 10s. per yard.
All-Wool Ingrains, 3s. to 6s. per yard.
Floor Oil Cloths, 2s. 6d. to 6s. per yard.
Hiram Anderson, No. 99 Bowery.

[Advertisement.]
Brady's Galleries.
Photographs,
Ambrotypes and Daguerreotypes,
Nos. 359 and 205 Broadway, New-York, and
No. 352 Pennsylvania-avenue, Washington.

[Advertisement.]
Look, Look.
Cheapest and best
Photographs and Ambrotypes in New-York, can be taken at H. Rockwell's, Nos. 419 and 421 Broadway, corner of Canal-st.

[Advertisement.]
Holloway's Pills and Ointment are the safest and best remedies known for the whooping-cough. A few doses of the Pills, with the Ointment at the same time rubbed thoroughly into the chest and throat, will relieve the most violent cases. Manufactory, 80 Maiden-lane, New-York.

[Advertisement.]
Clergymen of all Denominations!—Knox the hatter, has manufactured, expressly for the Anniversary Week, a stock of first-class Hats, to which he invites the attention of clergymen. Low prices and good articles have rendered Knox's establishment, No. 212 Broadway, famous.

[Advertisement.]
Herring's Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, No. 251 Broadway, corner of Murray-street, opposite City Hall, New-York.

[Advertisement.]
Gurney's new Photographic and Fine-Art Gallery, No. 707 Broadway. Photographs, Daguerreotypes, Miniatures in Oil and Ivorytypes.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—May 9.

$4,960	U. S. 6s, '76	109⅛
8,000	U. S. 5s, '74	104⅛
1,000	Mo. State 6s	86⅝
14,000	do	86⅛
10,000	do s10	86⅜
30,000	do s60	86
10,000	do s10	86¼
20,000	Virginia 6s s60	97
5,000	do	97⅛
2,500	Erie R bds, '75	24
1,000	H R. 1st mtgexint	91
10,000	Mich. Cent. R. 8 ⅌ ct. M S F C. bds	94⅞
5,000	Ill. C. R. bds., b60	87
2,000	Gal. & Ch. 2d M bds	88⅛
2,000	L. E & W 1st M B.	70
1,000	Chi. & Rk. Is. Bs.	93
2,000	do	94
6	Bk. of America	112⅛
50	Am. Exchange Bk.	105¾
50	Cumb. Coal P'd. b60	18¾
50	do b60	18⅛
11	Marine Bank	87
30	Continental Bank	104
325	Del. & H. C. Co. s60	96⅛
5	do	96¾
200	do	96⅞
100	do b60	97
50	Penn. Coal Co. s60	81⅛
100	do	81¾
25	Pacific M. S. Co.	84
50	do s30	84
50	do s30	84¼
100	do	84⅛
100	do s10	84⅛
275	do	84¾
100	Hudson River R.	32
300	do s60	31⅞
300	N. Y. Central R.	71¼
500	do b60	71¼
400	do s3	71
800	do s3	71⅛
750	do s10	71
450	do s15	71
150	do s30	71
100	do s60	70¾
300	Brooklyn City R.	119⅛
100	Reading R. c	50
500	do c	49⅛
10	Harlem R. Pref.	39
100	Mich. Central R b10	45¼
400	do	45¼
100	do s10	45
50	do s15	45
50	do s30	45
25	M. S. & N. I. G. S.	31¾
600	do	31⅛
150	Panama R. s60	122
100	do s30	122
150	Illinois Central R.	63
50	do	62¾
50	do s30	62¾
150	Gal. & Chic. R. s60	62⅞
100	do s30	62¼
450	do s15	62¾
1050	do	63
550	do b60	63
100	Clev. & Tol. R. s10	25⅛
110	Chic. & Rk. Is. R s3	59¼
100	do s30	58¾
100	do b60	59⅛
100	do	59⅛
200	do	59⅝
450	do	59¾
100	do	59⅞
425	do	60

SECOND BOARD.

$27,000	U. S. 5s, '74	104⅛
2,000	Tennessee 6s, '90	92⅛
1,000	do	92¾
10,000	do s60	92⅛
12,000	do	93
50,000	Mo. State 6s s60	86¼
20,000	do	86⅜
60,000	Virginia 6s s60	97
9,000	do	97⅛
1,000	Ill. Cen. R. bds.	86⅛
10,000	do s60	85⅛
1,000	Erie R. 2d m. b.	81
3,000	Hd. Rv. R. 3d m.	74⅛
25	Pacific Mail S Co.	85⅛
175	do	86
50	do s20	85
300	do s20	85⅛
50	do s60	84⅛
100	Erie R. R.	7⅞
200	Reading R R. s30	49
50	Mich. Cen. R. R.	45¼
300	do	45
100	do b60	45
100	do s60	44⅛
9	Mich. So. & N. I. R	9¾
9	M. S. & N. I. G. S.	31⅛
25	Panama Railroad	122⅛
100	Galena & Chic. R.	63¼
100	do	63
100	do s60	62⅛
140	do	63⅛
100	do s30	63
100	Clev. & Tol. R.	25⅜
100	do	25⅛
200	Chic. & R. I. R.	60¾
100	do	60⅛
50	Mil. & Miss. R. R.	6

REPORTED SALES BY AUCTION.

$1,000	At. Mu. In. Scr. '58	93¼
180	do	84¾
240	do '59	83¾
2,400	do	82
1,000	Sun Mu. In. S. '53	84¼
30	do '55	69⅛
380	do '56	70⅛
1,350	do '57	69
300	do '58	65¼
400	G. W. Mu. In. S. '57	69⅛
260	do '58	63
1,500	do '58	64¼
10	Rep F. In. S. '54	51⅛
50	do '55	51⅛
45	do '57	51⅛
1,720	Sacra. City 8s	32
2,000	Mem. City 6s	82
18	G. W. Mar. In. Co.	137
20	do	136
20	do	135
25	P. Coop. Fire In Co	101¼
25	do	105
15	Mercan. Mar. In Co.	120⅛
10	Good. Fire In. Co.	102⅛
10	Jer. City Fire In. Co.	120
10	Gro. Fire In. Co.	109
10	Metro. Fire In. Co.	123
40	do	119
10	Corn Ex. F. In. Co.	148¼
40	Beek. Fire In. Co.	108
25	Exch. Fire In Co.	107¼
14	Phenix Fire In. Co.	141¼
10	Manh. Fire In. Co.	167
15	N. W'ld Fire In. Co.	99⅛
15	do	99¼
20	do	99⅛
30	Clin. Fire In. Co.	112
10	Gallatin Fire In. Co.	89
10	Secu. Fire In. Co.	121
25	Firem. F'd In. Co.	105⅛
88	Etna Fire In. Co.	109
20	Peoples' Bank	104¼
40	do	105
25	Hanover Bank	89½
15	W., F. & Co.'s Ex.	64¼
15	American Ex. Co.	88
10	Bank of New-York	108¼
30	Chatham Bank	87⅛
5	B'k of Commonw'h.	96⅛

Monday, May 9—P. M.

The Weekly Averages of the Banks of the City of New-York, on Saturday, May 7, 1859, present in the aggregate the following changes from the previous exhibit of April 30:

Increase in Loans	$813,200
Decrease in Specie	243,173
Increase in Circulation	504,020
Decrease in Undrawn Deposits	690,345

Including the Clearing-House operations of the week, which show the inter-exchanges between the Banks, and including also the Sub-Treasury statement of Saturday, the following is the general comparison with the previous exhibit, and also with the movement this time last season:

COMPARATIVE RECAPITULATION.

	May 8, 1858.	May 7, 1859.	April 30, 1859
Capital	$66,709,000	$68,324,657	$68,324,657
Loans	112,741,955	129,519,905	128,706,705
Specie	35,453,146	26,086,632	26,329,805
Circulation	7,735,056	8,804,697	8,300,677
Gross Deposits	101,165,807	115,586,810	113,217,527
Exchanged	19,438,661	26,714,767	23,655,189
Undrawn	81,727,146	88,872,043	89,562,338
In Sub-Treasury	2,874,274	6,481,913	6,568,681

The Bank Statement shows less decline in the Specie Average than was expected after the heavy export movement of the past week. The fact confirms the considerable receipts by express from the interior. The addition to the Discount line was not looked for. A reference to the detailed comparison with the previous week will show that the movement in this respect was quite irregular. Some of the heavy Banks have run their line down, while others have gone up without affecting their Specie average. The old Bank of New-York, at the head of the list, makes a considerable gain in both items. The Circulation as usual on quarter day runs up. The temporary improvement is over half a million. The net Deposit line is down $690,000; while the gross business is two millions larger than last week, and the Clearances very full, say $26,714,767 ⅌ day. The new week opens on a quiet and easy market for Money. The Bill Brokers report a scarcity of prime paper outside of Bank. The Foreign Exchanges are somewhat disturbed by the foreign news. Both remitters and drawers are indisposed to operate until after the receipt of the *Persia's* mail, which will be hourly looked for to-morrow. The standard Bankers are asking 110⅛@110¼ at 60 days on London and 110⅞ at sight; transient Bank bills 110@110½ ⅌ cent. The business thus far for the *Africa* is small. Mercantile Bills on England are dull at the usual difference made of late, and large buyers are disposed to limit their offers to 109½@109¾ ⅌ cent., except for select names. The Customs to-day are $84,000, and the Sub-Treasury disbursements $134,000 in excess of this sum, reducing the balance this afternoon to $6,347,810.

The European news *viâ* Quebec, is received on the Street as highly interesting for the new political complications between the great powers which it announces. The heavy fall in the English Funds reflects the deep concern in London for the sudden alliance between Russia and France, and will add, of course, to the general excitement of the succeeding accounts now near at hand by the *Persia*. The effect on the Stock Exchange, although coming on rather a *Bear* market, was not important at the early Board, and before the close of the dealings in the afternoon the news had almost ceased to be felt at all and prices stiffened up and closed firm: New-York Central was done in the morning at 71 but left off at 71¼ ⅌ cent. and in good demand; Pacific Mail from 84 at the outset went to 86½ ⅌ cent. at the close; Rock Island from 59½ went to 61 and left off at 60½ ⅌ cent.; Galena 63¼@⅜; Toledo 25½; and Hudson River firm at 32½@32½. On the Bond list, United States fives were firm at 104½ sales; Missouri's, for cash, were steady, but offered down on seller's option; Tennessee's ⅛@¼ ⅌ cent. off; Virginia's steady, and Illinois Central Bonds ½ lower on the cash price, and offered down at seller's option; Panama Shares were in demand at 122½ ⅌ cent.; Delaware and Hudson advanced to 97, and Pennsylvania Coal to 81¾ ⅌ cent. But little done in Reading or Harlem Preferred.

The annual election of the New-York Stock Exchange occurred to-day. Colonel Henry G. Stebbins, the late President, respectfully declined to serve another term, and Mr. W. H. Neilson was made President for the ensuing year. Mr. Wheelock was made first Vice-President. Mr. Howard Wainwright, the second Vice-President, declined to serve again, and Mr. E. S. Munroe was elected in his place. The Board voted the compliment of $500 to the retiring President, and $250 to the retiring Vice-President The old Secretary and Treasurer were reëlected.

The contest for the possession of the St. Louis, Alton and Chicago Railroad has been amicably arranged, under negotiations conducted by Mr. John T. Stuart, of Springfield, Ill., on behalf of Governor Matteson, and Messrs. J. C. B Davis and John Cleveland, counsel for the first second and third mortgage bondholders, in this city, for the purpose of settling the terms of a surrender of the road to the latter claimants. The Chicago *Tribune* gives the following as the terms of the agreement:

"1. That Gov. Matteson shall deliver to Committee of Nine Bondholders, (three representatives of each mortgage,) actual possession of the road, with all its real, personal and mortgaged property, and shall guarantee the said Committee against any interference or detriment under or by virtue of the 'Spencer Lease.' He will also transfer to the Committee all of his own interest in the charter of the St. Louis, Alton and Chicago Railroad, and will endeavor to have the whole charter so transferred.

2. The Committee do not assume or recognize in any way any agreements existing between the road or Gov. M. and the Joliet and Chicago Railroad Company or Messrs. Mitchell and Buckmaster.

3. The bondholders assume to pay the arrearages due to the employes to the amount of $154,000—$25,000 to be paid when the road is placed in their hands, and the remainder to be satisfactorily secured to them out of the first net earnings. Gov. Matteson is to pay all arrearages accruing since Dec. 1, 1858.

4. The bondholders agree to apply the next earnings of the road to the payment of $131 806 66, said to be due to Brown, Brothers & Co, Clark, Dodge & Co., the Ocean Bank, New-York; John Anderson & Co., St. Louis, and the Bank of Bloomington, Ill., on account of said road, if on investigation, the said liabilities are found to be *bona fide*.

5. The fifth and sixth points provide for the payment out of the net earnings of $68 445 66 for wood and $11,554 74 for materials and supplies.

6. The bondholders agree to pay Matteson the balance claimed by him for advances to the road over and above the amounts received by him from the road—said amount to be ascertained by referees, and not in any event to exceed $60,000.

These points constitute the basis of the contract shortly to be entered into between Governor Matteson and the bondholders. The latter agree among themselves to apply the earnings of the road, after discharging the above indebtedness, to the payment of the accrued interest on the three classes of bonds in the order of their precedence. The first mortgage was made Oct. 1, 1852, for the sum of $2,000,000; the second, June 1, 1853, for $1,500 000; the third, March 1, 1854, for $1,000,000. The total amount of accrued interest is about $800,000."

CITY BANK STATEMENTS.

WEEKLY AVERAGES OF THE NEW-YORK CITY BANKS.

Banks.	Loans. May 7.	Loans. April 30.	Specie. May 7.	Specie. April 30.
Bk. of New-York.	4,468,185	4,230,617	1,224,464	1,062,531
Manhattan Co.	4,818,383	4,870,743	1,244,605	1,020,330
Merchants' Bank.	6,439,243	6,591,324	1,654,618	1,909,892
Mechanics' Bank.	4,063,901	4,046,746	952,022	931,006
Union Bank	3,246,926	3,196,877	712,350	658,939
Bk. of America	6,380,212	6,260,083	2,289,165	2,132,841
Phenix Bank	3,077,189	3,015,723	583,893	483,611
City Bank	2,253,837	2,157,145	290,118	425,109
Tradesmen's Bank	1,328,773	1,328,912	219,446	178,762
Fulton Bank	1,989,644	1,979,260	388,650	449,767
Chemical Bank	1,780,404	1,846,665	1,191,901	857,741
Merch. Exch. Bk.	2,078,371	2,074,782	256,788	254,780
National Bank	2,152,571	2,202,699	286,096	185,036
Butch. & Drov. Bk.	1,773,033	1,779,431	278,172	234,474
Mech. & Trad. Bk.	876,251	870,090	181,751	181,751
Greenwich Bank	734,166	748,246	138,240	100,837
Leather Man. Bk.	2,282,995	2,277,760	309,069	344,798
Seventh Ward Bk.	1,335,263	1,333,967	239,610	218,317
Bk. St. New-York	3,971,476	3,919,197	1,172,333	1,290,009
Am. Exchange Bk.	7,882,559	7,712,023	1,284,445	1,464,210
Bk. of Commerce.	12,546,889	12,551,185	1,659,395	1,803,648
Broadway Bank	2,588,432	2,583,005	449,257	439,039
Ocean Bank	1,673,892	1,653,142	280,535	267,826
Mercantile Bank.	3,019,568	2,918,590	432,212	534,371
Pacific Bank	1,188,114	1,191,908	230,714	215,679
Bk. of Republic	4,601,717	4,613,695	1,118,499	1,291,504
Chatham Bank	716,271	693,808	113,837	77,675
People's Bank	695,683	696,739	130,999	122,175
Bk. of N. America	1,587,317	1,610,369	378,968	370,663
Hanover Bank	1,488,705	1,444,397	186,119	142,317
Irving Bank	847,614	851,455	155,309	138,266
Metropolitan Bank	6,483,028	6,557,152	1,078,598	1,132,138
Citizens' Bank	758,370	757,583	107,356	100,359
Nassau Bank	1,691,454	1,661,029	283,186	228,877
Market Bank	1,762,058	1,741,175	316,052	382,054
St. Nicholas Bank	1,174,739	1,202,677	194,898	193,293
Shoe & Leath. Bk.	3,209,645	3,116,919	301,783	777,858
Corn Exch. Bank	1,774,513	1,762,467	400,591	303,208
Continental Bank	3,886,032	3,898,944	520,292	527,375
Bk. of Comm'w'lth	1,104,538	1,174,700	299,630	148,816
Oriental Bank	589,465	574,045	77,084	74,054
Marine Bank	948,376	950,068	164,422	199,215
Atlantic Bank	606,568	593,905	62,781	61,987
Imp. & Traders' Bk	2,709,702	2,615,562	400,008	419,060
Park Bank	4,742,767	4,677,602	1,150,528	1,037,379
Artisans' Bank	1,019,378	1,066,743	197,781	175,491
Mech. B'g Ass'n	570,437	502,798	104,361	83,723
N.Y. Dry Dock Co	514,640	524,383	54,347	52,101
N. Y. Exch. Bank	321,541	230,144	29,835	23,832
Bull's Head Bank	434,894	418,590	43,657	38,593
N.Y. County Bank	411,392	397,843	40,552	39,274
Grocers' Bank	495,949	480,833	84,059	89,378
East River Bank	329,718	323,692	34,813	34,166
North River Bank	397,124	381,378	117,861	112,580
Total	129,519,905	128,576,705	26,086,632	26,329,805
	Increase...$819,200		Decrease..$243,173	

Banks.	Circulation. May 7.	Circulation. April 30.	Deposits—Net. May 7.	Deposits—Net. April 30.
Bk. of New-York.	453,830	412,076	3,100,219	2,812,543
Manhattan Co.	355,284	331,136	3,439,474	3,274,316
Merchants' Bank.	177,041	160,422	5,015,588	5,445,486
Mechanics' Bank.	305,799	293,856	3,174,074	3,239,554
Union Bank	182,411	173,338	2,789,830	2,810,103
Bk. of America	127,347	120,126	5,811,389	5,798,007
Phenix Bank	133,187	128,137	1,800,855	1,688,070
City Bank			1,432,052	1,580,354
Tradesmen's Bank	316,002	309,619	755,632	719,864
Fulton Bank	164,655	146,431	1,727,642	1,725,801
Chemical Bank	305,947	284,356	2,342,489	2,187,010
Merch. Exch. Bk.	142,855	137,038	1,072,903	1,052,287
National Bank	147,483	133,303	1,018,123	953,798
Butch. & Drov. Bk.	188,820	184,775	1,251,127	1,255,248
Mech. & Trad. Bk.	128,046	128,096	788,587	789,860
Greenwich Bank	137,376	125,743	566,159	550,353
Leather Man. Bk.	335,337	292,717	1,428,849	1,441,934
Seventh Ward Bk	255,475	219,018	746,839	739,723
Bk. St. New-York	270,785	241,149	2,884,398	3,073,614
Am. Exchange Bk	261,313	242,209	4,844,590	4,975,172
Bk. of Commerce.	1,975	1,975	5,533,882	5,534,133
Broadway Bank	277,807	271,235	2,030,742	1,996,375
Ocean Bank	117,106	112,368	1,061,749	1,059,431
Mercantile Bank	38,840	37,487	2,299,601	2,377,526
Pacific Bank	121,715	125,829	1,012,133	991,014
Bk. of Republic	221,892	203,771	3,740,967	4,105,041
Chatham Bank	130,224	124,210	467,106	425,682
People's Bank	122,428	122,099	501,108	497,690
Bk. of N. America	90,777	87,059	933,322	914,960
Hanover Bank	90,177	85,152	704,095	649,026
Irving Bank	128,920	124,176	640,184	643,719
Metropolitan Bk.	249,274	238,603	3,888,994	3,973,775
Citizens' Bank	156,387	144,558	558,780	580,364
Nassau Bank	129,693	129,961	980,752	988,986
Market Bank	210,463	201,435	1,175,607	1,224,555
St. Nicholas Bank	97,749	93,865	764,027	775,616
Shoe & Leath. Bk	108,274	107,144	2,183,766	2,412,859
Corn Exch. Bank	155,684	123,105	975,679	1,029,908
Continental Bank	182,552	168,816	2,549,302	2,615,245
Bk. of Comm'w'lth	193,370	185,841	831,322	785,735
Oriental Bank	106,619	98,549	373,684	363,098
Marine Bank	118,463	118,645	539,026	565,590
Atlantic Bank	97,591	95,614	263,286	277,890
Imp. & Traders' Bk	204,399	202,387	1,696,353	1,616,102
Park Bank	189,359	185,704	3,812,450	3,802,801
Artisans' Bank	96,691	95,558	679,688	709,715
Mech. B'g Ass'n	95,775	90,100	327,414	283,687
N.Y. Dry Dock Co	169,563	158,204	247,091	243,281
N. Y. Exch. Bank	106,498	104,716	317,641	320,731
Bull's Head Bank	105,262	104,783	415,554	391,201
N. Y. County Bk.	91,175	90,395	348,817	294,254
Grocers' Bank	45,387	44,132	381,524	357,145
East River Bank	88,223	83,414	236,855	223,814
North River Bank	76,390	71,258	409,656	390,332
Total	8,804,697	8,300,672	88,872,043	89,562,338
	Increase...$504,020		Decrease..$690,325	

To the Stockholders of the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad Company.

The stockholders of the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad Company who are opposed to the sale of the road, under the third mortgage, on the 21st of May, 1859, as now advertised by William Barnes, trustee, and in favor of contesting and setting aside said third mortgage, and in favor of prosecuting to judgment the suit against Mr. Alexander Mitchell and his co-directors, who distributed the one million "Corruption Bonds," and in favor of the election of a new Board of Directors, are requested to call at the office of John Fitch, Esq., No. 44 Wall-street, and give me their proxies. I will be pleased to see any of the stockholders at No. 44 Wall-street, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., and converse with them as to the condition and affairs of the road.

NEWCOMB CLEVELAND.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL ADVERTISEMENTS

THOMPSON BROTHERS, NO. 2 WALL-ST. offer for sale at all times, UNITED STATES and STATE STOCKS, for investment or Banking purposes, in amounts to suit.
Orders for the purchase or sale of Stocks on commission promptly executed.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New-York, Monday, May 9, 1859—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce, since our last, have been: 30 bbls. Ashes, 7,594 bbls. Flour, 72 bush. Wheat, 33,795 bags Barley, 32,804 bush. Oats, 1,183 pkgs. Provisions, and 386 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales have been reported, to-day, of 200 bbls. Pots, at $5 75; 50 bbls. do. (light tare,) at $5 62½; and 50 bbls. Pearls at $5 75 ⅌ 100 ℔s.

COFFEE—Has been in moderate demand, to-day, and sales have been made of 250 mats Java at 15c.; 400 bags Rio at 12c.; and 1,200 bags St. Domingo at 10¼c. ⅌ ℔. Stock in first hands, this evening, includes 45,172 pkgs. Java and 19,000 bags Rio.

COTTON—The very interesting news by the *Anglo-Saxon*, has only served to increase the eagerness of our merchants to obtain the advices expected by the *Persia*, and their reluctance to operate in the absence thereof. Hence, no sales have transpired, and quotations are altogether nominal.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market opens briskly to-day for State and Western Flour. The demand is animated. The home trade buy freely. Speculators evince more disposition to purchase. Some inquiry also exists for lots required by shippers. The current receipts are decidedly less extensive than the wants of buyers. Prices have improved since our last, 5c.@15c. ⅌ bbl. for the principal kinds. Toward the close, holders claim even higher rates, and many of them appear to be reluctant to sell, unless at full asking prices. The news by the *Anglo-Saxon*, at Quebec, tends to increase the confidence of factors. The reported transactions amount to 15,500 bbls.

Unsound Flour, ⅌ bbl.	$3 75@$5 35
Poor to good Superfine State	5 40@ 6 00
Very good to very choice do.	6 15@ 6 40
Extra State	6 70@ 7 00
Superfine Western	5 60@ 6 35
Fancy Western	6 40@ 6 60
Extra Indiana and Michigan	6 65@ 7 75
Very Low to very choice Extra Ohio	6 90@ 8 25
Fancy Genesee	6 90@ 7 10
Extra Genesee	7 30@ 8 50
Low to very choice Extra Missouri	7 30@ 9 25

Southern Flour continues in very good demand to-day at firmer prices. Sales since our last, 5,000 bbls., in lots, at $6 60@$7 10 for mixed and straight brands, and $7 15@$9 for low fancy to very choice extra brands, ⅌ bbl. Canadian is scarce and quiet at $6 65@$7 70 for extra ⅌ bbl. Rye Flour is in moderate request, at $3 80@$4 75 for fine to superfine. ⅌ bbl. Corn Meal is in demand, at $4 for Jersey; $4 45@$4 50 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl., and $20 for the latter, in puncheons.

GRAIN—Wheat is in fair demand, and prices are higher. Sales have been reported, to-day, of 28,000 bushels, including ordinary to choice Red and mixed Western (Winter) at $1 53@$1 60; fair Milwaukee Club on terms not ascertained; and very choice White Kentucky at $1 98 ⅌ bushel. Corn is in good request and is very stiffly held. Sales have been reported, to-day, of 37,500 bushels at 92c. for fair mixed Western; 92c. for ordinary White Southern; 94c @ 94½c. for good to prime Yellow Southern; and 94½c. @95c. for do. to do. Yellow Jersey, ⅌ bushel. Rye is in light supply and is in demand. Sales have been made of 4,000 bushels, to arrive soon, at 94c. ⅌ bush. Barley is attracting more attention at uniform rates. Sales, to-day, 6,700 bushels State at 64c.@70c., and 9,000 bushels Canada, part at 75½c. ⅌ bushel. Oats are saleable and firm, including Canadian, at 61c.@62c.; Western at 60c.@62c.; State at 58c.@60c.; Jersey and Pennsylvania at 54c.@58c.; Southern at 50c. @56c. ⅌ bushel.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Sales in Boston: 1,170 Bags, at 9½c.@10½c. each; and 3,300 bales Bagging, part to arrive, at 12c.@12½c. ⅌ yard. Stock there, May 1: 10 000 bales Bags, and 15 000 bales Bagging, against 14 000 bales Bags, and 17,600 bales Bagging, May 1, 1858.

HAY—Sales 800 bales North River at 70c.@75c. ⅌ 100 ℔s.

HOPS—A limited inquiry prevails for last year's crop at 8c.@16c., as extremes, ⅌ ℔. Old Hops are in fewer hands, and held with more firmness at 3c.@6c. ⅌ ℔.

IRON—The demand is moderate; prices are unaltered.

LEATHER—The inquiry for Sole is restricted, and the tendency of prices is downward. The Boston *Journal* states that an adjourned meeting of Shoe and Leather dealers was held in Boston on Saturday, to hear the report of the Committee appointed at the meeting held April 16, to investigate the fraud supposed to exist in the Leather trade between the cities of New-York and Boston. The propositions of the dealers of the two cities were discussed. The principal difference between the propositions is that the Boston dealers claim damages when the Leather shall fall 3 ⅌ cent. short of the alleged weight, and demand thirty days within which to make reclamation. The New-York factors concede damages when the weight shall fall 5 ⅌ cent. short, the reclamation to be made within ten days of the delivery of the Leather. The resolutions proposed by the New-York Association were amended somewhat, and finally adopted.

MOLASSES—Small sales of New Orleans were effected at unchanged prices.

NAVAL STORES—The reported sales of Resin, to-day, comprise 4,100 bbls. Common, to arrive, part at $1 70; 500 bbls. do., delivered from yards, at $1 75; 800 bbls. No. 2 at $1 95@$2 25 ⅌ 310 ℔s.; and 550 bbls. No. 1 within a range of from $2 50@$5 ⅌ 280 ℔s. Tar and Crude Turpentine are unchanged. The sales of Spirits Turpentine comprise 150 bbls., to arrive at 50c.; 200 bbls., near at hand, at 51½c.; and 180 bbls., here, part at 52c. ⅌ gallon.

OILS—Linseed is selling to a fair extent, chiefly at 63c.@64c. ⅌ gallon. Nothing really new in other kinds.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in more active request, and sales have been reported of 6,500 bbls., in lots at $16 12½@$16 18¾, chiefly at $16 12½, for new Mess here; $16 25 for do., deliverable, at the option of the seller, in June; $16 75 for do., deliverable, at the option of the buyer, in July and August; an unascertained price for do., deliverable during the Summer months; and $12 87½ for prime ⅌ bbl. Cut Meats are in demand, including Ham, at 8c.@9½c., and Shoulders at 6c.@6½c. ⅌ ℔. Bacon is inactive, at from 8½c.@10½c. ⅌ ℔. Lard continues depressed and languid. Sales 350 tcs. and bbls., at 11c.@11½c., ⅌ ℔., and 250 kegs on terms not ascertained. Beef continues active and buoyant. Sales 1,750 bbls., in lots, at $10 25@$12 50 for repacked Western Mess; $13 25@$14 50 for fair to very good extra do.; $7 75@$9 for Country Mess; $6 25@$7 for do. Prime, ⅌ bbl. Included in the sales was one lot of 500 bbls. very choice Indiana extra Mess, (Spears, Case & Co.'s packing,) at $16 ⅌ bbl. Prime Mess Beef, $18 @$22 ⅌ tc.; Beef Hams, $14@$17 ⅌ bbl. Butter is in limited demand at 8c.@12c. for old Ohio; 11c.@14c. for new do.; 10c.@18c. for poor to prime old State; and 18c.@22c. for new State, ⅌ ℔. Cheese is quiet at 6c.@11c. for new State, ⅌ ℔.

RICE—Sales have been made to-day, of 350 tcs. in lots, at from $3 25@$4 50 ⅌ 100 ℔s.

SUGARS—Have been less active to-day, sales having been confined to 325 hhds. Cuba, chiefly at from 6⅜c.@6¾c.; small lots of New-Orleans, at 6⅛c.@7c.; and 30 hhds. Melado, at 5c ⅌ ℔.

WHISKY—Sales 550 bbls., in lots, at 28c.@28½c., chiefly at 28c. ⅌ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, the engagements included 200 bales Cotton at ⅛d. ⅌ ℔.; 600 bbls. Resin at 1s. 4½d.; 250 bbls. Pork at 1s. 6d.; 200 tcs. Beef at 2s.; 200 pkgs. Lard at 10s.; and 10 tons Flour (Sago) at 12s. 6d. For other ports, no important engagements transpired.

Markets by Telegraph.

Cincinnati, Monday, May 9.

Flour buoyant; sales 1,600 bbls. at $6 80@$6 90. Whisky—Sales 1,000 bbls. at 26c. Bacon buoyant, at 7c. for Shoulders and 9c. for Sides. Bulk Meats—Sales 200,000 ℔s. at 6c. for Shoulders and 8c. for Sides.

Albany, Monday, May 9.

Markets unsettled, and very little Flour or Grain here. There is no disposition to press sales of Flour, and transactions are confined to retail trade. Oats held high; 60c.@65c. are asked for good lots, but without buyers. Nothing but retail sales up to noon.

Baltimore, Monday, May 9.

Flour firm; Howard-street held at $7; no sales. Wheat firm: White, $1 70@$2; Red, $1 60@$1 70. Corn firm; White, 86c.@87c.; Yellow, 87c.@88c. Provisions firm. Bacon—Sides, 9½c. Mess Pork, $17 25. Whisky advanced; Ohio, 30c.; City, 29c.

Philadelphia, Monday, May 9.

Flour tends upward, but is unsettled under the *Anglo-Saxon's* news; sales at $6 75@$7 25. Wheat active and 3c. higher; Western Red, $1 70. Corn advanced 2c.; sales of 5,000 bushels at 92c. for Yellow. Oats active at 58c. Whisky firm at 29c.@30c.

Buffalo, Monday, May 9.

Flour active and firm; sales 3,000 bbls., at $5 25@$5 37½ for State; $6 37½@$6 75 for a range of extra Western, and $7@$7 37½ for double extra. Wheat firm, and in fair demand; sales 22,000 bushels, at $1 03 for Chicago Spring; $1 25 for Milwaukee Club; $1 55 for red Ohio; $1 60 for prime white Indiana and Western. Corn in demand, at 82c.; sales 4,700 bushels. Oats firm, at 52c.@56c. for State, Western and Canadian. Barley dull, at 60c. Rye firm, at 87½c.@90c. Whisky nominal, at 26c. Canal Freights steady; 8c. on Corn; 9c. on Wheat; 33c. on Flour, to New-York. *Receipts*—500 bbls. Flour; 6,500 bushels Wheat; 16,900 bushels Corn. *Shipments*—6,618 bbls. Flour; 5,900 bushels Wheat; 21,400 bushels Corn.

Oswego, Monday, May 9.

Flour firm, and desirable brands rather scarce; sales 400 bbls., including 200 bbls. extra Ohio at $6 94. Wheat opened firm, but buyers were less anxious to operate before the steamer's news came in, which was not generally known till this afternoon. Sales before the news was known, 4,000 bushels Red Ohio at $1 55. Corn advanced 2c.@3c. on sound. Demand moderate for distilling and shipment East, with sales of 5,000 bushels good Illinois at 85c., and 10,000 bushels hot do. at 75c. Other grains quiet. *Lake Imports*—500 bbls. Flour, 1,000 bushels Wheat, 17,200 bushels Corn. *Canal Exports*—1,000 bushels Wheat and 6,000 bushels Corn.

Albany, Monday, May 9.

Flour firm at an advance of 10c.@20c., chiefly on middling grades. Sales 1,800 bbls. Choice Kentucky and Genesee selling at $8 50. No Wheat offering. Barley—Prices improved and supply very small. Sales 2,000 bbls. ordinary State at 70c. Oats held high, but no sales. Whisky 27½c. No Corn offering at buyers prices; 92c. were offered.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

Name.	Date.	Leaves	For
Africa	May 11	New-York	Liverpool
North Briton	May 14	Quebec	Liverpool
Glasgow	May 14	New-York	Glasgow.
Bremen	May 14	New-York	Southa'n.
Bavaria	May 16	New-York	Southa'n.
Niagara	May 18	Boston	Liverpool
United Kingdom	May 18	Quebec	Glasgow.
Anglo Saxon	May 21	Quebec	Liverpool
Kangaroo	May 21	New-York	Liverpool
Ocean Queen	May 21	New-York	South'n.
Persia	May 25	New York	Liverpool
Vigo	May 28	New York	Cork.
Arago	May 28	New-York	Southa'n.
Nova Scotian	May 28	Quebec	Liverpool

FROM EUROPE.

Name.	Date.	Leaves	For
Kangaroo	April 27	Liverpool	New-York
Persia	April 30	Liverpool	New-York
Weser	April 30	Bremen	New-York
Adelaide	April 30	Galway	New-York
Nova Scotian	May 4	Liverpool	Quebec.
Arago	May 4	Southamp'n	New-York
Borussia	May 4	Southampt'n	New-York
Vigo	May 6	Cork	New-York
Canada	May 7	Liverpool	Boston.
North American	May 11	Liverpool	Quebec.
City of Baltimore	May 11	Liverpool	New-York
Vanderbilt	May 11	Southampt'n	New-York

FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

Name.	Date.	Leaves	For
Northern Light	May 10	New-York	Aspinwall
Coatzacoalcos	May 12	New-Orleans	Minatitlan

FOR MEXICO.

Name.	Date.	Leaves	For
Tennessee	May 15	New-Orleans	Vera Cruz

FOR HAVANA.

Name.	Date.	Leaves	For
Cahawba	May 12	New-York	Havana.
Isabel	May 12	Charleston	Havana.

Passengers Arrived.

In bark Diana, from Havana—S. K. G. Nellis, Hon. W. H. Rowe, Rev. D. M. Lawrence.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises	4 50	Sun sets	7 04	Moon s. A. M.	1 28

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook	1 46	Gov. Island	2 35	Hell Gate	3 57

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....MONDAY, May 9.

Cleared.

Steamer Novelty, Bell, Philadelphia, Briggs & Kirkpatrick.

Ships Indiana, Coffin, New-Orleans, W. T. Frost; Antarctic, Stouffer, Liverpool, Zerega & Co.

Barks Carlotta, Crowell, Brunswick, Peck & Church; M. E. Trout, Ames, Turk's Island, Metcalf & Duncan; Hungarian, Lockart, Cardenas, ——; Casco, McBean, Trinidad, G. S. Stevenson; Charm, Sleeper, New-Orleans, Metcalf & Duncan.

Brigs Atlantic, Merrill, Barbadoes, H. Trowbridge's Sons; Orilla, Griffin, Cardenas, H. Avery; Avon, Patton, Yarmouth, N. S., V. James; Lady Chapman, Crosser, Bermuda, Smith, Jones & Co.

Schooners Jonas Smith, Dayton, Wilmington, ——; Maria Jane, Crosby, Jacmel, E. Beck; Masonic, Perry, Bangor, R. P. Buck & Co.; R. H. Huntley, Hammond, Baltimore, Mailler, Lord & Quereau; F. Nickerson, Fulford, Charleston, Dollner & Potter; S. J. Waring, Smith, Savannah, McCready, Mott & Co.; Planet, Geoheagan, Edenton, Merrill & Abbott; Quivet, Kelly, Dennis, M. Taylor & Co.; J. A. Edwards, Sparks, Wilmington, ——; Wm. Hand, Scott, Fernandina, Van Brunt & Slaght; Ann Belle, Berry, Boston, J. H. Nickerson; Cherub, Bailey, Portland, ——; Jno. Roe, Hammond, Wilmington, D. C. Murray.

Sloop Merchant, Douglas, Derby, Conn., H. S. Bracket.

Arrived.

Steamship Columbia, Berry, Charleston 48 hours, with mdse. and passengers to Spofford, Tileston & Co. 8th inst., 5½ A. M., signalized steamship Marion, hence for Charleston; same day, 4½ P. M., steamship Florida, for Savannah.

U. S. frigate Sabine, Flag officer Wm. B. Shubrick, Montevedio March 24.

Steamer Chesapeake, Crowell, Portland, with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamer Locust Point, French, Baltimore, with mdse. to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamer Albany, Fowler, Providence, with mdse. to L. Kenny.

Steamer Curlew, Jones, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Ship Martin Luther, (of Searsport) Nichols, Liverpool 55 ds., with mdse. to master. Had very heavy weather most of the passage, stove bulwarks, &c.

Ship Arcy, Wilson, Baltimore and 40 hours from Cape Henry, in ballast to Ross Falkner.

Bark Helvetia, (Brem.,) Poppe, Bremen 36 ds., with mdse. and 160 passengers to E. Pavenstadt & Co. Sld. in co. with Bremen ship Roland, for New-York. April 25, lat. 44 30, lon. 56, signalized Br. bark Oromocto, Webster, from Leith for New-York. 1st inst., lat. 41 40, lon. 62 22, signalized ship Ida Russell, stg. E. 6th inst., lat. 40 36, lon. 69 23, exchanged signals with steamships Circassian and Jura, the former hence for Galway, and the latter hence for Liverpool. Crossed the Banks in lat. 45; saw several large icebergs. Had 1 birth.

Bark Sarah B. Snow, (of Boston,) Biggins, Whampoa Jan. 15, passed Anjier 31st, with teas, &c., to Cary & Co. May 8, lat. 38 16, lon. 73 19 passed several pieces of painted plank, and shortly afterward something having the appearance of the deck of a ship's house, with the ends of the plank broken, and carlines whole. The top was painted white, and the whole appeared to have been but a short time in the water.

Bark Albert Borsig, (Pruss.,) Wagner, Leghorn 55 ds., with marble and rags to master.

Bark Diana, (of Boston) Bagley, Havana 18 ds., with sugar, &c., to Nesmith & Sons. Has been 10 ds. N. of Hatteras, with N. E. winds.

Brig Wanderer, (Brem.,) Lehman, Rio Janeiro 52 ds., with coffee to Laportas & Co. The Ham. bark Emma sld. a few ds. previous for New-York. April 9, lat. 5 03 S., lon. 35 16, exchanged signals with an English double topsail schr., bound S. April 30, lat. 26 33, lon. 63 53, saw a schr's mast, belonging to a vessel of about 300 or 400 tons burden; had been cut off just above the deck and broken just below the tressel trees; had apparently been 2 or 3 months in the water.

Brig Sea Foam, Boerhan, Rio Hache April 19, with hides, &c., to Maitland, Phelps & Co.

Brig Cemanthe Hopkins, (of Eden,) Hopkins, Ponce, P. R., April 18, with sugar, &c., to J. V. Onatavia & Co. Had heavy weather; lost foretopmast and jib boom.

Brig Rosalia, (Sic.,) Signorolo, Palermo 70 ds., with fruit to Lawrence, Giles & Co.

Brig Vivid, (Br.,) Mann, Sagua April 25, with sugar to Whitman Bros. The bark Trojan, for New-York, sld. same day; also, brigs Morning Light and Maria, for do.

Brig Judge Whitman, Pressey, Calais 8 ds., with lumber to master.

Brig Rush, Plummer, Gibraltar April 9, with nuts, wood, &c., to Giro & Francia.

Brig Hampton, (of Bangor,) Wiswell, Santos March 26, with coffee to Brett, Son & Co. Left no Am. vessels.

Brig Thos. Denison, (of Norwich,) Hathaway, Barrel Stake, Ga., 22 ds., with sugar and molasses to Norman Jackson. Been 11 ds. N. of Hatteras with N. E. winds.

Schr. Emily Kerr, (Baltimore,) Martin, Porto Cabello April 19 with coffee and hides to Rising & Co. Experienced heavy easterly weather the entire passage, stove bulwarks, &c. 9th inst., at 12½ A. M., while coming up the Lower Bay went ashore on the west Bank, where she laid until about 1 P. M., when, after discharging a portion of her cargo into a lighter, succeeded in getting off with very trifling damage—was towed to the City. Sld. in co. with bark White Wing, for Philadelphia.

Schr. New Regulus, Dayton, Providence 2 ds., in ballast to master. While coming down the East River was run into by the schr. Marcus, which carried away her bowsprit. The M. split sails, stove bulwarks and received other damage.

Schr. Chara, (of Harrington,) Putnam, Jacmel 19 ds., with logwood, mahogany and coffee to Brett, Son & Co. The brig Ann, Booth, sld. next day for New-York, and spoke her on the 25th of April off Cape St. Nicola Mole. The C. had N. E. winds most of the passage; was 6 ds. N. of Hatteras with calms.

Schr. Geo. Dummer, Jr., Chambers, Virginia 2 ds., with wood.

Schr. Hamilton, Ogden, Georgetown, D. C., 10 ds., with flour, &c., to Abbott Dodge & Co.

Schr. Geo. Davis, Davis, Wilmington, N. C., 10 ds., with naval stores to Dunham & Dimon.

Schr. Plymouth Rock, Norris, Boston 3 ds., with mdse. to Dayton & Sprague.

Schr. George W. Snow, Torry, Calais 7 ds., with lumber to Jed Frye.

Schr. Boundary, Blunt, Machias 8 ds., with lumber to Simpson & Mayhew.

Schr. Judge Runyon, Ross, New-Brunswick, with coal, bound to Hartford.

Schr. Millard Fillmore, Woolsey, Wilmington, N. C., 8 ds., with naval stores to McCready, Mott & Co.

Schr. Enchantress, Jayne, Savannah 10 ds., with cotton, &c., to McCready, Mott & Co. Had heavy N. E. winds most of the passage.

Schr. Smithsonian, Van Brunt, Wilmington, N. C., 9 ds., with naval stores to Jonas Smith & Co. Experienced heavy weather—split mainsail, &c.

Schr. R. W. Brown, Andrews, Wilmington, N. C., 8 ds., with naval stores to Jonas Smith & Co.

Schr. John N. Genin, Halleck, Indianola 20 ds., with cotton, hides, &c., to McCready, Mott & Co.

Schr. C. S. Watson, Robbins, Newbern, N. C., 8 ds., with naval stores to Jonas Smith & Co.

Schr. Peru, Thomas, Red Beach, Me., with plaster to Brett, Son & Co.

Schr. Halcyon, Freeman, Franklin, Me., with timber to Brett, Son & Co.

Schr. Bangor, Jordan, Ellsworth, with timber to Brett, Son & Co.

Schr. Marmora, Hodgen, Port Ewen, with coal, bound to Bangor.

Schr. River Queen, Reynolds, Providence 3 ds., mdse.

Schr. J. Goodspeed, Warren, Norwich 2 ds.

Schr. Nelson Hall, Hall, Portland 2 ds., with stone.

Schr. S. S. Buckingham, ——, Portland 2 ds., stone.

Schr. E. A. Conklin, Souper, Virginia 2 ds., wood.

Schr. Jane A. Hoyt, Loynes, Virginia 4 ds., with wood.

Schr. Orletta, Simmons, Baltimore 2 ds., with coal.

Schr. Wm. Bacon, Tyler, Baltimore 8 ds., with coal.

Schr. P. Hooper, ——, Suffolk 2 ds., with shingles.

Schr. Wm. D. Cargill, Hawkins, Alexandria 4 ds., coal.

Schr. Ira Bliss, Mathews, Virginia 2 ds., with wood.

Schr. J. J. Spencer, Dole, Baltimore 4 ds., with coal.

Schr. Only Son, Smith, Warren, 2 ds., in ballast.

Schr. R. H. Parker, Parker, Virginia, with wood.

Schr. Corvo, Holbrook, Rockland 4 ds., lime to master.

Schr. Lavinia Hopkins, Sharrott, Virginia.

Schr. Hill Carter, Fish, Baltimore 3 ds., with coal.

Schr. C. T. Dix, Ross, Virginia 2 ds., with corn.

Schr. Delaware, Ross, Virginia 2 ds., with corn.

Schr. A. P. Upshur, Wishardt, Virginia.

Schr. John Right, May, Portland 2 ds., with stone.

Sloop Vigilant, Heath, Providence 2 ds.

Sloop Rienzi, Briggs, Providence 2 ds.

Sloop Orlever, Ames, Taunton, 3 ds., with mdse.

Sloop Sophia, Jones, Virginia.

Sloop H. Britton, Bush, Virginia.

Sloop M. B. Corbitt, Post, Virginia.

Sloop Warren, Stannard, New-Haven 2 ds., with molasses to Burdick & Frisbie.

Sloop Thomas Hull, Hull, Providence 2 ds., with mdse. to master.

Sloop Gleaner, Dodge, Norwich, 2 ds., with mdse.

WIND—During the day S. W.; sunset N. and squally.

By Telegraph.

NEWPORT, May 7—Arr. this day, brigs Mary Cobb, Montgomery, Fall River for Rockland; Roamer, Wyman, Providence for Cardenas; schrs. J. Rusling, Coleman, Somerset, of and for New-York; Benj. Brown, Ingraham, Warren, New-York; Samuel Hall, Padelford, Taunton, New-York; Senator, Rackett, Elizabethport, to dischg.; Hickman, Dickerson, East Greenwich, for Philadelphia; E. S. Willard, New-York for Boston, (and sld.,) Protection Coll, New-York for Salem, (and sld.;) sloops Neptune, Hait, Fall River for Elizabethport; Oliver Ames, French, Taunton, New-York; Lewis B. Baker, Baker, Providence, New-York; Samuel Hall, Tillotson, Pawtucket for New-York; Deception, Smith, Pawtucket for New-York.

In port—Brig Financier, Haskell, Providence for New-York or Calais, according to wind; schrs. Roanoke, Jones, Taunton for New-York; Vintage, Coleman, Boston for Albany; James Bayles, Thompson, Philadelphia; Emily C. Dennison, ——, Philadelphia; Jane Haskell, Providence for New-York; Susan and Jane, Pickering, Providence for Calais; Medford, Veazie, Bangor for New-York; Diadem, Ludlam, Fall River for Elizabethport; Sea Bird, Chace, Fall River for New-York; Oliver, Spelman, Spelman, Providence for Albany; bark Martha Anna, Babcock, Cardenas, dischg.; schrs. Takir, Potter, Sagua, dischg.; Flyaway, Davis, Delaware City, dischg.; C. Carroll, Pratt, Delaware City, dischg.; Henry Clay, Delano, New-Bedford for Albany; E. H. Adams, Adams, New-Bedford for Baltimore; Watchman, Teele, Calais, dischg.; Fashion, Bundick, for New-Shoreham; also in port, the arrivals of the day. All others have sailed.

Dutch Island Harbor—In port 7th, schrs. Ontario, Van Gilder, ——; Harriet Gardner, Brightman, ——; Shenandoah, Hewitt, ——; Eliza Pharo Cranmer, all Providence for Philadelphia; Thomas Winans, Davis, Somerset for Petersburgh, Va., and sailed; Ann S. Brown, Brown, Dighton for Alexandria; Joseph Peters, Yates, Roxbury for Philadelphia; Beniah, Harson, Somerset for Alexandria; Eliza and Rebecca, Price, Charlestown for Philadelphia; W. W. Brainard, Bowditch, Providence for Greenport, (and sld.;) Isabella Thompson, Boston for Philadelphia; Hannah Warwick, Shropshire, Providence for Alexandria; also sld., sloop C. Hadden, Plumb, Providence for New-York.

PHILADELPHIA, May 9.—Arr. ship John Trucks, Calcutta; barks White Wing, Porto Cabello; Mary Ridley, (Br.) Messina; Reindeer, Matanzas; John Carver, Cardenas; Norwegian brig Victoria, Bordeaux; schr. Levering, Cape Haytien.—Below, ship Zered, supposed from Londonderry.

HAMPTON ROADS, May 9.—Arr. Danish brig Ceres one hundred days from Callao.

Miscellaneous.

The ship John Fyfe, recently ashore on the S. W. Spit, came off this morning, at 1 o'clock, and was towed up to the City.

Key West, April 26.—The brig Sea Lark, Coffin, from Jamaica, bound to New-York, came into this port yesterday, with captain and crew sick and vessel leaking. The brig A. Avery sailed yesterday afternoon. The wreckers cannot save any more cotton from the ship Mulhouse until she breaks up.

The bark Chevallie, from Rio Janeiro, Sunday night, reports: March 23, Samuel Thomas, a seaman of Philadelphia, died. April 1st, Thomas Doyle, a seaman of Dublin, died.

Spoken, &c.

Armorial—ship, from Liverpool for Havana, April 29, lat. 24 02 N., lon. 81 09.

Crimea—ship, (of Kennebunk,) 8 ds. from New-Orleans for Liverpool.

Chas. Dupin—Fr. clipper ship, was seen, stg. S. S. W., April 4, lat. 13 10 S., lon. 35 48.

Francois Joseph de Marseilles—Fr. ship, 72 ds. from Marseilles for Rio Janeiro, March 29, lat. 24 04 S., lon. 37 06.

Gen. Warren—bark, of and from Boston for Berbice, May 3, lat. 30 33, lon. 69.

Renry D. Mears—(of Baltimore,) hence for Rio Grande, 32 ds. out, March 29, lat. 21 04 S., lon. 37 09 W.

Cerneu—Nor. brig, 37 ds. from Montevedio for Falmouth, Eng., for orders, April 8, lat. 6 43 S., lon. 34 34.

Pilot's Bride—schr., (of City Island) 10 ds. hence for Barbadoes, April 29, lat. 25 25, lon. 63 40.

Sagamore—ship, stg. W., was seen, April 2, lat. 46, lon. 25.

Volant—bark, bd. S., exchanged signals with, March 15, lat. 34 44 S., lon. 14 39 E.

Shipping Intelligence.

[PER ANGLO SAXON.]

Arrived from New-York—April 11, Zephyr, at Cadiz; 12th, Sutton, at do.

Arrived from New-Orleans—April 21, Arlington, at Marseilles.

Sailed for New York—April 20, Sterling, from Cuxhaven; Dorett, Harmony and J. Ahlers from Bremen; 23d, James Smith, from Liverpool; 24th, Jamestown, from do.; 25th, Belle Wood, from do.; 26th, London, from Deal.

Sailed for New-Orleans—April 20, India from Cuxhaven.

Sailed for Baltimore—April 25, Ernestine from Portland; 26th, R. C. Winthrop from Liverpool.

Sailed for Boston—April 25, Marthine from Liverpool.

Memoranda.—The Claremount from Falmouth to Aden, put into Table Bay on the 7th April, the crew being mutinous.

The John H. Ryerson, from Antwerp to Trieste, ran ashore on the Verde Sandbank on the 17th April.

The Charlotte, from Cadis to New-York, put into Lisbon on the 25th April leaky.

The Achilles, ashore near Lewrick, has been offered for sale.

The cargo of the Sanda, ashore on Sanda, will probably be saved.

Sandy Hook, May 9, Sunset.—No inward bound vessels in sight. Ship Cherubim for San Francisco, passed the Bar at 2 P. M. Wind light from SS. W. Weather hazy.

Highlands, May 9, Sunset—One brig south of the Highlands, bound in. Wind light S.

Squam, May 9, Sunset.—Wind light from S. Weather so thick that nothing can be seen any distance from the Beach.

[PER ADELAIDE.]

Arrived from New York—April 20th, St. Pietro at Naples.

Arrived from Boston—March 3d, Water Witch at Anjier.

Sailed for New York—March 12th, Eagle Wing from Hong Kong; April 27th, Pomona from Liverpool.

The John K. Ryerson ashore on the "Vadia," has been got off and towed into Leghorn.

The Wm. Sturgis, from Calcutta for Boston, got aground March 31st, but returned to Calcutta very leaky.

Foreign Ports.

At Sagua, April 25, barks F. H. Fanning, for New-York, ldg., to sail in a few days.; Iddo Kimball, do. do.; Damon, do. do.; Exeter, do. do.

At Rio Hache, April 19, brig Matilda, of Boston, for New-York in a few ds.

At Rio Janeiro, March 18, barks Johanna Elise, (Ham.,) Wieborg, for New-York about March 20; Amalie, (Brem.,) Habert, do. do.

At Jacmel, April 21, schr. J. W. Nickerson, for New-York 16th.

At Porto Cabello, April 19, schr. Peerless, for Baltimore in 10 ds.

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